# IsoSplitter<sup>®</sup> DC to DC Signal Splitter/Isolator/Transmitter

# APD 4393

**Removable Plugs** 

Actual Size

1 Input: 0-10 mV to 0-100 V. ±50 mV to ±10 V. 0-1 mA to 0-50 mA. 4-20 mA 0-1 mA to 25 mA, 4-20 mA 2 Outputs: 0-1 V to 0-10 V, ±1 V to ±10 V, One Input to Two Outputs with Full Isolation Zero and Span for Each Output IFÉTIME Full 1200 V Input/Output /Power Isolation ARRANT Input and Output LoopTracker® LEDs **Output Test Button for Each Channel** Built-In Loop Power Supplies for Sink/Source I/O Applications Split, Convert, Boost, and Rescale Process Signals Split Process Signals for Control and Validation Interface a Process Signal with Multiple Panel Meters, PLCs, Recorders, Data Acq., DCS, & SCADA Systems Input Ranges Factory ranged, please specify Voltage: 0-10 mVDC to 0-100 VDC **Quick Link Bipolar Voltage:** ±50 mVDC to ±10 VDC api-usa.com/4393 0-1 mADC to 0-50 mADC, 4-20 mADC Current: Input Impedance and Burden 200 k $\Omega$  minimum Voltage: Current: 50 O typical 1.25 VDC max. at 20 mA current input Voltage Burden: Input Loop Power Supply 15 VDC ±10%, regulated, 25 mADC May be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing mA input LoopTracker Variable brightness LEDs indicate I/O loop level and status One for input, one for each output **Output Ranges** Factory ranged, please specify for each output channel 0-1 VDC to 0-10 VDC, 10 mA max Voltage: up to 20 VDC with M19, M29, M39 Dimensions ±1 VDC to ±10 VDC **Bipolar Voltage:** 1.78" W x 4.62" H x 4.81" D Current: 0-1 mADC to 0-25 mADC, 4-20 mADC 20 V compliance. 1000  $\Omega$  at 20 mA **Output Linearity** Description Better than ±0.1% of span **Output Zero and Span** Multi-turn zero and span potentiometers for each output channel to compensate for load and lead variations ±15% of span adjustment range typical **Output Loop Power Supplies** One for each output channel 20 VDC nominal, regulated, 25 mADC May be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing mA output **Output Ripple and Noise** Less than 10 mV<sub>BMS</sub> Output Functional Test Front buttons set each output to test level when pressed Each test level potentiometer adjustable 0-100% of span noise pickup reduction. **Response Time** 70 milliseconds typical DF option with input range ≤20 VDC: 10 msec DF option with input range >20 VDC: 25 msec **Common Mode Rejection** 120 dB minimum Isolation How to Order Full 4-way isolation: input 1, output 1, output 2, power 1200 VRMs minimum Ambient Temperature Range and Stability -10°C to +60°C operating ambient Input range Channel 1 output range Better than ±0.04% of span per °C stability **Channel 2 output range** Power 80-265 VAC or 48-300 VDC, 6 W maximum See options at right D versions: 9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC 50/60 Hz. 6 W maximum Housing IP 40, mounts to standard 35 mm DIN rail Connectors

Sink or Source mA Output for Each Channel Output LoopTracker LED for Each Channel 12 14 15 16 13 Adjustable Output Test Function for annel 2 Fach Channel Zero and Span for Each Channel Input LoopTracker APD 4393 I FD DC to DC Isolated Signal Splitte 18 20 Custom I/O Ranges Connect Sink or Source mA Input

45 mm W x 117 mm H x 122 mm D

device separation and redundancy (i.e. to prevent failure of the entire loop if one device fails), or a combination of these

through an opto-coupler to the output stages. Full 4-way isolation (input, output 1, output 2, power) make this module useful for ground loop elimination, common mode signal rejection, and

for the input channel and 20 VDC loop excitation supplies for each output channel. These power supplies can be selectively

Models are factory ranged. See I/O ranges above left. Please specify ranges and options on order

	Model	Description	Power
	APD 4393	lsoSplitter 1 input to 2 outputs	80-265 VAC or 48-300 VDC
	APD 4393 D		9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC

### LoopTracker

API exclusive features include three LoopTracker LEDs (green for input, red for each output) that vary in intensity with changes in the process input and output signals.

These provide a quick visual picture of your process loop at all times and can greatly aid in saving time during initial startup and troubleshooting.

### **Output Test**

An API exclusive feature includes output test buttons for each channel to provide a fixed output (independent of the input) when held depressed. A test button is provide for each output channel. The output test greatly aids in saving time during initial startup and/or troubleshooting.

The test output level for each channel is potentiometer adjustable from 0 to 100% of the output span. Terminals are provided to operate the test functions remotely for each channel. This also allows use as a remote manual override to provide a temporary fixed output if desired.

### **Options and Accessories**

Options-add to end of model number

- Channel 1 I/O reversal (ie. 4-20 mA in to 20-4 mA out) **R1**
- R2 Channel 2 I/O reversal (ie. 4-20 mA in to 20-4 mA out)
- **R**3 Channel 1 and channel 2 I/O reversal
- M19 Channel 1 high voltage output >10 V up to 20 V
- M29 Channel 2 high voltage output >10 V up to 20 V
- M39 Channel 1 and channel 2 high voltage output
- DF Fast response time
- п Conformal coating for moisture resistance

## Accessories—order as separate line item

API TK36 DIN rail, 35 mm W x 39" L, aluminum API BP4 Spare removable 4 terminal plug, black

14 AWG max wire size

Eight 4-terminal removable connectors

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Height includes connectors

The APD 4393 IsoSplitter accepts a DC voltage or current input and provides two optically isolated DC voltage or current outputs that are linearly related to the input. The input range and each output range are independent and can be specified as required. This provides an economical solution when one signal must be sent to two different devices.

Typical applications include isolation, output splitting, output

The input signal is filtered, amplified, split, and then passed

# I/O Sink/Source Versatility

Standard on the APD 4393 are a 15 VDC loop excitation supply wired for sinking or sourcing allowing use with any combination of powered or unpowered milliamp I/O devices.

# Instructions

### **Electrical Connections**

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified electrician or instrumentation engineer. See diagrams at right. Consult factory for assistance.

Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before connecting or disconnecting wiring.

Polarity must be observed for signal wiring connections. If the input and/or output do not function, check wiring and polarity.

Each product is factory configured to your exact input and output ranges as indicated on the white serial number label. Check label for module operating voltage to make sure it

matches available power. The power supplies are fuse protected and the unit may be returned to API for fuse replacement.

For milliamp ranges determine if your devices provide power to the current loop or if the loop must be powered by the APD module. Typical voltage may be 9-24 VDC at your device's terminals if it provides power to the loop.

Type of Device for Output Channel 1	– Terminal	+ Terminal
Measuring or recording device accepts a voltage input.	3 (–)	4 (+)
Measuring/recording device accepts a mA (current) input and the input is unpowered or passive. APD module provides the loop power.	3 ()	4 (+20 V)
Measuring or recording device accepts a mA (current) input and provides power to the current loop.	2 (–)	3 (+)

Type of Device for Output Channel 2	– Terminal	+ Terminal
Measuring or recording device accepts a voltage input.	7 (-)	8 (+)
Measuring/recording device accepts a mA (current) input and the input is unpowered or passive. APD module provides the loop power.	7 (_)	8 (+20 V)
Measuring or recording device accepts a mA (current) input and provides power to the current loop.		7 <mark>(+)</mark>

Type of Input Device	– Terminal	+ Terminal
Sensor or transmitter with a volt- age output.	17 (–)	19 <mark>(+)</mark>
Transmitter with a mA (current) output that provides power to the current loop. Typically a 3 or 4-wire device.	17 (–)	19 <mark>(+)</mark>
Transmitter with mA (current) output that is unpowered. Typically a 2-wire device. APD module pro- vides loop power.	19 (–)	18 (+15 V)

### Mounting

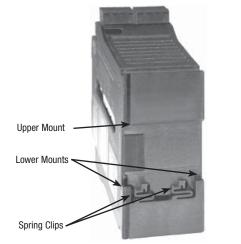
The housing clips to a standard 35 mm DIN rail. The housing is IP40 rated and should be mounted inside a panel or enclosure. See illustration above right.

- 1. Tilt front of module downward and position the lower mounts and spring clips against the bottom edge of DIN rail.
- 2. Push front of module upward until upper mount snaps into place.

#### Removal

Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before removing module.

- 1. Push up on bottom back of module.
- 2. Tilt front of module downward to release upper mount from top edge of DIN rail.
- 3. The module can now be removed from the DIN rail.



### Calibration

Front-mounted Zero and Span potentiometers for each channel can be used to compensate for load and lead variations.

- 1. Apply power to the module and allow a minimum 30 minute warm up time.
- Using an accurate calibration source, provide an input to the module equal to the minimum input required for the application.
- 3. Using an accurate measurement device for the output, adjust the Zero potentiometer for the exact minimum output desired. The Zero control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its minimum. This will produce the corresponding minimum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output, the Zero control will provide adjustment for the 4 mA or low end of the signal.
- 4. Set the input at maximum, and then adjust the Span pot for the exact maximum output desired. The Span control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its maximum. This will produce the corresponding maximum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output, the Span control will provide adjustment for the 20 mA or high end of the signal.
- 5. Repeat adjustments for maximum accuracy.
- 6. Repeat adjustments for second channel.

### **Output Test Function**

When the Test button is depressed it will drive the output with a known good signal that can be used as a diagnostic aid during initial start-up or troubleshooting. When released, the output will return to normal.

The Test Cal. potentiometer is factory set to approximately 50% output. It can be adjusted to set the test output from 0 to 100% of the output span. Press and hold the Test button and adjust the Test Cal. potentiometer for the desired output level. They may optionally be externally wired for remote test operation or a manual override. See wiring diagram at right.

### Operation

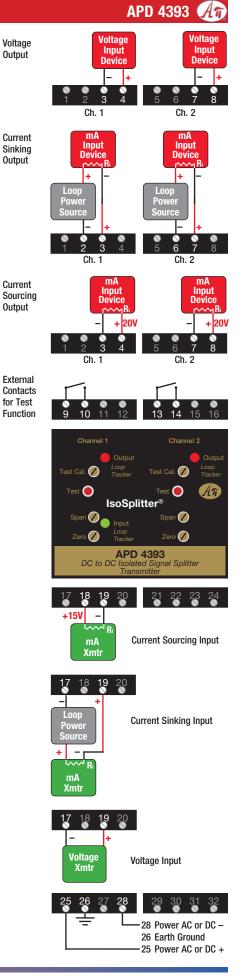
The APD 4393 accepts a DC voltage or current input and provides two optically isolated DC voltage or current outputs that are linearly related to the input.

The green LoopTracker<sup>®</sup> input LED provides a visual indication that a signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. It also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum.

If the LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, check the module power or signal input wiring. Note that it may be difficult to see the LEDs under bright lighting conditions.

The two red LoopTracker output LEDs provide a visual indication that the output signals are functioning. They become brighter as the input and each corresponding output change from minimum to maximum.

For a current output the red LED will only light if the output loop current path is complete. For either current or voltage outputs, failure to illuminate or a failure to change in intensity as the process changes may indicate a problem with the module power or signal output wiring.



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