

## AB Allen-Bradley

## Power

Adjustable Frequency AC Drive Series B

Firmware Versions 4.001

User Manual

## Important User Information

Solid state equipment has operational characteristics differing from those of electromechanical equipment. Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation and Maintenance of Solid State Controls (Publication SGI-1.1 available from your local Rockwell Automation sales office or www.rockwellautomation.com/literature) describes some important differences between solid state equipment and hard-wired electromechanical devices. Because of this difference, and also because of the wide variety of uses for solid state equipment, all persons responsible for applying this equipment must satisfy themselves that each intended application of this equipment is acceptable.
In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.
The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.
No patent liability is assumed by Rockwell Automation, Inc. with respect to use of information, circuits, equipment, or software described in this manual.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.

$\triangle$
WARNING: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.

Important: Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

ATTENTION: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you:

- identify a hazard
- avoid the hazard
- recognize the consequences


Shock Hazard labels may be located on or inside the equipment (e.g., drive or motor) to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.


Burn Hazard labels may be located on or inside the equipment (e.g., drive or motor) to alert people that surfaces may be at dangerous temperatures.

[^0]| Preface | Overview | Who Should Use this Manual? . . . . . . . . . P-1  <br> What Is Not in this Manual . . . . . . . . . . . P-1 <br> Reference Materials . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . P-2 <br> Manual Conventions . . . . . . . . . . . . . . P-3 <br> Drive Frame Sizes . . . . . . . . . . . . . P-3 <br> General Precautions . . . . . . . . . . . . P-4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chapter 1 | Installation/Wiring | Opening the Cover . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1-1$ <br> Mounting Considerations . . . . . . . . . $1-2$ <br> AC Supply Source Considerations . . . . . $1-4$ <br> General Grounding Requirements . . . . . . $1-5$ <br> Fuses and Circuit Breakers . . . . . . . . . . . . $1-5$ <br> Power Wiring . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1-12$ <br> Using Input/Output Contactors . . . . .  <br> Disconnecting MOV and CM Capars $1-13$ <br> I/O Wiring . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1-15$ <br> Reference Control . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1-21$ <br> Auto/Manual Examples. . . . . . . . . . . $1-23$ <br> Lifting/Torque Proving . . . . . . . . . $1-23$ <br> Common Bus/Precharge Notes . . . . . . . $1-24$ |
| Chapter 2 | Start Up | Prepare For Drive Start-Up . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $2-1$ <br> Status Indicators . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $2-3$ <br> Start-Up Routines . . . . . . . .  <br> Running S.M.A.R.T. Start. . . . . . . . . $2-4$ <br> Running an Assisted Start Up . . . . . . . . $2-4$ |
| Chapter 3 | Programming and Parameters |  |
| Chapter 4 | Troubleshooting |  |

Appendix A Supplemental Specifications ..... A-1
Drive Information Communication Configurations ..... A-5
Output Devices ..... A-8
Drive, Fuse \& Circuit Breaker Ratings ..... A-8
Dimensions ..... A-17
Frame Cross Reference ..... A-27
Appendix B HIM Overview External and Internal Connections ..... B-1
LCD Display Elements ..... B-2
ALT Functions ..... B-2
Menu Structure ..... B-3
Viewing and Editing Parameters ..... B-5
Linking Parameters ..... B-6
Removing/Installing the HIM ..... B-8
Appendix C Application Notes Adjustable Voltage Operation ..... C-1
External Brake Resistor ..... C-3
Lifting/Torque Proving ..... C-4
Limit Switches for Digital Inputs ..... C-11
Minimum Speed ..... C-12
Motor Control Technology ..... C-12
Motor Overload ..... C-14
Overspeed ..... C-16
Position Indexer/Speed Profiler ..... C-17
Power Loss Ride Through ..... C-27
Process PID ..... C-28
Reverse Speed Limit ..... C-32
Skip Frequency ..... C-33
Sleep Wake Mode ..... C-35
Start At PowerUp ..... C-37
Stop Mode ..... C-38
Voltage Tolerance ..... C-42

## Overview

The purpose of this manual is to provide you with the basic information needed to install, start-up and troubleshoot the PowerFlex 700 Adjustable Frequency AC Drive.

| For information on $\ldots$ | See page $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Who Should Use this Manual? | $\mathrm{P}-1$ |
| What Is Not in this Manual | $\underline{P-1}$ |
| Reference Materials | $\underline{P-2}$ |
| Manual Conventions | $\mathrm{P}-2$ |
| Drive Frame Sizes | $\mathrm{P}-3$ |
| General Precautions | $\mathrm{P}-3$ |
| Catalog Number Explanation | $\mathrm{P}-4$ |

## Who Should Use this Manual?

This manual is intended for qualified personnel. You must be able to program and operate Adjustable Frequency AC Drive devices. In addition, you must have an understanding of the parameter settings and functions.

## What Is Not in this Manual

The PowerFlex 700 User Manual is designed to provide only basic start-up information. For detailed drive information, please refer to the PowerFlex Reference Manual. The reference manual is included on the CD supplied with your drive or is also available online at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature.

## Reference Materials

The following manuals are recommended for general drive information:

| Title | Publication | Available Online at ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives | DRIVES-IN001... | www.rockwellautomation.com/ literature |
| Preventive Maintenance of Industrial Control and Drive System Equipment | DRIVES-TD001... |  |
| Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation and Maintenance of Solid State Control | SGI-1.1 |  |
| A Global Reference Guide for Reading Schematic Diagrams | 100-2.10 |  |
| Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage | 8000-4.5.2 |  |

For detailed PowerFlex 700 information:

| Title | Publication | Available ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PowerFlex <br> Reference Manual | PFLEX-RM001... | on the CD supplied with the drive or at <br> www.rockwellautomation.com/literature |

For Allen-Bradley Drives Technical Support:

| Title | Online at ... |
| :--- | :--- |
| Allen-Bradley Drives Technical Support | www.ab.com/support/abdrives |

## Manual Conventions

- In this manual we refer to the PowerFlex 700 Adjustable Frequency AC Drive as; drive, PowerFlex 700 or PowerFlex 700 Drive.
- To help differentiate parameter names and LCD display text from other text, the following conventions will be used:
- Parameter Names will appear in [brackets].

For example: [DC Bus Voltage].

- Display Text will appear in "quotes." For example: "Enabled."
- The following words are used throughout the manual to describe an action:

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| Can | Possible, able to do something |
| Cannot | Not possible, not able to do something |
| May | Permitted, allowed |
| Must | Unavoidable, you must do this |
| Shall | Required and necessary |
| Should | Recommended |
| Should Not | Not recommended |

## Drive Frame Sizes

Similar PowerFlex 700 drive sizes are grouped into frame sizes to simplify spare parts ordering, dimensioning, etc. A cross reference of drive catalog numbers and their respective frame size is provided in Appendix A.

## General Precautions



ATTENTION: This drive contains ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive parts and assemblies. Static control precautions are required when installing, testing, servicing or repairing this assembly. Component damage may result if ESD control procedures are not followed. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, reference A-B publication 8000-4.5.2, "Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage" or any other applicable ESD protection handbook.


ATTENTION: An incorrectly applied or installed drive can result in component damage or a reduction in product life. Wiring or application errors, such as, undersizing the motor, incorrect or inadequate AC supply, or excessive ambient temperatures may result in malfunction of the system.


ATTENTION: Only qualified personnel familiar with adjustable frequency AC drives and associated machinery should plan or implement the installation, start-up and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to comply may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.


ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged before performing any work on the drive. Measure the DC bus voltage at the +DC \& -DC terminals of the Power Terminal Block (refer to Chapter 1 for location). The voltage must be zero.


ATTENTION: Risk of injury or equipment damage exists. DPI or SCANport host products must not be directly connected together via 1202 cables. Unpredictable behavior can result if two or more devices are connected in this manner.


ATTENTION: An incorrectly applied or installed bypass system can result in component damage or reduction in product life. The most common causes are:

- Wiring AC line to drive output or control terminals.
- Improper bypass or output circuits not approved by Allen-Bradley.
- Output circuits which do not connect directly to the motor.

Contact Allen-Bradley for assistance with application or wiring.

ATTENTION: The "adjust freq" portion of the bus regulator function is extremely useful for preventing nuisance overvoltage faults resulting from aggressive decelerations, overhauling loads, and eccentric loads. It forces the output frequency to be greater than commanded frequency while the drive's bus voltage is increasing towards levels that would otherwise cause a fault. However, it can also cause either of the following two conditions to occur.

1. Fast positive changes in input voltage (more than a $10 \%$ increase within 6 minutes) can cause uncommanded positive speed changes. However an "OverSpeed Limit" fault will occur if the speed reaches [Max Speed] + [Overspeed Limit]. If this condition is unacceptable, action should be taken to 1) limit supply voltages within the specification of the drive and, 2) limit fast positive input voltage changes to less than $10 \%$. Without taking such actions, if this operation is unacceptable, the "adjust freq" portion of the bus regulator function must be disabled (see parameters 161 and 162).
2. Actual deceleration times can be longer than commanded deceleration times. However, a "Decel Inhibit" fault is generated if the drive stops decelerating altogether. If this condition is unacceptable, the "adjust freq" portion of the bus regulator must be disabled (see parameters 161 and 162). In addition, installing a properly sized dynamic brake resistor will provide equal or better performance in most cases.
Important: These faults are not instantaneous. Test results have shown that they can take between 2-12 seconds to occur.

ATTENTION: Loss of control in suspended load applications can cause personal injury and/or equipment damage. Loads must always be controlled by the drive or a mechanical brake. Parameters 600-611 are designed for lifting/torque proving applications. It is the responsibility of the engineer and/or end user to configure drive parameters, test any lifting functionality and meet safety requirements in accordance with all applicable codes and standards.

## Catalog Number Explanation

The PowerFlex 700 catalog numbering scheme is shown on page $\mathrm{P}-5$.


Notes:

## Installation/Wiring

This chapter provides information on mounting and wiring the PowerFlex 700 Drive.

| For information on . . | See page |
| :--- | :--- |
| Opening the Cover | $1-1$ |
| Mounting Considerations | $1-2$ |
| AC Supply Source Considerations | $1-2$ |
| General Grounding Requirements | $1-4$ |
| Fuses and Circuit Breakers | $1-5$ |
| Power Wiring | $1-5$ |


| For information on. . | See page |
| :--- | :--- |
| Disconnecting MOVs and | $1-13$ |
| Common Mode Capacitors |  |
| $/ O$ Wiring | $1-15$ |
| Reference Control | $1-21$ |
| Auto/Manual Examples | $1-22$ |
| Litting/Torque Proving | $1-23$ |
| EMC Instructions | $1-24$ |

Most start-up difficulties are the result of incorrect wiring. Every precaution must be taken to assure that the wiring is done as instructed. All items must be read and understood before the actual installation begins.

ATTENTION: The following information is merely a guide for proper installation. The Allen-Bradley Company cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the noncompliance to any code, national, local or otherwise for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

## Opening the Cover



## Frames 0-4

Locate the slot in the upper left corner. Slide the locking tab up and swing the cover open. Special hinges allow cover to move away from drive and lay on top of adjacent drive (if present). See page 1-7 for frame 4 access panel removal.
Frame 5
Slide the locking tab up, loosen the right-hand cover screw and remove. See page 1-7 for access panel removal.
Frame 6
Loosen 2 screws at bottom of drive cover. Carefully slide bottom cover down \& out. Loosen the 2 screws at top of cover and remove.

## Mounting Considerations

## Operating Temperatures

PowerFlex 700 drives are designed to operate at $0^{\circ}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient.
To operate the drive in installations between $41^{\circ}$ and $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, see below.
Table 1.A Acceptable Surrounding Air Temperature \& Required Actions

| Drive Catalog <br> Number | Required Action... |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | IP 20, NEMA Type 1 ${ }^{(1)}$ | IP 20, NEMA Type Open | IP 00, NEMA Type Open |
|  | No Action Required | Remove Top Label $(2)$ | Remove Top Label \& Vent Plate ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| All Except 20BC072 | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | NA |
| 20 BC 072 | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ IP20 (NEMA Type 1) general purpose enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against contact with enclosed equipment. These enclosures offer no protection against airborne contaminants such as dust or water.
(2) Removing the adhesive top label from the drive changes the NEMA enclosure rating from Type 1 to Open type.
(3) To remove vent plate (see page A-22 for location), lift top edge of plate from the chassis. Rotate the plate out from the back plate.


## Minimum Mounting Clearances

Specified vertical clearance requirements are intended to be from drive to drive. Other objects can occupy this space; however, reduced airflow may cause protection circuits to fault the drive. In addition, inlet air temperature must not exceed the product specification.

## AC Supply Source Considerations

PowerFlex 700 drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering up to a maximum of $200,000 \mathrm{rms}$ symmetrical amperes, and a maximum of 600 volts.

ATTENTION: To guard against personal injury and/or equipment damage caused by improper fusing or circuit breaker selection, use only the recommended line fuses/circuit breakers specified in Appendix A.

If a system ground fault monitor (RCD) is to be used, only Type B (adjustable) devices should be used to avoid nuisance tripping.

## Unbalanced or Ungrounded Distribution Systems

If phase to ground voltage will exceed $125 \%$ of normal line to line voltage or the supply system is ungrounded, refer to the Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives (publication DRIVES-IN001).

ATTENTION: PowerFlex 700 drives contain protective MOVs and common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. These devices should be disconnected if the drive is installed on an ungrounded distribution system. See page 1-13 for jumper locations.

## Input Power Conditioning

Certain events on the power system supplying a drive can cause component damage or shortened product life. These conditions are divided into 2 basic categories:

## 1. All drives

- The power system has power factor correction capacitors switched in and out of the system, either by the user or by the power company.
- The power source has intermittent voltage spikes in excess of 6000 volts. These spikes could be caused by other equipment on the line or by events such as lightning strikes.
- The power source has frequent interruptions.


## 2. 5 HP or Less Drives (in addition to " 1 " above)

- The nearest supply transformer is larger than 100 kVA or the available short circuit (fault) current is greater than 100,000A.
- The impedance in front of the drive is less than $0.5 \%$.

If any or all of these conditions exist, it is recommended that the user install a minimum amount of impedance between the drive and the source. This impedance could come from the supply transformer itself, the cable between the transformer and drive or an additional transformer or reactor. The impedance can be calculated using the information supplied in Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives, publication DRIVES-IN001.

## General Grounding Requirements

The drive Safety Ground - PE must be connected to system ground.
Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be periodically checked.
For installations within a cabinet, a single safety ground point or ground bus bar connected directly to building steel should be used. All circuits including the AC input ground conductor should be grounded independently and directly to this point/bar.

Figure 1.1 Typical Grounding


## Safety Ground - PE

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. This point must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod or bus bar (see above). Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

## Shield Termination - SHLD

The Shield terminal (see Figure 1.3 on page 1-10) provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield should be connected to this terminal on the drive (drive end) and the motor frame (motor end). A shield terminating cable gland may also be used.
When shielded cable is used for control and signal wiring, the shield should be grounded at the source end only, not at the drive end.

## RFI Filter Grounding

Using an optional RFI filter may result in relatively high ground leakage currents. Therefore, the filter must only be used in installations with grounded AC supply systems and be permanently installed and solidly grounded (bonded) to the building power distribution ground. Ensure that the incoming supply neutral is solidly connected (bonded) to the same building power distribution ground. Grounding must not rely on flexible cables and should not include any form of plug or socket that would permit inadvertent disconnection. Some local codes may require redundant ground connections. The integrity of all connections should be periodically checked. Refer to the instructions supplied with the filter.

## Fuses and Circuit Breakers

The PowerFlex 700 can be installed with either input fuses or an input circuit breaker. National and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes may determine additional requirements for these installations. Refer to Appendix A for recommended fuses/circuit breakers.

ATTENTION: The PowerFlex 700 does not provide branch short circuit protection. Specifications for the recommended fuse or circuit breaker to provide protection against short circuits are provided in Appendix A.

## Power Wiring



ATTENTION: National Codes and standards (NEC, VDE, BSI etc.) and local codes outline provisions for safely installing electrical equipment. Installation must comply with specifications regarding wire types, conductor sizes, branch circuit protection and disconnect devices. Failure to do so may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

## Cable Types Acceptable for 200-600 Volt Installations

A variety of cable types are acceptable for drive installations. For many installations, unshielded cable is adequate, provided it can be separated from sensitive circuits. As an approximate guide, allow a spacing of 0.3 meters ( 1 foot) for every 10 meters ( 32.8 feet) of length. In all cases, long parallel runs must be avoided. Do not use cable with an insulation thickness less than or equal to $15 \mathrm{mils}(0.4 \mathrm{~mm} / 0.015 \mathrm{in}$.). Use Copper wire only. Wire gauge requirements and recommendations are based on 75 degrees C. Do not reduce wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.

## Unshielded

THHN, THWN or similar wire is acceptable for drive installation in dry environments provided adequate free air space and/or conduit fill rates limits are provided. Do not use THHN or similarly coated wire in wet areas. Any wire chosen must have a minimum insulation thickness of 15 Mils and should not have large variations in insulation concentricity.

## Shielded/Armored Cable

Shielded cable contains all of the general benefits of multi-conductor cable with the added benefit of a copper braided shield that can contain much of the noise generated by a typical AC Drive. Strong consideration for shielded cable should be given in installations with sensitive equipment such as weigh scales, capacitive proximity switches and other devices that may be affected by electrical noise in the distribution system. Applications with large numbers of drives in a similar location, imposed EMC regulations or a high degree of communications/ networking are also good candidates for shielded cable.

Shielded cable may also help reduce shaft voltage and induced bearing currents for some applications. In addition, the increased impedance of shielded cable may help extend the distance that the motor can be located from the drive without the addition of motor protective devices such as terminator networks. Refer to Reflected Wave in "Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives," publication DRIVES-IN001A-EN-P.

Consideration should be given to all of the general specifications dictated by the environment of the installation, including temperature, flexibility, moisture characteristics and chemical resistance. In addition, a braided shield should be included and be specified by the cable manufacturer as having coverage of at least $75 \%$. An additional foil shield can greatly improve noise containment.

A good example of recommended cable is Belden® 295xx (xx determines gauge). This cable has four (4) XLPE insulated conductors with a $100 \%$ coverage foil and an $85 \%$ coverage copper braided shield (with drain wire) surrounded by a PVC jacket.

Other types of shielded cable are available, but the selection of these types may limit the allowable cable length. Particularly, some of the newer cables twist 4 conductors of THHN wire and wrap them tightly with a foil shield. This construction can greatly increase the cable charging current required and reduce the overall drive performance. Unless specified in the individual distance tables as tested with the drive, these cables are not recommended and their performance against the lead length limits supplied is not known.
See Table 1.B.
Table 1.B Recommended Shielded Wire

| Location | Rating/Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standard | $600 \mathrm{~V}, 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | $\bullet$ Four tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. |
| (Option 1) | XHHW2/RHW-2 | -Copper braid/aluminum foil combination shield and <br> Anixter B209500-B209507, <br> Belden 29501-29507, or <br> Bequivalent copper drain wire. |
|  | - PVC jacket. |  |


| Location | Rating/Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard (Option 2) | Tray rated $600 \mathrm{~V}, 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $194^{\circ}$ F) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter OLF-7xxxxx or equivalent | - Three tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. <br> - 5 mil single helical copper tape ( $25 \%$ overlap min.) with three bare copper grounds in contact with shield. <br> - PVC jacket. |
| Class I \& II; Division I \& II | Tray rated $600 \mathrm{~V}, 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter 7V-7xxxx-3G or equivalent | - Three bare copper conductors with XLPE insulation and impervious corrugated continuously welded aluminum armor. <br> - Black sunlight resistant PVC jacket overall. <br> - Three copper grounds on \#10 AWG and smaller. |

## EMC Compliance

Refer to EMC Instructions on page 1-24 for details.

## Cable Trays and Conduit

If cable trays or large conduits are to be used, refer to the guidelines presented in the Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives, publication DRIVES-IN001.

ATTENTION: To avoid a possible shock hazard caused by induced voltages, unused wires in the conduit must be grounded at both ends. For the same reason, if a drive sharing a conduit is being serviced or installed, all drives using this conduit should be disabled. This will help minimize the possible shock hazard from "cross coupled" motor leads.

## Motor Cable Lengths

Typically, motor lead lengths less than 91 meters ( 300 feet) are acceptable. However, if your application dictates longer lengths, refer to the Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives, publication DRIVES-IN001.

## Cable Entry Plate Removal

If additional wiring access is needed, the Cable Entry Plate on 0-3 Frame drives can be removed. Simply loosen the screws securing the plate to the chassis. The slotted mounting holes assure easy removal.

Important: Removing the Cable Entry Plate limits the maximum ambient temperature to 40 degrees C ( 104 degrees F ).

Power Wiring Access Panel Removal

| Frame | Removal Procedure (Replace when wiring is complete) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0,1,2 \& 6$ | Part of front cover, see page 1-1. |
| 3 | Open front cover and gently tap/slide cover down and out. |
| 4 | Loosen the 4 screws and remove. |
| 5 | Remove front cover (see page 1-1), gently tap/slide panel up and out. |

## AC Input Phase Selection (Frames 5 \& 6 Only)

ATTENTION: To avoid a shock hazard, ensure that all power to the drive has been removed before performing the following.

Moving the "Line Type" jumper shown in Figure 1.2 will allow single or three-phase operation.
Important: When selecting single-phase operation, input power must be applied to the R (L1) and S (L2) terminals only.

## Selecting/Verifying Fan Voltage (Frames 5 \& 6 Only)

Important: Read Attention statement above!
Frames $5 \& 6$ utilize a transformer to match the input line voltage to the internal fan voltage. If your line voltage is different than the voltage class specified on the drive nameplate, it may be necessary to change transformer taps as shown below. Common Bus (DC input) drives require user supplied 120 or 240 V AC to power the cooling fans. The power source is connected between " 0 VAC" and the terminal corresponding to your source voltage (see Figure 1.4).
Table A Fan VA ratings (DC Input Only)

| Frame | Rating (120V or 240V) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 100 VA |
| 6 | 138 VA |

Figure 1.2 Typical Locations - Phase Select Jumper \& Transformer (Frame 5 shown)


Frame 6 Transformer Tap Access
The transformer is located behind the Power Terminal Block in the area shown in Figure 1.2. Access is gained by releasing the terminal block from the rail. To release terminal block and change tap:

1. Locate the small metal tab at the bottom of the end block.
2. Press the tab in and pull the top of the block out. Repeat for next block if desired.
3. Select appropriate transformer tap.
4. Replace block(s) in reverse order.

## Power Terminal Block

Refer to Figure 1.3 for typical locations.
Table 1.C Power Terminal Block Specifications

| No. | Name | Frame | Description | Wire Size Range ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum | Recommended |
| (1) | Power Terminal Block | 0 \& 1 | Input power and motor connections | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (10 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (22 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.7 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ $(15 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in}$. | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (7 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 2 | Input power and motor connections | $10.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ <br> (6 AWG) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (18 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (15 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (12 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 3 | Input power and motor connections | $\begin{aligned} & 25.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (3 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 3.6 N-m } \\ \text { (32 lb.-in.) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (16 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | BR1, 2 terminals | $10.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ <br> ( 6 AWG) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (18 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (15 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (12 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 4 | Input power and motor connections | $\begin{aligned} & 35.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (1 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (8 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (35 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (35 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ (75 \mathrm{HP}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Input power, BR1, 2, DC+, DC- and motor connections | $\begin{aligned} & 50.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (1 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | See Note ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
|  |  |  | PE | $\begin{aligned} & 50.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (1 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (6 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ (100 \mathrm{HP}) \end{array}$ | Input power, DC+, DC- and motor | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 70.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ (2 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (4 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | BR1, 2, terminals | $50.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (1/0 AWG) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | PE | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 50.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ (1 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (6 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 6 | Input power, DC+, DC-, BR1, 2, PE, motor connections | $\begin{aligned} & 120.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (4 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & \text { (52 lb.-in.) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (52 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |
| (2) | SHLD Terminal | 0-6 | Terminating point for wiring shields | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (14 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ (14 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{array}$ |
| (3) | AUX Terminal Block | 0-4 | Auxiliary Control Voltage PS+, PS-(3) | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (16 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (24 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
|  |  | 5-6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (12 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (22 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { 0.6 N-m } \\ (5.3 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.6 N-m } \\ & \text { (5.3 lb.-in.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | Fan Terminal Block (CB Only) | 5-6 | User Supplied Fan Voltage (page 1-8) | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (12 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (22 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ (5.3 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (5.3 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Maximum/minimum sizes that the terminal block will accept - these are not recommendations.
(2) Refer to the terminal block label inside the drive.
(3) External control power: UL Installation-300V DC, $\pm 10 \%$, Non UL Installation-270-600V DC, $\pm 10 \%$ $0-3$ Frame - $40 \mathrm{~W}, 165 \mathrm{~mA}, 5$ Frame - $80 \mathrm{~W}, 90 \mathrm{~mA}$.

Figure 1.3 Typical Power Terminal Block Location


Frame 6

Figure 1.4 Power Terminal Block


| Terminal | Description | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BR1 | DC Brake (+) | DB Resistor Connection - Important: Only one DB <br> resistor can be used with Frames 0-3. Connecting an <br> internal \& external resistor could cause damage. |
| BR2 | DC Brake (-) |  |
| DC+ | DC Bus (+) |  |
| DC- | DC Bus (-) |  |
| PE | PE Ground | Refer to Figure 1.3 for location on 3 Frame drives |
| $\stackrel{\perp}{\bar{I}}$ | Motor Ground | Refer to Figure 1.3 for location on 3 Frame drives |
| $U$ | U (T1) | To motor |
| V | V (T2) | To motor |
| W | W (T3) | To motor |
| R | R (L1) | AC Line Input Power |
| S | S (L2) | Three-Phase $=$ R, S \& T <br> Single-Phase $=$ R \& S Only |
| T | T (L3) | Auxiliary Control Voltage (see Table 1.C) |
| PS+ | AUX (+) | Auxiliary Control Voltage (see Table 1.C) |
| PS- | AUX (-) |  |

## Using Input/Output Contactors

## Input Contactor Precautions



ATTENTION: A contactor or other device that routinely disconnects and reapplies the AC line to the drive to start and stop the motor can cause drive hardware damage. The drive is designed to use control input signals that will start and stop the motor. If an input device is used, operation must not exceed one cycle per minute or drive damage will occur.

ATTENTION: The drive start/stop/enable control circuitry includes solid state components. If hazards due to accidental contact with moving machinery or unintentional flow of liquid, gas or solids exist, an additional hardwired stop circuit may be required to remove the AC line to the drive. An auxiliary braking method may be required.

## Output Contactor Precaution



ATTENTION: To guard against drive damage when using output contactors, the following information must be read and understood. One or more output contactors may be installed between the drive and motor(s) for the purpose of disconnecting or isolating certain motors/ loads. If a contactor is opened while the drive is operating, power will be removed from the respective motor, but the drive will continue to produce voltage at the output terminals. In addition, reconnecting a motor to an active drive (by closing the contactor) could produce excessive current that may cause the drive to fault. If any of these conditions are determined to be undesirable or unsafe, an auxiliary contact on the output contactor should be wired to a drive digital input that is programmed as "Enable." This will cause the drive to execute a coast-to-stop (cease output) whenever an output contactor is opened.

## Bypass Contactor Precaution



ATTENTION: An incorrectly applied or installed bypass system can result in component damage or reduction in product life. The most common causes are:

- Wiring AC line to drive output or control terminals.
- Improper bypass or output circuits not approved by Allen-Bradley.
- Output circuits which do not connect directly to the motor.

Contact Allen-Bradley for assistance with application or wiring.

## Disconnecting MOVs and Common Mode Capacitors

PowerFlex 700 drives contain protective MOVs and common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. To guard against drive damage, these devices should be disconnected if the drive is installed on an ungrounded distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase could exceed $125 \%$ of the nominal line-to-line voltage. To disconnect these devices, remove the jumper(s) listed in Table 1.D. Jumpers can be removed by carefully pulling the jumper straight out. See Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for PWM AC Drives, publication DRIVES-IN001 for more information on ungrounded systems.

ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged before removing/installing jumpers. Measure the DC bus voltage at the $+\mathrm{DC} \&-\mathrm{DC}$ terminals of the Power Terminal Block. The voltage must be zero.

Table 1.D Jumper Removal ${ }^{(1)}$

| Frames | Jumper | Component | Jumper Location | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0,1 | PEA | Common Mode Capacitors | Remove the I/O Cassette (page 1-16). Jumpers located on the Power Board (Figure 1.5). | (1) |
|  | PEB | MOV's |  | (2) |
| 2-4 | PEA | Common Mode Capacitors | Jumpers are located above the Power Terminal Block (see Figure 1.5). | 3 |
|  | PEB | MOV's |  | 4 |
| 5 | Wire | Common Mode Capacitors | Remove the I/O Cassette as described on page 1-16. The green/yellow jumper is located on the back of chassis (see Figure 1.5 for location). Disconnect, insulate and secure the wire to guard against unintentional contact with chassis or components. | (5) |
|  |  | MOV's | Note location of the two green/yellow jumper wires next to the Power Terminal Block (Figure 1.5). Disconnect, insulate and secure the wires to guard against unintentional contact with chassis or components. | 6 |
|  |  | Input Filter Capacitors |  |  |
| 6 | Wire | Common Mode Capacitors | Remove the wire guard from the Power Terminal Block. Disconnect the three green/yellow wires from the two "PE" terminals shown in Figure 1.4. Insulate/secure the wires to guard against unintentional contact with chassis or components. |  |
|  |  | MOV's |  |  |
|  |  | Input Filter Capacitors |  |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ Important: Do Not remove jumpers if the distribution system is grounded.

Figure 1.5 Typical Jumper Locations (see Table 1.D for description)


Frames 0 \& 1 (I/O Cassette Removed)


Frames 3 \& 4

## I/O Wiring

Important points to remember about I/O wiring:

- Use Copper wire only. Wire gauge requirements and recommendations are based on 75 degrees C. Do not reduce wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.
- Wire with an insulation rating of 600 V or greater is recommended.
- Control and signal wires should be separated from power wires by at least 0.3 meters ( 1 foot).

Important: I/O terminals labeled "(-)" or "Common" are not referenced to earth ground and are designed to greatly reduce common mode interference. Grounding these terminals can cause signal noise.

ATTENTION: Configuring an analog input for $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ operation and driving it from a voltage source could cause component damage. Verify proper configuration prior to applying input signals.

ATTENTION: Hazard of personal injury or equipment damage exists when using bipolar input sources. Noise and drift in sensitive input circuits can cause unpredictable changes in motor speed and direction. Use speed command parameters to help reduce input source sensitivity.

Signal and Control Wire Types
Table 1.E Recommended Signal Wire

| Signal Type/ Where Used | Belden Wire Type(s) (or equivalent) |  | Description | Min. Insulation Rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog I/O \& PTC | 8760/9460 |  | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (18AWG), twisted pair, $100 \%$ shield with drain ${ }^{(5)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 75-90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(167-194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| Remote Pot | 8770 |  | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (18AWG), 3 cond., shielded |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Encoder/Pulse I/O } \\ & <30 \mathrm{~m} \text { (100 ft.) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Combined: | 9730 ${ }^{(1)}$ | $0.196 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (24AWG), individually shielded |  |
| Encoder/Pulse I/O | Signal: | 9730/9728 ${ }^{(1)}$ | $0.196 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (24AWG), indiv. shielded |  |
| 30 to 152 m | Power: | 8790 ${ }^{(2)}$ | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (18AWG) |  |
| (100 to 500 | Combined: | 9892 ${ }^{(3)}$ | $0.330 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $0.500 \mathrm{~mm}^{2(3)}$ |  |
| Encoder/Pulse I/O | Signal: | 9730/9728 ${ }^{(1)}$ | $0.196 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (24AWG), indiv. shielded |  |
| 152 to 259 m | Power: | 8790 ${ }^{(2)}$ | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (18AWG) |  |
| (500 to 850 ft .) | Combined: | 9773/9774 ${ }^{(4)}$ | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(18 \mathrm{AWG})$, indiv. shielded pair |  |

(1) 9730 is 3 individually shielded pairs (2 channel + power). If 3 channel is required, use 9728.
(2) 8790 is 1 shielded pair.
(3) 9892 is 3 individually shielded pairs ( 3 channel), $0.33 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ( 22 AWG) +1 shielded pair $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (20 AWG) for power.
(4) 9773 is 3 individually shielded pairs (2 channel + power). If 3 channel is required, use 9774.
(5) If the wires are short and contained within a cabinet which has no sensitive circuits, the use of shielded wire may not be necessary, but is always recommended.

Table 1.F Recommended Control Wire for Digital I/O

| Type | Wire Type(s) | Description | Minimum <br> Insulation Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unshielded | Per US NEC or applicable national <br> or local code | - | 300 V, <br> 60 degrees C |
| Shielded | Multi-conductor shielded cable <br> such as Belden 8770(or equiv.) | $0.750 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (18AWG), 3 <br> conductor, shielded. | (140 degrees F) |

## The I/O Control Cassette

Figure 1.6 shows the I/O Control Cassette and terminal block locations. The cassette provides a mounting point for the various PowerFlex 700 I/O options. To remove the cassette, follow the steps below. Cassette removal will be similar for all frames (0 Frame drive shown).

| Step | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| (A) | Disconnect the two cable connectors shown in Figure 1.6. |
| (B) | Loosen the two screw latches shown in Figure 1.6. |
| $\left(\begin{array}{c}\text { C }\end{array}\right.$ | Slide the cassette out. |
| (D) | Remove screws securing cassette cover to gain access to the boards. |

Figure 1.6 PowerFlex 700 Typical Cassette \& I/O Terminal Blocks


## I/O Terminal Blocks

## Table 1.G I/O Terminal Block Specifications

| No. | Name | Description | Wire Size Range ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Maximum | Minimum | Maximum | Recommended |
| (1) | I/O Cassette | Removable I/O Cassette |  |  |  |  |
| (2) | I/O Terminal Block | Signal \& control connections | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.30 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (22 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ (5.2 \mathrm{lb} \text {.-in. }) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ (5.2 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| (3) | Encoder Terminal Block | Encoder power \& signal connections | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ <br> (18 AWG) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.196 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & (24 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (5.2 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} \\ & (5.2 \mathrm{lb} .-\mathrm{in} .) \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Maximum/minimum that the terminal block will accept - these are not recommendations.

Figure 1.7 I/O Terminal Designations

(1) Important: 4-20mA operation requires a jumper at terminals 17 \& 18 (or 19 \& 20). Drive damage may occur if jumper is not installed.
(2) These inputs/outputs are dependant on a number of parameters (see "Related Parameters").
(3) Differential Isolation - External source must be maintained at less than 160 V with respect to PE . Input provides high common mode immunity.
(4) Contacts in unpowered state. Any relay programmed as Fault or Alarm will energize (pick up) when power is applied to drive and deenergize (drop out) when a fault or alarm exists. Relays selected for other functions will energize only when that condition exists and will deenergize when condition is removed.
(5) 150 mA maximum Load. Not present on 115 V versions.

## Encoder Terminal Block

Table 1.H Encoder Terminal Designations

| See "Detail" in Figure 1.6 | No. | Description (refer to page A-3 for encoder specifications) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | +12V ${ }^{(1)}$ DC Power | Internal power source 250 mA . |
|  | 7 | +12V ${ }^{(1)}$ DC Return (Common) |  |
|  | 6 | Encoder Z (NOT) | Pulse, marker or registration input. ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 8 , | 5 | Encoder Z |  |
| \% | 4 | Encoder B (NOT) | Quadrature B input. |
| 03 | 3 | Encoder B |  |
| 0 | 2 | Encoder A (NOT) | Single channel or quadrature A input. |
| (4) | 1 | Encoder A |  |

(1) Jumper selectable $+5 / 12 \mathrm{~V}$ is available on 20B-ENC-2 Encoder Boards only.
(2) $Z$ channel can be used as a pulse input while $A$ \& $B$ are used for encoder.

Figure 1.8 Sample Encoder Wiring

| 1/0 | Connection Example | I/0 | Connection Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Encoder <br> Power - <br> Internal Drive <br> Power <br> Internal (drive) <br> 12V DC, <br> 250 mA |  | Encoder <br> Power - <br> External <br> Power <br> Source |  |
| Encoder <br> Signal - <br> Single-Ended, <br> Dual Channel |  | Encoder <br> Signal - <br> Differential, <br> Dual <br> Channel |  |

## Hardware Enable Circuitry

By default, the user can program a digital input as an Enable input. The status of this input is interpreted by drive software. If the application requires the drive to be disabled without software interpretation, a "dedicated" hardware enable configuration can be utilized. This is done by removing a jumper and wiring the enable input to "Digital In 6" (see below).

1. Remove the I/O Control Cassette \& cover as described on page 1-16.
2. Locate \& remove Jumper J10 on the Main Control Board (see diagram).
3. Re-assemble cassette.
4. Wire Enable to "Digital In 6" (see Figure 1.7).
5. Verify that [Digital In6 Sel], parameter 366 is set to " 1 , Enable."


I/O Wiring Examples

| Input/Output | Connection Example | Required Parameter Changes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Potentiometer |  |  |
| Unipolar Speed |  |  |
| Reference 1 (1) |  |  |

[^1]I/O Wiring Examples (continued)

| Input/Output | Connection Example | Required Parameter Changes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Analog Output |  |  |
| 土10V, 4-20 mA Bipolar |  |  |
| +10V Unipolar (shown) |  |  |

[^2]
## Reference Control

## "Auto" Speed Sources

The drive speed command can be obtained from a number of different sources. The source is determined by drive programming and the condition of the Speed Select digital inputs, Auto/Manual digital inputs or reference select bits of a command word.

The default source for a command reference (all speed select inputs open or not programmed) is the selection programmed in [Speed Ref A Sel]. If any of the speed select inputs are closed, the drive will use other parameters as the speed command source.

## "Manual" Speed Sources

The manual source for speed command to the drive is either the HIM requesting manual control (see ALT Functions on page B-2) or the control terminal block (analog input) if a digital input is programmed to "Auto/Manual."

## Changing Speed Sources

The selection of the active Speed Reference can be made through digital inputs, DPI command, jog button or Auto/Manual HIM operation.

Figure 1.9 Speed Reference Selection Chart ${ }^{(1)}$


## Torque Reference Source

The torque reference is normally supplied by an analog input or network reference. Switching between available sources while the drive is running is not available. Digital inputs programmed as "Speed Sel 1,2,3" and the HIM Auto/Manual function (see above) do not affect the active torque reference when the drive is in Vector Control Mode.
(1) To access Preset Speed 1, set parameter 090 or 093 to "Preset Speed 1."

## Auto/Manual Examples

PLC = Auto, HIM = Manual

A process is run by a PLC when in Auto mode and requires manual control from the HIM during set-up. The Auto speed reference is issued by the PLC through a communications module installed in the drive.
Since the internal communications is designated as Port 5, [Speed Ref A Sel] is set to "DPI Port 5" with the drive running from the Auto source.

## Attain Manual Control

- Press ALT then Auto/Man on the HIM.

When the HIM attains manual control, the drive speed command comes from the HIM speed control keys or analog potentiometer.

## Release to Auto Control

- Press ALT then Auto/Man on the HIM again.

When the HIM releases manual control, the drive speed command returns to the PLC.

## PLC = Auto, Terminal Block = Manual

A process is run by a PLC when in Auto mode and requires manual control from an analog potentiometer wired to the drive terminal block. The auto speed reference is issued by the PLC through a communications module installed in the drive. Since the internal communications is designated as Port 5, [Speed Ref A Sel] is set to "DPI Port 5" with the drive running from the Auto source. Since the Manual speed reference is issued by an analog input ("Analog In 1 or 2"), [TB Man Ref Sel] is set to the same input. To switch between Auto and Manual, [Digital In4 Sel] is set to "Auto/ Manual".

## Attain Manual Control

- Close the digital input. With the input closed, the speed command comes from the pot.


## Release to Auto Control

- Open the digital input. With the input open, the speed command returns to the PLC.


## Auto/Manual Notes

1. Manual control is exclusive. If a HIM or Terminal Block takes manual control, no other device can take manual control until the controlling device releases manual control.
2. If a HIM has manual control and power is removed from the drive, the drive will return to Auto mode when power is reapplied.
3. [Save HIM Ref], parameter 192 can enable manual mode to allow starts and jogs from the HIM in 2-wire mode.

## Lifting/Torque Proving

For Lifting/Torque Proving details, refer to page C-4.

## Common Bus/Precharge Notes

The following notes must be read and understood. Also refer to pages $1-8$ through $1-11$ for additional common bus information.

Important Application Notes

1. If drives without internal precharge are used (Frames $5 \& 6$ only), then:
a) precharge capability must be provided in the system to guard against possible damage, and
b) disconnect switches Must Not be used between the input of the drive and a common DC bus without the use of an external precharge device.
2. If drives with internal precharge (Frames 0-6) are used with a disconnect switch to the common bus, then:
a) an auxiliary contact on the disconnect must be connected to a digital input of the drive. The corresponding input (parameter 361-366) must be set to option 30, "Precharge Enable." This provides the proper precharge interlock, guarding against possible damage to the drive when connected to a common DC bus.
b) the drive must have firmware version 2.002 or above.

## EMC Instructions

## CE Conformity

Conformity with the Low Voltage (LV) Directive and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive has been demonstrated using harmonized European Norm (EN) standards published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. PowerFlex Drives ${ }^{(1)}$ comply with the EN standards listed below when installed according to the User and Reference Manual.

CE Declarations of Conformity are available online at: http://www.ab.com/certification/ce/docs.

## Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC)

- EN50178 Electronic equipment for use in power installations.


## EMC Directive (89/336/EEC)

- EN61800-3 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Part 3: EMC product standard including specific test methods.


## General Notes

- If the adhesive label is removed from the top of the drive, the drive must be installed in an enclosure with side openings less than 12.5 $\mathrm{mm}(0.5 \mathrm{in}$.$) and top openings less than 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( 0.04 in .) to maintain compliance with the LV Directive.
- The motor cable should be kept as short as possible in order to avoid electromagnetic emission as well as capacitive currents.
- Use of line filters in ungrounded systems is not recommended.
- PowerFlex drives may cause radio frequency interference if used in a residential or domestic environment. The installer is required to take measures to prevent interference, in addition to the essential requirements for CE compliance provided in this section, if necessary.
- Conformity of the drive with CE EMC requirements does not guarantee an entire machine or installation complies with CE EMC requirements. Many factors can influence total machine/installation compliance.
- PowerFlex drives generate conducted low frequency disturbances (harmonic emissions) on the AC supply system.
${ }^{(1)} \mathrm{CE}$ Certification testing has not been performed on 600 V class drives.


## General Notes (continued)

- More information regarding harmonic emissions can be found in the PowerFlex 70/700 Reference Manual (publication PFLEX-RM001).
- When operated on a public supply system, it is the responsibility of the installer or user to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator and Rockwell Automation, if necessary, that applicable requirements have been met.


## Essential Requirements for CE Compliance

Conditions 1-6 listed below must be satisfied for PowerFlex drives to meet the requirements of EN61800-3.

1. Standard PowerFlex 700 CE compatible Drive.
2. Review important precautions/attention statements throughout this manual before installing the drive.
3. Grounding as described on page 1-4.
4. Output power, control (I/O) and signal wiring must be braided, shielded cable with a coverage of $75 \%$ or better, metal conduit, or equivalent attenuation.
5. All shielded cables should terminate with the proper shielded connector.
6. Conditions in Table 1.I.

Table 1.I PowerFlex 700 EN61800-3 EMC Compatibility

|  | Second Environment (Industrial) ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ External filter Not Required if motor cables are restricted to design shown | First Environment Restricted Distribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Any Drive and Option |  |
| 0-6 | Restrict Motor Cable to 30 m (98 ft.) | (2) |

${ }^{(1)}$ Motor cable limited to 30 m ( 98 ft .) for installations in the second (industrial) enviroment without additional external line filters.
(2) Refer to the PowerFlex 70/700 Reference Manual for installations in the first (residential) environment and installations in the second environment with motor cables longer than $30 \mathrm{~m}(98 \mathrm{ft}$.).

## Notes:

## Start Up

This chapter describes how you start up the PowerFlex 700 Drive. Refer to Appendix B for a brief description of the LCD HIM (Human Interface Module).

| For information on $\ldots$ | See page $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Prepare For Drive Start-Up | $\underline{2-1}$ |
| Status Indicators | $\underline{2-2}$ |
| Start-Up Routines | $\underline{2-3}$ |
| Running S.M.A.R.T. Start | $\underline{2-4}$ |
| Running an Assisted Start Up | $\underline{2-4}$ |

ATTENTION: Power must be applied to the drive to perform the following start-up procedure. Some of the voltages present are at incoming line potential. To avoid electric shock hazard or damage to equipment, only qualified service personnel should perform the following procedure. Thoroughly read and understand the procedure before beginning. If an event does not occur while performing this procedure, Do Not Proceed. Remove Power including user supplied control voltages. User supplied voltages may exist even when main AC power is not applied to then drive. Correct the malfunction before continuing.

## Prepare For Drive Start-Up

Before Applying Power to the Drive

1. Confirm that all inputs are connected to the correct terminals and are secure.
2. Verify that AC line power at the disconnect device is within the rated value of the drive.
3. Verify that control power voltage is correct.

The remainder of this procedure requires that a HIM be installed. If an operator interface is not available, remote devices should be used to start up the drive.
Important: When power is first applied, the HIM may require approximately 5 seconds until commands are recognized (including the Stop key).

## Applying Power to the Drive

$\square$ 4. Apply AC power and control voltages to the drive.
If any of the six digital inputs are configured to "Stop - CF" (CF = Clear Fault) or "Enable," verify that signals are present or reconfigure [Digital Inx Sel]. If an I/O option is not installed (i.e. no I/O terminal block), verify that [Digital Inx Sel] is not configured to "Stop - CF" or "Enable." If this is not done, the drive will not start. Refer to Alarm Descriptions on page 4-10 for a list of potential digital input conflicts. If a fault code appears, refer to Chapter 4.

If the STS LED is not flashing green at this point, refer to Status Indicators below.
5. Proceed to Start-Up Routines.

## Status Indicators

Figure 2.1 Drive Status Indicators


| \# | Name | Color | State | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | PWR (Power) | Green | Steady | Illuminates when power is applied to the drive. |
| 2 | STS (Status) | Green | Flashing | Drive ready, but not running and no faults are present. |
|  |  |  | Steady | Drive running, no faults are present. |
|  |  | Yellow See page 4-10 | Flashing, Drive Stopped | A start inhibit condition exists, the drive cannot be started. Check parameter 214 [Start Inhibits]. |
|  |  |  | Flashing, Drive Running | An intermittent type 1 alarm condition is occurring. Check parameter 211 [Drive Alarm 1]. |
|  |  |  | Steady, Drive Running | A continuous type 1 alarm condition exists. Check parameter 211 [Drive Alarm 1]. |
|  |  | Red | Flashing | Fault has occurred. Check [Fault x Code] or Fault Queue. |
|  |  | See page 4-4 | Steady | A non-resettable fault has occurred. |
| (3) | PORT | Refer to the Communication Adapter User Manual. |  | Status of DPI port internal communications (if present). |
|  | MOD |  |  | Status of communications module (when installed). |
|  | NET A |  |  | Status of network (if connected). |
|  | NET B |  |  | Status of secondary network (if connected). |

## Start-Up Routines

The PowerFlex 700 is designed so that start up is simple and efficient. If you have an LCD HIM, three methods are provided, allowing the user to select the desired level needed for the application.

- S.M.A.R.T. Start

This routine allows you to quickly set up the drive by programming values for the most commonly used functions (below and page 2-4).

## - Assisted Start Up

This routine prompts you for information that is needed to start up a drive for most applications, such as line and motor data, commonly adjusted parameters and I/O. Two levels of Assisted Start Up are provided; Basic and Detailed. See page 2-4.

## - Lifting/Torque Proving Start Up

Torque Proving applications can use the Assisted Start Up to tune the motor. However, it is recommended that the motor be disconnected from the hoist/crane equipment during the routine. If this is not possible, refer to the manual tuning procedure on page $\mathrm{C}-4$.

## Important Information

Power must be applied to the drive when viewing or changing parameters. Previous programming may affect the drive status and operation when power is applied. If the I/O Cassette has been changed, a Reset Defaults operation must be performed.

Figure 2.2 Start Up Menu

${ }^{(1)}$ During Motor Tests and tuning procedures, the drive may modify certain parameter values for proper Start Up operation. These values are then reset to their original values when Start Up is complete. The affected parameters are: $053,080,276,278$ and $361-366$. If power is removed from the drive during the tests without aborting the auto-tune procedure, these parameters may not be reset to their original value. If this situation occurs, reset the drive to factory defaults and repeat the Start Up procedure.

## Running S.M.A.R.T. Start

During a Start Up, the majority of applications require changes to only a few parameters. The LCD HIM on a PowerFlex 700 drive offers S.M.A.R.T. start, which displays the most commonly changed parameters. With these parameters, you can set the following functions:

S - Start Mode and Stop Mode
M - Minimum and Maximum Speed
A - Accel Time 1 and Decel Time 1
R - Reference Source
T - Thermal Motor Overload
To run a S.M.A.R.T. start routine:


## Running an Assisted Start Up

Important: This start-up routine requires an LCD HIM.
The Assisted start-up routine asks simple yes or no questions and prompts you to input required information. Access Assisted Start Up by selecting "Start Up" from the Main Menu.

To perform an Assisted Start-Up


## Programming and Parameters

Chapter 3 provides a complete listing and description of the PowerFlex 700 parameters. The parameters can be programmed (viewed/edited) using an LCD HIM (Human Interface Module). As an alternative, programming can also be performed using DriveExplorer ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ or DriveExecutive ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ software and a personal computer. Refer to Appendix $\underline{B}$ for a brief description of the LCD HIM.

| For information on ... | See page ... |
| :--- | :--- |
| About Parameters | $\underline{3-1}$ |
| How Parameters are Organized | $\underline{3-3}$ |
| Monitor File | $3-7$ |
| Motor Control File | $3-9$ |
| Speed Command File | $\underline{3-16}$ |
| Dynamic Control File | $\underline{3-26}$ |
| Utility File | $3-33$ |
| Communication File | $\underline{3-46}$ |
| Inputs \& Outputs File | $\underline{3-51}$ |
| Applications File | $\underline{3-59}$ |
| Pos/Spd Profile File | $3-65$ |
| Parameter Cross Reference - by Name | $\underline{3-72}$ |
| Parameter Cross Reference - by Number | 3-75 |

## About Parameters

To configure a drive to operate in a specific way, drive parameters may have to be set. Three types of parameters exist:

- ENUM Parameters

ENUM parameters allow a selection from 2 or more items. The LCD HIM will display a text message for each item.

- Bit Parameters

Bit parameters have individual bits associated with features or conditions. If the bit is 0 , the feature is off or the condition is false. If the bit is 1 , the feature is on or the condition is true.

- Numeric Parameters

These parameters have a single numerical value (i.e. 0.1 Volts).
The example on the following page shows how each parameter type is presented in this manual.

| (5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 읖 | 은 | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ | Parameter Name \& Description | Values |  |
|  | $\stackrel{\dot{D}}{\dot{\Delta}}$ | $198$ | [Load Frm Usr Set] <br> Loads a previously saved set of parameter values from a selected user set location in drive nonvolatile memory to active drive memory. | Default: 0 "Ready" <br> Options: 0 "Ready" <br>  1 "User Set 1" <br>  2 "User Set 2" <br>  3 "User Set 3" | (199 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{3} \\ & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{5} \end{aligned}$ |  | 216 | [Dig In Status] <br> Status of the digital inputs. | Read Only | 361 <br> thru <br> 366 |
| $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ | 믕 | $\begin{aligned} & 434 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Torque Ref B Mult] <br> Defines the value of the multiplier for the [Torque Ref B Sel] selection. | Default: 1.0 <br> Min/Max: $-1+32767.0$ <br> Units: 0.1 | 053 |



## How Parameters are Organized

The LCD HIM displays parameters in a File-Group-Parameter or Numbered List view order. To switch display mode, access the Main Menu, press ALT, then Sel while cursor is on the parameter selection. In addition, using [Param Access Lvl], the user has the option to display all parameters, commonly used parameters or diagnostic parameters.

To simplify programming, the displayed parameters will change according to the selection made with [Motor Cntl Sel]. For example, if "FVC Vector" is selected, the parameters associated solely with other operations such as Volts per Hertz or Sensorless Vector will be hidden. Refer to pages 3-4 and 3-5.

## File-Group-Parameter Order

This simplifies programming by grouping parameters that are used for similar functions. The parameters are organized into files. Each file is divided into groups, and each parameter is an element in a group. By default, the LCD HIM displays parameters by File-Group-Parameter view.

Numbered List View
All parameters are in numerical order.

## Basic Parameter View

Parameter 196 [Param Access Lvl] set to option 0 "Basic."

| File | Group | Parameters |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monitor | Metering | Output Freq <br> Commanded Spee <br> Commanded Torqu <br> Output Current <br> Torque Current <br> DC Bus Voltage | 001 d002 **024 003 004 012 |  |  |  |  |
| Motor Control | Motor Data | Motor NP Volts Motor NP FLA Motor NP Hertz | $\begin{aligned} & 041 \\ & 042 \\ & 043 \end{aligned}$ | Motor NP RPM Motor NP Power Mtr NP Pwr Units | $\begin{aligned} & 044 \\ & 045 \\ & 046 \end{aligned}$ | Motor OL Hertz Motor Poles | $\begin{aligned} & 047 \\ & 049 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Torq Attributes | Motor Cntl Sel Maximum Voltage Maximum Freq Autotune | $\begin{aligned} & 053 \\ & 054 \\ & 055 \\ & 061 \end{aligned}$ | Autotune Torque** Inertia Autotune** Torque Ref A Sel** Torque Ref A Hi** | $\begin{aligned} & 066 \\ & 067 \\ & 427 \\ & 428 \end{aligned}$ | Torque Ref A Lo** Pos Torque Limit** Neg Torque Limit** |  |
|  | Speed Feedback | Motor Fdbk Type | 412 | Encoder PPR | 413 |  |  |
| Speed Command | Spd Mode \& Limits | Speed Units Feedback Select | $\begin{aligned} & 079 \\ & 080 \end{aligned}$ | Minimum Speed Maximum Speed | $\begin{aligned} & 081 \\ & 082 \end{aligned}$ | Rev Speed Limit** |  |
| Femecommen | Speed <br> References | Speed Ref A Sel Speed Ref A Hi Speed Ref A Lo Speed Ref B Sel | $\begin{aligned} & 090 \\ & 091 \\ & 092 \\ & 093 \end{aligned}$ | Speed Ref B Hi Speed Ref B Lo TB Man Ref Sel TB Man Ref Hi | $\begin{aligned} & 094 \\ & 095 \\ & 096 \\ & 097 \end{aligned}$ | TB Man Ref Lo Pulse Input Ref | $\begin{aligned} & 098 \\ & 099 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Discrete Speeds | Jog Speed 1 Preset Speed 1-7 | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 101-107 \end{aligned}$ | Jog Speed 2 | 108 |  |  |
| Dynamic Control | Ramp Rates | Accel Time 1 Accel Time 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 141 \end{aligned}$ | Decel Time 1 Decel Time 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | S-Curve \% | 146 |
| Framicamion | Load Limits | Current Lmt Sel | 147 | Current Lmt Val | 148 |  |  |
|  | Stop/Brake Modes | Stop/Brk Mode A Stop/Brk Mode B | $\begin{aligned} & 155 \\ & 156 \end{aligned}$ | DC Brk Lvl Sel DC Brake Level DC Brake Time | $\begin{aligned} & 157 \\ & 158 \\ & 159 \end{aligned}$ | Bus Reg Mode A Bus Reg Mode B DB Resistor Type | $\begin{aligned} & 161 \\ & 162 \\ & 163 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Restart Modes | Start At PowerUp | 168 | Auto Rstrt Tries | 174 | Auto Rstrt Delay | 175 |
|  | Power Loss | Power Loss Mode | 184 | Power Loss Time | 185 | Power Loss Level | 186 |
| Utility | Direction Config | Direction Mode | 190 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Drive Memory | Param Access Lvl Reset To Defalts | $\begin{aligned} & 196 \\ & 197 \end{aligned}$ | Load Frm Usr Set Save To User Set | $\begin{aligned} & 198 \\ & 199 \end{aligned}$ | Language | 201 |
|  | Diagnostics | Start Inhibits | 214 | Dig In Status | 216 | Dig Out Status | 217 |
|  | Faults | Fault Config 1 | 238 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Alarms | Alarm Config 1 | 259 |  |  |  |  |
| Inputs \& Outputs | Analog Inputs | Anlg In Config Analog In1 Hi Analog $\ln 1$ Lo | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & 322 \\ & 323 \end{aligned}$ | Analog $\ln 2 \mathrm{Hi}$ Analog In2 Lo | $\begin{aligned} & 325 \\ & 326 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Noussaine | Analog Outputs | Analog Out1, 2 Sel Analog Out1 Hi | $\begin{aligned} & 342 \\ & 343 \end{aligned}$ | Analog Out1, 2 Lo Analog Out1, 2 Sel | $\begin{aligned} & 344 \\ & 345 \end{aligned}$ | Analog Out2 Hi Analog Out1, 2 Lo | $\begin{aligned} & 346 \\ & 347 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Digital Inputs | Digital $\ln 1-6 \mathrm{Sel}$ | 361-366 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Digital Outputs | Digital Out1-3 Sel | 380-388 | Dig Out1-3 Level | 381-389 |  |  |

[^3]
## Advanced Parameter View

Parameter 196 [Param Access Lvl] set to option 1 "Advanced."

| File | Group | Parameters |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monitor | Metering | Output Freq | 001 | Flux Current | 005 | DC Bus Memory | 013 |
|  |  | Commanded Spee |  | Output Voltage | 006 | Analog In1 Value | 016 |
|  |  | Ramped Speed | 022 | Output Power | 007 | Analog In2 Value | 017 |
|  |  | Speed Reference | 023 | Output Powr Fctr | 008 | Elapsed kWh | 014 |
|  |  | Commanded Torqu | **024 | Elapsed MWh | 009 | PTC HW Value | 018 |
|  |  | Speed Feedback | 025 | Elapsed Run Time | 010 | Spd Fdbk No Filt | 021 |
|  |  | Output Current | 003 | MOP Reference | 011 |  |  |
|  |  | Torque Current | 004 | DC Bus Voltage | 012 |  |  |
|  | Drive Data | Rated kW | 026 | Rated Amps | 028 |  |  |
|  |  | Rated Volts | 027 | Control SW Ver | 029 |  |  |
| Motor Control | Motor Data | Motor Type | 040 | Motor NP RPM | 044 | Motor OL Factor | 048 |
|  |  | Motor NP Volts | 041 | Motor NP Power | 045 | Motor Poles | 049 |
| Mata cino |  | Motor NP FLA | 042 | Mtr NP Pwr Units | 046 |  |  |
|  |  | Motor NP Hertz | 043 | Motor OL Hertz | 047 |  |  |
|  | Torq Attributes | Motor Cntl Sel | 053 | Flux Current Ref | 063 | Torque Ref $\mathrm{BHi**}$ | 432 |
|  |  | Maximum Voltage | 054 | IXo Voltage Drop | 064 | Torque Ref B Lo** | 433 |
|  |  | Maximum Freq | 055 | Autotune Torque** | 066 | Torq Ref B Mult** | 434 |
|  |  | Compensation | 056 | Inertia Autotune** | 067 | Torque Setpoint 1 ** | * 435 |
|  |  | Flux Up Mode | 057 | Torque Ref A Sel** | 427 | Torque Setpoint 2* | * 438 |
|  |  | Flux Up Time | 058 | Torque Ref A Hi** | 428 | Pos Torque Limit** | 436 |
|  |  | SV Boost Filter | 059 | Torque Ref A Lo** | 429 | Neg Torque Limit** | 437 |
|  |  | Autotune | 061 | Torq Ref A Div** | 430 | Control Status** | 440 |
|  |  | IR Voltage Drop | 062 | Torque Ref B Sel** | 431 | Mtr Tor Cur Ref** | 441 |
|  | Volts per Hertz | Start/Acc Boost | 069 | Break Voltage* | 071 |  |  |
|  |  | Run Boost* | 070 | Break Frequency* | 072 |  |  |
|  | Speed Feedback | Motor Fdbk Type | 412 | Fdbk Filter Sel | 416 | Marker Pulse | 421 |
|  |  | Encoder PPR | 413 | Notch Filter Freq** | 419 | Pulse In Scale | 422 |
|  |  | Enc Position Fdbk | 414 | Notch Filter K** | 420 | Encoder Z Chan | 423 |
|  |  | Encoder Speed | 415 |  |  |  |  |
| Speed Command | Spd Mode \& Limits | Speed Units | 079 | Overspeed Limit | 083 | Skip Freq Band* | 087 |
|  |  | Feedback Select | 080 | Skip Frequency 1* | 084 | Speed/Torque Mod | **088 |
|  |  | Minimum Speed | 081 | Skip Frequency 2* | 085 | Rev Speed Limit** |  |
|  |  | Maximum Speed | 082 | Skip Frequency 3* | 086 |  |  |
| Speancomme | Speed References | Speed Ref A Sel | 090 | Speed Ref B Hi | 094 | TB Man Ref Hi | 097 |
|  |  | Speed Ref A Hi | 091 | Speed Ref B Lo | 095 | TB Man Ref Lo | 098 |
|  |  | Speed Ref A Lo | 092 | TB Man Ref Sel | 096 | Pulse Input Ref | 099 |
|  |  | Speed Ref B Sel | 093 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Discrete Speeds | Jog Speed 1 | 100 | Preset Speed 1-7 | 101-107 | Jog Speed 2 | 108 |
|  | Speed Trim | Trim In Select | 117 | Trim Hi | 119 | Trim \% Setpoint | 116 |
|  |  | Trim Out Select | 118 | Trim Lo | 120 |  |  |
|  | Slip Comp | Slip RPM @ FLA | 121 | Slip Comp Gain* | 122 | Slip RPM Meter | 123 |
|  | Process PI | PI Configuration | 124 | PI Upper Limit | 132 | PI Reference Lo | 461 |
|  |  | PI Control | 125 | PI Preload | 133 | PI Feedback Hi | 462 |
|  |  | PI Reference Sel | 126 | PI Status | 134 | PI Feedback Lo | 463 |
|  |  | PI Setpoint | 127 | PI Ref Meter | 135 | PI BW Filter | 139 |
|  |  | PI Feedback Sel | 128 | PI Fdback Meter | 136 | PI Deriv Time | 459 |
|  |  | PI Integral Time | 129 | PI Error Meter | 137 | PI Output Gain | 464 |
|  |  | PI Prop Gain | 130 | PI Output Meter | 138 |  |  |
|  |  | PI Lower Limit | 131 | PI Reference Hi | 460 |  |  |
|  | Speed Regulator | Ki Speed Loop** | 445 | Kf Speed Loop** | 447 | Total Inertia** | 450 |
|  |  | Kp Speed Loop** | 446 | Speed Desired BW | **449 | Speed Loop Meter |  |
| Dynamic Control | Ramp Rates | Accel Time 1, 2 | 140,141 | Decel Time 1, 2 | 142,143 | S Curve \% | 146 |
|  | Load Limits | Current Lmt Sel | 147 | Drive OL Mode | 150 | Regen Power Limit | **153 |
| Framicomion |  | Current Lmt Val | 148 | PWM Frequency | 151 | Current Rate Limit | **154 |
|  |  | Current Lmt Gain | 149 | Droop RPM @ FLA |  |  |  |
|  | Stop/Brake Modes | Stop Mode | 155,156 | Bus Reg Ki* | 160 | Bus Reg Kd* | 165 |
|  |  | DC Brk Lvl Sel | 157 | Bus Reg Mode | 161,162 | Flux Braking | 166 |
|  |  | DC Brake Level | 158 | DB Resistor Type | 163 | DB While Stopped | 145 |
|  |  | DC Brake Time | 159 | Bus Reg Kp* | 164 |  |  |
|  | Restart Modes | Start At PowerUp | 168 | Auto Rstrt Delay | 175 | Wake Time | 181 |
|  |  | Flying Start En | 169 | Sleep-Wake Mode | 178 | Sleep Level | 182 |
|  |  | Flying StartGain | 170 | Sleep-Wake Ref | 179 | Sleep Time | 183 |
|  |  | Auto Rstrt Tries | 174 | Wake Level | 180 | Powerup Delay | 167 |

[^4]

Monitor File




Motor Control File

| $\stackrel{\text { 읖 }}{\underline{i n}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | 울 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 운 <br> 응 <br> 8 <br> 을 <br> 을 |  | $\begin{gathered} 040 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor Type] <br> Set to match the type of motor connected. <br> ${ }^{(1)}$ Important: Selecting option 1 or 2 also requires selection of "Custom $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$," option 2 in parameter 53. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Defau } \\ & \text { Optior } \end{aligned}$ | 0 "Induction" <br> 0 "Induction" <br> 1 "Synchr Reluc"(1) <br> 2 "Synchr PM" (1) | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 041 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor NP Volts] <br> Set to the motor nameplate rated volts. | Default: <br> Min/Ma Units: | Based on Drive Rating <br> $0.0 /[$ Rated Volts] <br> 0.1 VAC |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 042 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor NP FLA] <br> Set to the motor nameplate rated full load amps. | Default: <br> Min/Ma <br> Units: | Based on Drive Rating <br> $0.0 /[$ Rated Amps] $\times 2$ <br> 0.1 Amps | $\begin{aligned} & 047 \\ & \hline 048 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 043 | [Motor NP Hertz] <br> Set to the motor nameplate rated frequency. | Default: <br> Min/Ma <br> Units: | Based on Drive Cat. No. $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 / 400.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $044$ $0$ | [Motor NP RPM] <br> Set to the motor nameplate rated RPM. | Default: <br> Min/Ma <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1750.0 \text { RPM } \\ & \text { 60.0/24000.0 RPM } \\ & \text { 1.0 RPM } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 045 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor NP Power] <br> Set to the motor nameplate rated power. | Default: <br> Min/Ma Units: | Based on Drive Rating <br> 0.00/1000.00 <br> $0.01 \mathrm{~kW} / \mathrm{HP}$ <br> See [Mtr NP Pwr Units] | 046 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 046 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Mtr NP Pwr Units] <br> Selects the motor power units to be used. <br> "Convert HP" = converts all power units to Horsepower. <br> "Convert kW" = converts all power units to kilowatts. | Defaul: <br> Option | Drive Rating Based <br> 0 "Horsepower" <br> 1 "kiloWatts" <br> 2 "Convert HP" <br> 3 "Convert kW" |  |


| 읖 | 응 | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 047 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor OL Hertz] <br> Selects the output frequency below which the motor operating current is derated. The motor thermal overload will generate a fault at lower levels of current. | Default: Min/Max Units: | Motor NP Hz/3 <br> 0.0/Motor NP Hz <br> 0.1 Hz | $\underline{042}$ |
|  |  | $048$ $0$ | [Motor OL Factor] <br> Sets the operating level for the motor overload. $\underset{\text { FLA }}{\text { Motor }} \underset{\text { Factor }}{\text { OL }}=\underset{\text { Opevel }}{\text { Operating }}$ | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & 0.20 / 2.00 \end{aligned}$ $0.01$ | $\begin{array}{r}042 \\ 220 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 049 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor Poles] <br> Defines the number of poles in the motor. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 2 / 40 \\ & 1 \text { Pole } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 운 <br> 0 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $\begin{gathered} 053 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Motor Cntl Sel] <br> Sets the method of motor control used in the drive. <br> When "Adj Voltage" is selected, voltage control is independent from frequency control. The voltage and frequency components have independent references and accel/decel rates. Typical applications include non-motor loads or power supplies. <br> Important: "FVC Vector" mode requires autotuning of the motor. Being coupled to the load will determine inertia (preferably lightly-loaded). Total Inertia (parameter 450 ) will have to be estimated if uncoupled for tuning of the speed loop or separately adjust Ki and Kp (parameters 445 \& 446). | Default: 0 "Sensrls Vect" <br> Options: 0 "Sensrls Vect" <br>  1 "SV Economize" <br>  2 "Custom V/Hz" <br>  3 "Fan/Pmp V/Hz" <br>  4 "FVC Vector" <br>  5 "Adj Voltage" |  |  |
|  |  | 054 | [Maximum Voltage] <br> Sets the highest voltage the drive will output. | Default: <br> Min/Max <br> Units: | Drive Rated Volts <br> Rated Volts $\times 0.25 /$ Rated Volts <br> 0.1 VAC |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 055 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Maximum Freq] <br> Sets the highest frequency the drive will output. Refer to [Overspeed Limit], 083. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 110.0 \text { or } 130.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 5.0 / 420.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | 083 |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 츺 \& \& \% \& Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions \& Values \& \& \%
¢
¢
\%
¢ \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& 056 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
[Compensation] \\
Factory Default Bit Values \\
Option Descriptions
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
int (except \(F\) \\
overvoltage \\
d). \\
es, disabling e accel/dec d for future r power dia \\
isabling may y not need tion of the s. cy from de FVC Vector
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1=\text { Enabled } \\
\& 0=\text { Disabled } \\
\& \text { x }=\text { Reserved }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
VC Vector mode). \\
protection for long cable \\
jerk removes a short el ramp. \\
enhancements. gnostic tests which run at \\
y improve torque regulation d). \\
applied voltage, effectively \\
creasing to 2 kHz at low r mode without encoder.
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline \& \& 057 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
[Flux Up Mode] \\
Auto \(=\) Flux is established for a calculated time period based on motor nameplate data. [Flux Up Time] is not used. \\
Manual = Flux is established for [Flux Up Time] before acceleration.
\end{tabular} \& Default: Options: \& \(\begin{array}{ll}0 \& \text { "Manual" } \\ 0 \& \text { "Manual" } \\ 1 \& \text { "Automatic" }\end{array}\) \& \(\underline{053}\) \\
\hline \& \& 058 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
[Flux Up Time] \\
Sets the amount of time the drive will use to try and achieve full motor stator flux. When a Start command is issued, DC current at current limit level is used to build stator flux before accelerating.
\end{tabular} \& Default: Min/Max: Units: \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 0.000 \text { Secs } \\
\& 0.000 / 5.000 \text { Secs } \\
\& 0.001 \text { Secs }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \(\underline{053}\) \\
\hline \& \& 059 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
[SV Boost Filter] \\
Sets the amount of filtering used to boost voltage during Sensorless Vector and FVC Vector (encoderless) operation.
\end{tabular} \& Default: Min/Max: Units: \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
500
\] \\
0/32767

\end{tabular} \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $066$ FV | [Autotune Torque] <br> Specifies motor torque applied to the motor during the flux current and inertia tests performed during an autotune. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50.0 \% \\ & 0.0 / 150.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 067 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { FV } \end{aligned}$ | [Inertia Autotune] <br> Provides an automatic method of setting [Total Inertia]. This test is automatically run during Start-Up motor tests. Important: If using rotate tune for "Sensrls Vect" mode, the motor should be uncoupled from the load or results may not be valid. With "FVC Vector", either a coupled or uncoupled load will produce valid result. <br> "Ready" = Parameter returns to this setting following a completed inertia tune. "Inertia Tune" = A temporary command that initiates an inertia test of the motor/ load combination. The motor will ramp up and down, while the drive measures the amount of inertia. | Default: Options: | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 0 & \text { "Ready" } \\ 0 & \text { "Ready" } \\ 1 & \text { "Inertia Tune" } \end{array}$ | $\frac{053}{450}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 427 \\ 431 \\ \mathrm{O} \\ \mathrm{FV} \end{gathered}$ | [Torque Ref A Sel] <br> [Torque Ref B Sel] <br> Selects the source of the external torque reference to the drive. How this reference is used is dependent upon [Speed/ Torque Mod]. <br> ${ }^{(1)}$ See Appendix B for DPI port locations. | Default: <br> Options: |  | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 428 \\ & 432 \\ & \text { FV } \end{aligned}$ | [Torque Ref A Hi] <br> [Torque Ref B Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [Torque Ref A Sel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & -1+800.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 053 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 429 \\ & 433 \\ & \text { FV } \end{aligned}$ | [Torque Ref A Lo] <br> [Torque Ref B Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [Torque Ref A Sel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \% \\ & 0.0 \% \\ & -/+800.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 053 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 430 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Torq Ref A Div] <br> Defines the value of the divisor for the [Torque Ref A Sel] selection. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.1 / 3276.7 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 434 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Torque Ref B Mult] <br> Defines the value of the multiplier for the [Torque Ref B Sel] selection. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & -/+32767.0 \\ & 0.1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 053 |



| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | - | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | (\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 071 | [Break Voltage] <br> Sets the voltage the drive will output at [Break Frequency]. Refer to parameter 083 [Overspeed Limit]. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & {[\text { [Motor NP Volts] } \times 0.25} \\ & 0.0 /[M o t o r ~ N P ~ V o l t s] ~ \\ & 0.1 \text { VAC } \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | 072 | [Break Frequency] <br> Sets the frequency the drive will output at [Break Voltage]. Refer to parameter 083. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | [Motor NP Hz] $\times 0.25$ <br> 0.0/[Maximum Freq] <br> 0.1 Hz | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{053} \\ & \hline 071 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 412 | [Motor Fdbk Type] <br> Selects the encoder type; single channel or quadrature. Options $1 \& 3$ detect a loss of encoder signal (when using differential inputs) regardless of the [Feedback Select], param. 080 setting. For FVC Vector mode, use a quadrature encoder only (option 0/1). If a single channel encoder is used (option $2 / 3$ ) in sensorless vector or V/Hz mode, select "Reverse Dis" (option 2) in param. 190. | Default: Options: | 0 "Quadrature" <br> 0 "Quadrature" <br> 1 "Quad Check" <br> 2 "Single Chan" <br> 3 "Single Check" |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 413 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Encoder PPR] <br> Contains the encoder pulses per revolution. For improved operation in FVC Vector mode, PPR should be $\geq$ ( 64 x motor poles). | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1024 \text { PPR } \\ & \text { 2/20000 PPR } \\ & \text { 1 PPR } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 414 | [Enc Position Fdbk] <br> Displays raw encoder pulse count. For single channel encoders, this count will increase (per rev.) by the amount in [Encoder PPR]. For quadrature encoders this count will increase by 4 times the amount defined in [Encoder PPR]. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+2147483647 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 415 | [Encoder Speed] <br> Provides a monitoring point that reflects speed as seen from the feedback device. | Default: <br> Min/Max <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+420.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & -++22200.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | 079 |
|  |  | 416 | [Fdbk Filter Sel] <br> Selects the type of feedback filter desired. "Light" uses a 35/49 radian feedback filter. "Heavy" uses a 20/40 radian feedback filter. | Default: Options: | 0 "None" <br> 0 "None" <br> 1 "Light" <br> 2 "Heavy" |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 419 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Notch FilterFreq] <br> Sets the center frequency for an optional 2 -pole notch filter. Filter is applied to the torque command. "0" disables this filter. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.0 / 500.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{053}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 420 \\ & F \\ & F \end{aligned}$ | [Notch Filter K] <br> Sets the gain for the 2-pole notch filter. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | 0.3 Hz <br> $0.1 / 0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> 0.1 Hz | 053 |


| 으플 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 은 <br> 2 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $\begin{gathered} 421 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Marker Pulse] <br> Latches the raw encoder count at each marker pulse. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+2147483647 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 422 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Pulse In Scale] <br> Sets the scale factor/gain for the Pulse Input when P423 is set to "Pulse Input." Calculate for the desired speed command as follows: for Hz, [Pulse In Scale] = $\frac{\text { Input Pulse Rate (Hz) }}{\text { Desired Cmd. (Hz) }}$ <br> for RPM, [Pulse In Scale] = $\frac{\text { Input Pulse Rate }(\mathrm{Hz})}{\text { Desired Cmd. (RPM) }} \mathrm{x} \frac{120}{[\text { Motor Poles] }}$ | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 2 / 20000 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 423 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Encoder Z Chan] <br> Defines if the input wired to terminals 5 \& 6 of the Encoder Terminal Block will be used as a Pulse or Marker input. Options 1 \& 3 detect a loss of signal (when using differential inputs) regardless of the [Feedback Select], param. 080 setting. When option 2 or 3 is used with Profile/ Indexer mode, the "homing" routine will position to the nearest marker pulse off of the home limit switch. | Default: Options: | 0 "Pulse Input" <br> 0 "Pulse Input" <br> 1 "ulse Check" <br> 2 "Marker Input" <br> 3 "Marker Check" |  |

## Speed Command File

| $\stackrel{0}{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \frac{\partial}{0} \end{aligned}$ | i | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descritions | Values |  |  | ¢ <br> $\mathbf{0}$ <br> ¢ <br> ¢ <br> ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $079$ | [Speed Units] | Default: | 0 | "Hz" |  |
|  |  |  | Selects the units to be used for all speed related parameters. Options 0 \& 1 indicate status only. Options 2 \& 3 will convert/configure the drive for that selection. <br> "Convert Hz" (2) - converts all speed based parameters to Hz , and changes the value proportionately (i.e. 1800 RPM $=60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). <br> "Convert RPM" (3) - converts all speed based parameters to RPM, and changes the value proportionately. | Options: | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | "Hz" <br> "RPM" <br> "Convert Hz" <br> "Convert RPM" |  |


| 으ㅍㅡㅡㄹ | 은 | $\stackrel{\text { \% }}{ }$ | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | ( |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | o을o응 | $\begin{gathered} 080 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Feedback Select] <br> Selects the source for motor speed feedback. Note that all selections are available when using Process PI. <br> "Open Loop" (0) - no encoder is present, and slip compensation is not needed. "Slip Comp" (1) - tight speed control is needed, and encoder is not present. "Encoder" (3) - an encoder is present. "Simulator" (5) - Simulates a motor for testing drive operation \& interface check. | Default: Options: | 0 "Open Loop" <br> 0 "Open Loop" <br> 1 "Slip Comp" <br> 2 "Reserved" <br> 3 "Encoder" <br> 4 "Reserved" <br> 5 "Simulator" | $\frac{412}{152}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 081 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Minimum Speed] <br> Sets the low limit for speed reference after scaling is applied. Refer to parameter 083 [Overspeed Limit]. | Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 /[\mathrm{Maximum} \text { Speed] } \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{079}$ <br> 083 <br> 092 <br> 095 |
|  |  |  | [Maximum Speed] <br> Sets the high limit for speed reference after scaling is applied. Refer to parameter 083 [Overspeed Limit]. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 50.0 \text { or } 60.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { (volt class) } \\ & \text { [Motor NP RPM] } \\ & 5.0 / 400.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 75.0 / 24000.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{055}$ <br> $\underline{079}$ <br> 083 <br> 091 <br> 094 <br> $\underline{0202}$ |
|  |  | 083 | [Overspeed Limit] <br> Sets the incremental amount of the output frequency (above [Maximum Speed]) allowable for functions such as slip compensation. <br> [Maximum Speed] + [Overspeed Limit] must be $\leq$ [Maximum Freq] | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: <br> equency Range Current Limit equency Range Frequency Range | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 300.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.0 / 20.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.0 / 600.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$  | $\frac{055}{079}$ <br> 082 <br> $i$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 084 \\ & 085 \\ & 086 \end{aligned}$ | [Skip Frequency 1] <br> [Skip Frequency 2] <br> [Skip Frequency 3] <br> Sets a frequency at which the drive will not operate. [Skip Frequency 1-3] and [Skip Frequency Band] must not equal 0. | Default: <br> Default: <br> Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | 0.0 Hz 0.0 Hz 0.0 Hz $-+[\mathrm{Maximum}$ Speed] 0.1 Hz |  |



| 읖 | 은 | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 090 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Speed Ref A Sel] <br> Selects the source of the speed reference to the drive unless [Speed Ref B Sel] or [Preset Speed 1-7] is selected. <br> (1) See Appendix B for DPI port locations. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 091 | [Speed Ref A Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [Speed Ref A Sel] selection when the source is an analog input. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [Maximum Speed] } \\ & -/+[\text { Maximum Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.01 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{079}{082}$ |
|  |  | 092 | [Speed Ref A Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [Speed Ref A Sel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & -/+[\text { Maximum Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.01 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{079}$ |
|  |  | 093 | [Speed Ref B Sel] <br> See [Speed Ref A Sell]. | Default: Options: | 11 "Preset Spd1" <br> See [Speed Ref A Sel] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { See } \\ & 090 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 094 | [Speed Ref B Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [Speed Ref $\mathrm{B} \mathrm{Sel}]$ selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [Maximum Speed] } \\ & -/+[\mathrm{Maximum} \text { Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.01 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{079}$ |
|  |  | 095 | [Speed Ref B Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [Speed Ref B Sell selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & -l+[\mathrm{Maximum} \text { Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.01 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{079}$ <br> 090 <br> 093 |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 으́ } \\ & \frac{\mathbf{O}}{\mathbf{j}} \end{aligned}$ | < | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Speed References | $\begin{gathered} 096 \\ 09 \end{gathered}$ | [TB Man Ref Sel] <br> Sets the manual speed reference source when a digital input is configured for "Auto/Manual." <br> (1) "Analog In 2" is not a valid selection if it was selected for any of the following: <br> - [Trim In Select] <br> - [PI Feedback Sel] <br> - [PI Reference Sel] <br> - [Current Lmt Sel] <br> - [Sleep-Wake Ref] | Default: Options: | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 1 & \text { "Analog } \ln 1 " \\ 1 & \text { "Analog } \ln 1 " \\ 2 & \text { "Analog } \ln 2 "(1) \\ 3-8 & \text { "Reserved" } \\ 9 & \text { "MOP Level" } \end{array}$ | $\underline{097}$ |
|  |  | 097 | [TB Man Ref Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [TB Man Ref Sel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | [Maximum Speed] $-1+[$ Maximum Speed] 0.1 Hz <br> 0.01 RPM | $\underline{079}$ |
|  |  | 098 | [TB Man Ref Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [TB Man Ref Sell selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & -++[\text { Maximum Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.01 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{079}$ |
|  |  | 099 | [Pulse Input Ref] <br> Displays the pulse input value as seen at terminals 5 and 6 of the Encoder Terminal Block, if [Encoder Z Chan], parameter 423 is set to "Pulse Input." | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+420.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & -/+25200.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 100 | [Jog Speed 1] <br> Sets the output frequency when Jog Speed 1 is selected. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 300.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & -/+[\mathrm{Maximum} \text { Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | 079 |
|  |  | 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 | [Preset Speed 1] <br> [Preset Speed 2] <br> [Preset Speed 3] <br> [Preset Speed 4] <br> [Preset Speed 5] <br> [Preset Speed 6] <br> [Preset Speed 7] <br> Provides an internal fixed speed command value. In bipolar mode direction is commanded by the sign of the reference. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $5.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 150 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $10.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 300 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $20.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 600 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $30.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 900 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $40.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1200 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $50.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1500 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $60.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1800 \mathrm{RPM}$ <br> $-1+[$ Maximum Speed] <br> 0.1 Hz <br> 1 RPM | $\underline{079}$ $\underline{090}$ $\underline{093}$ |
|  |  | 108 | [Jog Speed 2] <br> Sets the output frequency when Jog Speed 2 is selected. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 300.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & -/+[\mathrm{Maximum} \text { Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ |  |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 은 | 은 | 2' | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 127 | [PI Setpoint] <br> Provides an internal fixed value for process setpoint when [PI Reference Sel] is set to "PI Setpoint." | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 50.00 \% \\ & -/+100.00 \% \text { of Maximum } \\ & \text { Process Value } \\ & 0.01 \% \end{aligned}$ | 124 thru 138 |
|  |  | $128$ | [PI Feedback Sel] <br> Selects the source of the PI feedback. <br> ${ }^{(1)}$ Adjustable Voltage Mode. | Default: <br> Options: |  | $\begin{array}{r}124 \\ \text { thru } \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  | 129 | [PI Integral Time] <br> Time required for the integral component to reach 100\% of [PI Error Meter]. Not functional when the PI Hold bit of [PI Control] = "1" (enabled). | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2.00 Secs } \\ & \text { 0.00/100.00 Secs } \\ & 0.01 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{124}{\text { thru }} \\ & 138 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 130 | [PI Prop Gain] <br> Sets the value for the PI proportional component. <br> PI Error x PI Prop Gain = PI Output | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.00 / 100.00 \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{124}{\text { thru }} \\ & 138 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 131 | [PI Lower Limit] <br> Sets the lower limit of the PI output. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-[Maximum Freq] } \\ & -100 \% \\ & -+400.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & --+800.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{079}{124} \\ & \hline \text { thru } \\ & 138 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 132 | [PI Upper Limit] <br> Sets the upper limit of the PI output. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & +[\text { Maximum Freq] } \\ & 100 \% \\ & -+400.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & -/+800.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{079}{124} \\ & \hline \text { thru } \\ & 138 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 133 | [PI Preload] <br> Sets the value used to preload the integral component on start or enable. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & \text { [PI Lower Limit]/] } \\ & \text { [PI Upper Limit] } \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 079 \\ \hline 124 \\ \hline \text { thru } \\ 138 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 으플 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 윤 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 450 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Total Inertia] <br> Represents the time in seconds, for a motor coupled to a load to accelerate from zero to base speed, at rated motor torque. The drive calculates Total Inertia during the autotune inertia procedure. Adjusting this parameter will cause the drive to calculate and change [Ki Speed Loop] and [Kp Speed Loop] gains. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.10 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.01 / 600.00 \\ & 0.01 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{053}$ |
| \% |  | $\begin{aligned} & 451 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Speed Loop Meter] <br> Value of the speed regulator output. <br> (1) "\%" if [Motor Cntl Sel] = "FVC Vector." | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | Read Only $\text { -/+800.0\% }{ }^{(1)}$ <br> $-1+800.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> -/+800.0 RPM <br> $0.1 \% / \mathrm{Hz} / \mathrm{RPM}$ | $\underline{053}$ <br> $\underline{121}$ <br> $\underline{079}$ |

## Dynamic Control File

| 으플 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 <br> $\mathbf{y}$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 2 <br> 2 <br> 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 140 \\ & 141 \end{aligned}$ | [Accel Time 1] <br> [Accel Time 2] <br> Sets the rate of accel for all speed increases. $\frac{\text { Max Speed }}{\text { Accel Time }}=\text { Accel Rate }$ | Default: 10.0 Secs <br>  10.0 Secs <br> Min/Max: $0.0 / 3600.0$ Secs <br> Units: 0.1 Secs |  | $\frac{142}{143}$ $\frac{146}{361}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | [Decel Time 1] <br> [Decel Time 2] <br> Sets the rate of decel for all speed decreases. $\frac{\text { Max Speed }}{\text { Decel Time }}=\text { Decel Rate }$ | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.0 Secs } \\ & 10.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{140}{141}$ $\frac{146}{361}$ |
|  |  | 146 | [S Curve \%] <br> Sets the percentage of accel or decel time that is applied to the ramp as $S$ Curve. Time is added, $1 / 2$ at the beginning and $1 / 2$ at the end of the ramp. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \% \\ & 0 / 100 \% \\ & 1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 140 <br> thru <br> 143 |
|  |  | 147 | [Current Lmt Sel] <br> Selects the source for the adjustment of current limit (i.e. parameter, analog input, etc.). | Default: Options: | 0 "Cur Lim Val" <br> 0 "Cur Lim Val" <br> 1 "Analog In 1" <br> 2 "Analog In 2" | $\frac{146}{149}$ |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 응 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 148 | [Current Lmt Val] <br> Defines the current limit value when [Current Lmt Sel] = "Cur Lim Val." <br> When in "Adj Voltage" mode, the output voltage will not be allowed to exceed this value. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | [Rated Amps] $\times 1.5$ (Equation yields approximate default value.) <br> Based on Drive Rating 0.1 Amps | $\frac{147}{149}$ |
|  |  | 149 | [Current Lmt Gain] <br> Sets the responsiveness of the current limit. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 0 / 5000 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{147}{148}$ |
|  |  | 150 | [Drive OL Mode] <br> Selects the drives response to increasing drive temperature and may reduce the current limit value as well as the PWM frequency. If the drive is being used with a sine wave filter, the filter is likely tuned to a specific carrier frequency. To ensure stable operation it is recommended to set this parameter to "Reduce CLim" | Default: Options: | 3 "Both-PWM 1st" <br> 0 "Disabled" <br> 1 "Reduce CLim" <br> 2 "Reduce PWM" <br> 3 "Both-PWM 1st" | $\underline{219}$ |
|  |  | 151 | [PWM Frequency] <br> Sets the carrier frequency for the PWM output. Drive derating may occur at higher carrier frequencies. For derating information, refer to the PowerFlex Reference Manual. <br> Important: If parameter 053 [Motor Cntl\| Sell is set to "FVC Vector", the drive will run at 2 kHz when operating below 6 Hz . | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & 2 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \text { (Frames } 4-6,600 / 690 \mathrm{VAC}) \\ & 2 / 10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & 2 / 4 / 8 / 10 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 152 | [Droop RPM @ FLA] <br> Selects amount of droop that the speed reference is reduced when at full load torque. Zero disables the droop function. <br> Important: Selecting "Slip Comp" with parameter 080 in conjunction with parameter 152, may produce undesirable results. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \text { RPM } \\ & 0.0 / 200.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \text { RPM } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 153 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Regen Power Limit] <br> Sets the maximum power limit allowed to transfer from the motor to the DC bus. When using an external dynamic brake, set this parameter to its maximum value. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & -50.0 \% \\ & -800.0 / 0.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 053 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 154 \\ & F V \end{aligned}$ | [Current Rate Limit] <br> Sets the largest allowable rate of change for the current reference signal. This number is scaled in percent of maximum motor current every 250 microseconds. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 400.0\% } \\ & 1.0 / 800.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 053 |



| 읖 |  | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 161 \\ 162 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | [Bus Reg Mode A] <br> [Bus Reg Mode B] <br> Sets the method and sequence of the DC bus regulator voltage. Choices are dynamic brake, frequency adjust or both. Sequence is determined by programming or digital input to the terminal block. <br> Dynamic Brake Setup <br> If a dynamic brake resistor is connected to the drive, both of these parameters must be set to either option 2,3 or 4 . <br> Refer to the Attention statement on page P-4 for important information on bus regulation. | Default: 1 "Adjust Freq" <br>  4 "Both-Frq 1st" <br> Options: 0 "Disabled" <br>  1 "Adjust Freq" <br>  2 "Dynamic Brak" <br>  3 "Both-DB 1st" <br>  4 "Both-Frq 1st" |  |  | $\frac{160}{163}$1 |
|  |  |  | ATTENTION: The drive does not offer protection for externally mounted brake resistors. A risk of fire exists if external braking resistors are not protected. External resistor packages must be self-protected from over temperature or the protective circuit shown in Figure C. 1 on page $\mathrm{C}-3$ (or equivalent) must be supplied. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 163 |  |  |  |  | $\frac{161}{162}$ |
|  |  |  | [DB Resistor Type] | Default: 0 "None" <br> Options: 0 "Internal Res" <br>  1 "External Res" <br>  2 "None" |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Selects whether the internal or an external DB resistor will be used. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Important: In 0-3 Frame drives, only one DB resistor can be connected to the drive. Connecting both an internal \& external resistor could cause damage. If a dynamic brake resistor is connected to the drive, [Bus Reg Mode A \& B] must be set to either option 2, 3 or 4 . |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ATTENTION: Equipment damage may result if a drive mounted (internal) resistor is installed and this parameter is set to "External Res" or "None." Thermal protection for the internal resistor will be disabled, resulting in possible device damage. Also see ATTENTION above. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 164 | [Bus Reg Kp] <br> Proportional gain for the bus regulator. Used to adjust regulator response. | Default: 1500 <br> Min/Max: $0 / 10000$ <br> Units: 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 165 | [Bus Reg Kd] <br> Derivative gain for the bus regulator. Used to control regulator overshoot. | Default: 1000 <br> Min/Max: $0 / 10000$ <br> Units: 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




|  | 은 | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 179 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | [Sleep-Wake Ref] <br> Selects the source of the input controlling the Sleep-Wake function. | Default: Options: | 2 "Analog $\ln 2 "$ <br> 1 "Analog $\ln 1 "$ <br> 2 "Analog $\ln 2 "$ |  |
|  |  | 180 | [Wake Level] <br> Defines the analog input level that will start the drive. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 6.000 \mathrm{~mA}, 6.000 \text { Volts } \\ & \text { [Sleep Level]/20.000 mA } \\ & 10.000 \text { Volts } \\ & 0.001 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 0.001 \text { Volts } \end{aligned}$ | 181 |
|  |  | 181 | [Wake Time] <br> Defines the amount of time at or above [Wake Level] before a Start is issued. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 1000.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ | 180 |
|  |  | 182 | [Sleep Level] <br> Defines the analog input level that will stop the drive. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $5.000 \mathrm{~mA}, 5.000$ Volts <br> $4.000 \mathrm{~mA} /[$ Wake Level] 0.000 Volts/[Wake Level] 0.001 mA <br> 0.001 Volts | 183 |
|  |  | 183 | [Sleep Time] <br> Defines the amount of time at or below [Sleep Level] before a Stop is issued. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 1000.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ | 182 |
|  |  | $177$ <br> O | [Gnd Warn Level] <br> Sets the level at which a ground warning fault will occur. Configure with [Alarm Config 1]. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \mathrm{Amps} \\ & \text { 1.0/5.0 Amps } \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{Amps} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{259}$ |
|  |  | 184 | [Power Loss Mode] <br> Sets the reaction to a loss of input power. Power loss is recognized when: <br> - DC bus voltage is $\leq 73 \%$ of [DC Bus Memory] and [Power Loss Mode] is set to "Coast". <br> - DC bus voltage is $\leq 82 \%$ of [DC Bus Memory] and [Power Loss Mode] is set to "Decel". | Default: <br> Options: | 0 "Coast" <br> 0 "Coast" <br> 1 "Decel" <br> 2 "Continue" <br> 3 "Coast Input" <br> 4 "Decel Input" | $\frac{013}{185}$ |
|  |  | 185 | [Power Loss Time] <br> Sets the time that the drive will remain in power loss mode before a fault is issued. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 60.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 184 |



## Utility File



| 은 |  | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6!luoo joy WIH | 192 | [Save HIM Ref] <br> Enables HIM to control Speed Reference only or Reference, Start and Jog in Manual mode including two-wire control. Also enables a feature to save the present frequency reference value issued by the HIM to drive memory on power loss. Value is restored to the HIM on power up. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{5} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \end{aligned}$ |  | 193 | [Man Ref Preload] <br> Enables/disables a feature to automatically load the present "Auto" frequency reference value into the HIM when "Manual" is selected. Allows smooth speed transition from "Auto" to "Manual." | Default: Options: | 0 "Disabled" <br> 0 "Disabled" <br> 1 "Enabled" |  |
|  |  | 194 | [Save MOP Ref] <br> Enables/disables the feature that saves the present MOP frequency reference at power down or at stop. Bit \# <br> Factory Default Bit Values |  |  |  |
|  |  | 195 | [MOP Rate] <br> Sets rate of change of the MOP reference in response to a digital input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $1.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> 30.0 RPM/s <br> 0.2/[Maximum Freq] <br> 6.0/[Maximum Freq] <br> $0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> 0.1 RPM/s |  |
|  |  | 196 | [Param Access Lvl] <br> Selects the parameter display level. <br> Basic $=$ Reduced param. set <br> Advanced = Full param. set | Default: Options: | 0 "Basic" <br> 0 "Basic" <br> 1 "Advanced" <br> 2 "Reserved" |  |






| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 응 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | \% ¢ \% \% ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\vdots}{\frac{z}{5}}$ |  | 213 | [Speed Ref Source] <br> Displays the source of the speed reference to the drive. | Default: <br> Options |  Read Only <br> 0 "PI Output" <br> 1 "Analog In 1" <br> 2 "Analog In 2" <br> $3-6$ "Reserved" <br> 7 "Pulse In" <br> 8 "Encoder" <br> 9 "MOP Level" <br> 10 "Jog Speed 1" <br> 11-17 "Preset Spd1-7"  <br> 1822 "DPI Port 1-5" <br> 23 "Reserved" <br> 24 "Autotune" <br> 25 "Jog Speed 2" <br> $26-29$ "Scale Block 1-4" <br> 30 "Pos/Spd Prof" <br> 31 "Position Reg" <br> 32 "Micro Pos" <br> 33 "Homing" <br> 34 "Decel Switcc" <br> 35 "End Switch" <br> 36 "Unipolar Lim" <br> 37 "Rev Dis Lim" <br> 38 "Max Spd Lim" <br> 39 "Min Spd Lim" <br> 40 "Rev Spd Lim" <br> 41 "Load Trq Lim" | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{090}{\underline{093}} \\ & \hline 096 \\ & 101 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 214 | [Start Inhibits] <br> Displays the inputs currently preventing from starting. |  | Read Only <br> 1 = Inhibit True <br> $0=$ Inhibit False <br> x=Reserved |  |
|  |  | 215 | [Last Stop Source] <br> Displays the source that initiated the most recent stop sequence. It will be cleared (set to 0 ) during the next start sequence. | Default: Options |  Read Only <br> 0 "Pwr Removed" <br> 1-5 "DPI Port 1-5" <br> 6 "Reserved" <br> 7 ""igital In" <br> 8 ""autt" <br> 9 ""Not Enabled" <br> 10 "Sleep" <br> 11 "Jog" <br> 12 "Autotune" <br> 13 "Precharge" | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \frac{361}{362} \\ 363 \\ \frac{363}{364} \\ \hline 365 \\ \hline 366 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |



| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions Values |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 225 | [Fault Amps] Default: Read Only <br> Captures and displays motor amps at the Min $/$ Max: $0.0 /[$ Rated Amps] $\times 2$ <br> time of the last fault. Units: 0.1 Amps | $\underline{224}$ <br> thru <br> $\underline{230}$ |
|  |  | 226 | [Fault Bus Volts] Default: Read Only <br> Captures and displays the DC bus   <br> voltage of the drive at the time of the last Min/Max: Units: <br> fault.  0.1 VDC | $\underline{224}$ <br> thru <br> $\underline{230}$ |
|  |  | 227 | [Status 1 @ Fault] <br> Captures and displays [Drive Status 1] bit pattern at the time of the last fault. | $\begin{array}{r}\underline{209} \\ \underline{224} \\ \text { thru } \\ \underline{230} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  | 228 | [Status 2 @ Fault] <br> Captures and displays [Drive Status 2] bit pattern at the time of the last fault. | $\underline{210}$ <br> $\underline{224}$ <br> thru <br> $\underline{230}$ |
|  |  | 229 | [Alarm 1 @ Fault] <br> Captures and displays [Drive Alarm 1] at the time of the last fault. | $\underline{211}$ <br> $\underline{224}$ <br> thru <br> $\underline{230}$ |


| 읖 |  | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values | 윷 \% \% ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \vec{E} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{E} \end{aligned}$ |  | 230 | [Alarm 2 @ Fault] <br> Captures and displays [Drive Alarm 2] at the time of the last fault. |  | 212 224 hru 230 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 234 \\ & 236 \end{aligned}$ | [Testpoint 1 Sel] [Testpoint 2 Sel] <br> Selects the function whose value is displayed value in [Testpoint $x$ Data]. These are internal values that are not accessible through parameters. <br> See Testpoint Codes and Functions on page 4-16 for a listing of available codes and functions. | Default: 499 <br> Min/Max: $0 / 65535$ <br> Units: 1 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 235 \\ & 237 \end{aligned}$ | [Testpoint 1 Data] [Testpoint 2 Data] <br> The present value of the function selected in [Testpoint x Sel]. | Default: Read Only <br> Min/Max: $-1+2147483648$ <br> Units: 1 |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { n }}{\frac{\text { T }}{\text { un }}}$ | 238 | [Fault Config 1] <br> Enables/disables annunciation of the listed faults. |  |  |
|  |  | 240 | [Fault Clear] <br> Resets a fault and clears the fault queue | Default: 0 "Ready" <br> Options: 0 "Ready" <br>  1 "Clear Faults" <br>  2 "Clr Flt Que" |  |




| 으플 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 운 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 478 \\ & 484 \\ & 490 \\ & 496 \end{aligned}$ | [Scale1 In Lo] <br> [Scale2 In Lo] <br> [Scale3 In Lo] <br> [Scale4 In Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of [ScaleX In Value]. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.0 \\ & -/+32767.000 \\ & 0.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 479 \\ 485 \\ 491 \\ 497 \end{array}$ | [Scale1 Out Hi] <br> [Scale2 Out Hi] <br> [Scale3 Out Hi] <br> [Scale4 Out Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of [ScaleX Out Value]. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & -/+32767.000 \\ & 0.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & 486 \\ & 492 \\ & 498 \end{aligned}$ | [Scale1 Out Lo] <br> [Scale2 Out Lo] <br> [Scale3 Out Lo] <br> [Scale4 Out Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of [ScaleX Out Value]. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & -/+32767.000 \\ & 0.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 481 \\ & 487 \\ & 493 \\ & 499 \end{aligned}$ | [Scale1 Out Value] [Scale2 Out Value] [Scale3 Out Value] [Scale4 Out Value] <br> Value of the signal being sent out of the Universal Scale block. Typically this value is used as the source of information and will be linked to another parameter. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+32767.000 \\ & 0.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |

## Communication File



|  | 을 | 란 | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 은OEE0 | 274 | [DPI Port Sel] <br> Selects which DPI port reference value will appear in [DPI Port Value]. |    <br> Default:  "DPI Port 1" <br> Options: $1-5$ "DPI Port 1-5" |  |
|  |  | 275 | [DPI Port Value] <br> Value of the DPI reference selected in [DPI Port Sel]. | Default: Read Only <br> Min/Max: $-1+32767$ <br> Units: 1 |  |
|  |  | $298$ | [DPI Ref Select] <br> Scales DPI on maximum frequency or maximum speed. | Default: 0 "Max Freq" <br> Options: 0 "Max Freq" <br>  1 "Max Speed" |  |
|  |  | 299 | [DPI Fdbk Select] <br> Selects DPI units displayed on the "Fdbk" line of the HIM. <br> (1) Refer to Input/Output Definitions on page 3-54. <br> (2) "Speed Fdbk" is a filtered value. Choose "25, SpdFb NoFilt" if your process requires speed feedback via a communication network. | Default: 17 "Speed Fdbk"(2) <br> Options: 0 "Output Freq" <br>  1 "Command Spd" <br>  2 "Output Amps" <br>  3 "Torque Amps" <br>  4 "Flux Amps" <br>  5 "Output Power" <br>  6 "Output Volts" <br> 7 "DC Bus Volts"  <br> 8 "PI Reference"(1)  <br> 9 "PI Feedback"  <br> 10 "PI Error"  <br> 11 "PI Output"  <br> 12 "\%Motor OL"  <br> 13 "\%Drive OL"  <br> 14 "CommandedTrq"  <br> 15 "MtrTrqCurRef"(1)  <br> 16 "Speed Ref"  <br> 17 "Speed Fdbk" (2)  <br> 18 "Pulse In Ref"(1)  <br> 19 "Reserved""  <br> $20-23$ "Scale Block1-4(1)   <br> 24 "Param Cnt""  <br> 25 "SpdFb NoFilt"  |  |
|  |  | $276$ | [Logic Mask] <br> Determines which ports can control the div to " 1 ." If the bit for a port is set to " 0 ," the po for stop. <br> Factory Default Bit Values | rive when [Write Mask Act], bit 15 is set ort will have no control functions except | $\begin{array}{\|l} \underline{288} \\ \text { thru } \\ \underline{297} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $277$ | [Start Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can issue start commands. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \underline{288} \\ \text { thru } \\ \underline{297} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |


| 츺 | 은 | 안 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\infty$ <br> 0 <br> 1 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $278$ | [Jog Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can issue jog commands. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\underline{288}$ <br> thru <br> 297 <br> 1 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 279 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Direction Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can issue forward/reverse direction commands. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \frac{288}{\text { thru }} \\ 297 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 280 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Reference Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can select an alternate reference; [Speed Ref A, B Sel] or [Preset Speed 1-7]. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l} 288 \\ \text { thru } \\ 297 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 281 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Accel Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can select [Accel Time 1, 2]. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 288 \\ \text { thru } \\ 297 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 282 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Decel Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can select [Decel Time 1, 2]. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{288} \\ & \text { thru } \\ & 297 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 283 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Fault Clr Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can clear a fault. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 288 \\ \text { thru } \\ 297 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 284 | [MOP Mask] <br> Controls which adapters can issue MOP commands to the drive. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{288} \\ & \text { thru } \\ & \underline{297} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 285 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Local Mask] <br> Controls which adapters are allowed to take exclusive control of drive logic commands (except stop). Exclusive "local" control can only be taken while the drive is stopped. | See [Logic Mask]. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 288 \\ \text { thru } \\ 297 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 288 | [Stop Owner] <br> Adapters that are presently issuing a valid command. <br> Bit \# | Read Only <br> stop | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{276} \\ & \text { thru } \\ & \underline{285} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 289 | [Start Owner] <br> Adapters that are presently issuing a valid start command. | See [Stop Owner]. | 276 <br> thru <br> 885 |
|  |  | 290 | [Jog Owner] <br> Adapters that are presently issuing a valid jog command. | See [Stop Owner]. | $\underline{276}$ <br> thru <br> $\mathbf{2 8 5}$ |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 읖 | 을 | 2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Parameter Name \& Description } \\ \text { See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions }\end{array}$ Values |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08 | 극 | $\begin{gathered} 276 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Logic Mask] <br> Determines which ports can control the drive. If the bit for a port is set to " 0 ," the port will have no control functions except for stop. <br> Factory Default Bit Values | $\underline{288}$ <br> thru <br> $\underline{297}$ |
|  |  | 598 | [Logic Mask Act] <br> Read Only <br> Indicates status of the logic mask for DPI ports. When bit 15 is set, network security is controlling the logic mask instead of [Logic Mask]. <br> Factory Default Bit Values | 276 |

Inputs \& Outputs File

| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { oㄴ } \end{aligned}$ | 눈 | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions Values | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | 을믇은$\frac{0}{c}$$\frac{c}{4}$ | 320 | [Anlg In Config] <br> Selects the mode for the analog inputs. <br> Factory Default Bit Values | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{322}{325} \\ & \frac{323}{326} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| \% <br> 0 <br> 5 <br> 2 <br> 2 |  | 321 | [Anlg In Sqr Root] <br> Enables/disables the square root function for each input. <br> Factory Default Bit Values |  |


| 츺 |  | 2 |  | Parameter Name \＆Description See page 3－2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  | （ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \text { 言 } \\ & \underline{\underline{c}} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 322 \\ & 325 \end{aligned}$ |  | ［Analog In 1 Hi$]$ Analog In 2 Hi ］ <br> Sets the highest input value to the analog input x scaling block． <br> Anlg In Config］，parameter 320 defines if this input will be -+10 V or $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ． | Default： <br> Min／Max： <br> Units： |  | 0 Volt 0 Volt 20.000 mA .000 V 10.000 V mA Volt | $\underline{091}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 323 \\ & 326 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | ［Analog In 1 Lo］ <br> Analog In 2 Lo］ <br> Sets the lowest input value to the analog input x scaling block． <br> Anlg In Config］，parameter 320 defines if his input will be $-/+10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ． <br> f set below 4 mA ，［Analog $\ln \mathrm{x}$ Loss］ should be＂Disabled．＂ | Default： <br> Min／Max： <br> Units： |  | Volt Volt 20.000 mA ．000V ／10．000V mA Volt | 091 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 324 \\ 327 \end{array}$ |  | Analog In 1 Loss］ Analog In 2 Loss］ <br> Selects drive action when an analog signal loss is detected．Signal loss is defined as an analog signal less than 1V or 2 mA ．The signal loss event ends and normal operation resumes when the input signal level is greater than or equal to 1.5 V or 3 mA ． | Default： <br> Options： | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | ＂Disabled＂ ＂Disabled＂ <br> ＂Disabled＂ <br> ＂Fault＂ <br> ＂Hold Input＂ <br> ＂Set Input Lo＂ <br> ＂Set Input Hi＂ <br> ＂Goto Preset1＂ <br> ＂Hold OutFreq＂ | $\underline{091}$ |
| 旁 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{3} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \\ & \mathbf{O} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{5} \end{aligned}$ | 340 | ［Anlg Out Config］ <br> Selects the mode for the analog outputs．． |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $341$ | ［Anlg Out Absolut］ <br> Selects whether the signed value or absolute value of a parameter is used before being scaled to drive the analog output． Bit \＃ |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { Ò } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions |  |  | Values |  | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 342 \\ & 345 \end{aligned}$ | [Ana <br> [Ana <br> Selec drives | og Out1 Sel] og Out2 Sel] <br> ts the source of th the analog outpu <br> ns <br> "Output Freq" <br> "Command Spd" <br> "Output Amps" <br> "Torque Amps" <br> "Flux Amps" <br> "Output Power" <br> "Output Volts" <br> "DC Bus Volts" <br> "PI Reference" ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> "PI Feedback" <br> "PI Error" <br> "PI Output" <br> "\%Motor OL" <br> "\%Drive OL" <br> "CommandedTrq" <br> "MtrTrqCurRef" ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> "Speed Ref" <br> "Speed Fdbk" <br> "Pulse In Ref"(1) <br> "Torque Est" (1) <br> "Scale Block1-4"(1) <br> "Param Cnt" (1) <br> "SpdFb NoFilt <br> Refer to Option Defin | e value that <br> itions on page 3-54. | Default: 0"Outp <br> Options: See Ta <br> Value | put Freq" <br> Table <br> [Analog Out1 Hi] Value <br> + [Maximum Speed] <br> + [Maximum Speed] <br> 200\% Rated <br> 200\% Rated <br> 200\% Rated <br> 200\% Rated <br> 120\% Rated Input Volts <br> 200\% Rated Input Volts <br> 100\% <br> 100\% <br> 100\% <br> 100\% <br> 100\% <br> 100\% <br> 800\% Rated <br> 200\% Rated <br> +[Maximum Speed] <br> + [Maximum Speed] <br> + [Maximum Speed] <br> $+800 \%$ | $\frac{001}{002}$ <br> $\frac{003}{004}$ <br> $\frac{005}{007}$ <br> $\frac{006}{012}$ <br> $\frac{135}{136}$ <br> $\frac{137}{138}$ <br> $\frac{138}{220}$ <br> $\frac{219}{}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 343 \\ 346 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | [Ana [Ana <br> Sets sourc | og Out1 Hi] og Out2 Hi] <br> he analog output value is at maxi | value when the mum. | Default: 20.000 <br> Min/Max: 0.000 <br>  $-/+10$ <br> Units: 0.001 <br>  0.001 | $0 \mathrm{~mA}, 10.000$ Volts <br> 20.000 mA <br> .000V <br> mA <br> Volt | $\frac{340}{342}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 344 \\ & 347 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[\text { Ane }} \\ & \text { [Ane } \\ & \text { Sets } \\ & \text { sourc } \end{aligned}$ | og Out1 Lo] <br> og Out2 Lo] <br> he analog output value is at minim | alue when the um. | Default: 0.000 <br> Min/Max: $0.000 /$ <br>  $-/+10$ <br> Units: 0.001 <br>  0.001 | mA, 0.000 Volts <br> 20.000 mA <br> .000V <br> mA <br> Volt | $\frac{340}{342}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 354 \\ & 355 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l} {[\text { Anl }} \\ \text { [Anl } \\ \text { Sets } \\ \text { analc } \\ \text { this s } \\ \text { Exan } \\ \text { "Con } \\ 150^{\circ} \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | Out1 Scale] Out2 Scale] <br> he high value fo g out scale. Ente cale and max sc ple: If [Analog O manded Trq," a valu scale in place of | he range of ng 0.0 will disable will be used. Sel] = ue of $150=$ he default $800 \%$. | Default: 0.0 <br> Min/Max: [Anal <br> Units: 0.01 | Out1 Sel] |  |


| $\stackrel{\text { O}}{i \underline{1}}$ |  | < | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUTS \& OUTPUTS |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 377 \\ 378 \end{array}$ | [Anlg1 Out Setpt] <br> [Anlg2 Out Setpt] <br> Sets the analog output value from a communication device. Example: Set [Data In Ax] to "377" (value from communication device). Then set [Analog Outx Sel] to "Param Cnt.". | Default: Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 20.000 \mathrm{~mA}, 10.000 \text { Volts } \\ & 0.000 / 20.000 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & -1+10.000 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 0.001 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 0.001 \text { Volt } \end{aligned}$ |  |

Selected Option Definitions - [Analog Outx Sel], [Digital Inx Sel], [Digital Outx Sel]

| Option | Description | Related |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At Speed | Relay changes state when drive has reached commanded speed. | 380 |
| Fast Stop | When closed, the drive will stop with a 0.1 second decel time. (If Torque Proving is being used, float will be ignored at end of ramp and the mechanical brake will be set). | 361 |
| Excl Link | Links digital input to a digital output if the output is set to "Input 1-6 Link." This does not need to be selected in the Vector option. | 361 |
| Find Home | Starts the commissioning procedure when a start command is issued to automatically position the motor to a home position established by a limit switch. |  |
| Hold Step | Inhibits profile from transitioning to next step when active. |  |
| Home Limit | This input is used for the "home" position. |  |
| Input 1-6 Link | When Digital Output 1 is set to one of these (i.e. Input 3 Link) in conjunction with Digital Input 3 set to "Excl Link," the Digital Input 3 state (on/off) is echoed in the Digital Output 1. | $\underline{380}$ |
| Micro Pos | Micropostion input. When closed, the command frequency is set to a percentage speed reference as defined in [MicroPos Scale\%], parameter 611. | 361 |
| MOP Dec | Decrements speed reference as long as input is closed. | 361 |
| MOP Inc | Increments speed reference as long as input is closed. | 361 |
| MtrTrqCurRef | Torque producing current reference. | 342 |
| Param Cntl | Parameter controlled analog output allows PLC to control analog outputs through data links. Set in [AnlgX Out Setpt], parameters 377-378. | 342 |
| Param Cntl | Parameter controlled digital output allows PLC to control digital outputs through data links. Set in [Dig Out Setpt], parameter 379. | 380 |
| PI Reference | Reference for PI block (see Process PID on page C-28). | 342 |
| Pos Redefine | Redefines the "home" position for the drive by latching encoder position. |  |
| Pos Sel 1-5 | The binary value of these inputs is used to select the starting step number for the profile. |  |
| Precharge En | Forces drive into precharge state. Typically controlled by auxiliary contact on the disconnect at the $D C$ input to the drive. | 361 |
| Profile Input | Must be chosen if [Step X Type] is set to "Dig Input" and the digital input value that is entered in [Step $X$ Value] is the value of this digital input selector. |  |
| Pulse In Ref | Reference of the pulse input (Z channel of encoder - can be used while A \& B channels are encoder inputs). | 342 |
| RunFwd Level RunRev Level Run Level | Provides a run level input. They do not require a transition for enable or fault, but a transition is still required for a stop. |  |
| Run w/Comm | Allows the comms start bit to operate like a run with the run input on the terminal block. Ownership rules apply. |  |
| Scale Block 1-4 | Output of scale blocks, parameters 354-355. | 342 |
| Torque Est | Calculated percentage of rated motor torque. | 342 |
| Torque Setpt 1 | Selects "Torque Stpt1" for [Torque Ref A Sel] when set, otherwise uses value selected in [Torque Ref A Sel]. | 361 |
| Vel Override | When active, multiplies value of [Step X Velocity] by \% value in [Vel Override]. |  |



|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 인 } \end{aligned}$ | 울 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Parameter Name \& Description } \\ \text { See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions }\end{array}$ Values | (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{(10)}$ A dedicated hardware enable input is available via a jumper selection. Refer to page 1-18 for further information. <br> (11) Only available when "Torque Proving" function is selected. <br> (12) Refer to Option Definitions on page 3-54. <br> (13) Refer to [Dyn UsrSet Sel] on page 3-36 for selection information. |  |
|  |  | 379 | [Dig Out Setpt] <br> Sets the digital output value from a communication device. <br> Example <br> Set [Data In B1] to "379." The first three bits of this value will determine the setting of [Digital Outx Sel] which should be set to "30, Param Cntl." <br> Bit \# | 380 |


| 읖 | 은 | i | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 380 \\ & 384 \\ & 388 \end{aligned}$ | [Digital Out1 Sel] ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> [Digital Out2 Sel] <br> [Digital Out3 Sel] | Default: | 1 "Fault" <br> 4 "Run" <br> 4 "Run" | 381 385 389 |
|  |  |  | Selects the drive status that will energize a (CRx) output relay. <br> ${ }^{(1)}$ Any relay programmed as Fault or Alarm will energize (pick up) when power is applied to drive and deenergize (drop out) when a fault or alarm exists. Relays selected for other functions will energize only when that condition exists and will deenergize when condition is removed. Refer to pages 1-17. <br> (2) Refer to Option Definitions on page 3-54. <br> ${ }^{(3)}$ Activation level is defined in [Dig Outx Level] below. <br> (4) When [TorqProve Cnfg] is set to "Enable," [Digital Out1 Sel] becomes the brake control and any other selection will be ignored. | Options: |  | $\begin{array}{r}382 \\ \hline 386 \\ \hline 390 \\ \hline 383 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 381 \\ & 385 \\ & 389 \end{aligned}$ | [Dig Out1 Level] <br> [Dig Out2 Level] <br> [Dig Out3 Level] <br> Sets the relay activation level for options $10-15$ in [Digital Outx Sel]. Units are assumed to match the above selection (i.e. "At Freq" = Hz, "At Torque" = Amps). | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 / 819.2 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | 380 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 382 \\ & 386 \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ | [Dig Out1 OnTime] <br> [Dig Out2 OnTime] <br> [Dig Out3 OnTime] <br> Sets the "ON Delay" time for the digital outputs. This is the time between the occurrence of a condition and activation of the relay. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | 0.00 Secs 0.00 Secs $0.00 / 600.00$ Secs 0.01 Secs | 380 |




## Applications File



| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \hline \frac{1}{0} \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 601 |  | [TorqProve Setup] <br> Allows control of specific torque proving functions through a communication device. <br> Factory Default Bit Values |  |  |  |
|  | 을인는믄 | 602 | [Spd Dev Band] <br> Defines the allowable difference between the commanded frequency and encoder feedback value. A fault will occur when the difference exceeds this value for a period of time. | Default: <br> Min/Max <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 60.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 / 15.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 3.0 / 450.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | 603 |
|  |  | 603 | [SpdBand Integrat] <br> Sets the amount of time before a fault is issued when [Spd Dev Band] is outside its threshold. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \mathrm{mSec} \\ & 1 / 200 \mathrm{mSec} \\ & 1 \mathrm{mSec} \end{aligned}$ | 602 |
|  |  | 604 | [Brk Release Time] <br> Sets the time between the brake release command and when the drive begins to accelerate. In Encoderless mode, this parameter sets the time to release the brake after drive starts. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.10 Secs } \\ & 0.00 / 10.00 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.01 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 605 | [ZeroSpdFIoatTime] <br> Sets the amount of time the drive is below [Float Tolerance] before the brake is set. Not used in Encoderless TorgProve mode. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 / 500.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 606 | [Float Tolerance] <br> Sets the frequency level where the float timer starts. Also sets the frequency level where the brake will be closed in Encoderless TorqProve mode. | Default: <br> Min/Max <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 6.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 / 5.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 3.0 / 150.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 607 | [Brk Set Time] <br> Defines the amount of delay time between commanding the brake to be set and the start of brake proving. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.10 Secs } \\ & 0.00 / 10.00 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.01 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 608 | [TorqLim SlewRate] <br> Sets the rate to ramp the torque limits to zero during brake proving. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.5 / 300.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 609 | [BrkSlip Count] <br> Sets the number of encoder counts to define a brake slippage condition. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $250$ <br> 0/65535 <br> 1 |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 을인은은 | 610 | [Brk Alarm Travel] <br> Sets the number of motor shaft revolutions allowed during the brake slippage test. Drive torque is reduced to check for brake slippage. When slippage occurs, the drive allows this number of motor shaft revolutions before regaining control. Not used in Encoderless TorgProve mode. | Default: 1.0 Revs <br> Min/Max: $0.0 / 1000.0$ Revs <br> Units: 0.1 Revs |  |  |
|  |  | 611 | [MicroPos Scale\%] <br> Sets the percent of speed reference to be used when micropositioning has been selected in [TorqProve Cnfg]. Bit 2 of [TorqProve Cnfg], parameter 600 determines if the motor needs to come to a stop before this setting will take effect. | Default: $10.0 \%$ <br> Min/Max: $0.1 / 100.0 \%$ <br> Units: $0.1 \%$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 361 \\ \text { thru } \\ 366 \\ \hline 600 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 612 | [Torq Prove Sts] <br> Displays the status bits for TorqProve. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 631 | [Rod Load Torque] <br> Displays the load side torque. | Default: Read Only <br> Min/Max: $0.00 / 32000.00$ FtLb <br> Units: 0.01 FtLb |  |  |
|  |  | 632 | [TorqAlarm Level] <br> Sets the level at which the Torque Alarm becomes active. | Default: 0.00 FtLb <br> Min/Max: $0.00 / 5000.00$ FtLb <br> Units: 0.01 FtLb |  |  |
|  | 을 | 633 | [TorqAlarm Action] <br> Sets the drive action when the Torque Alarm is exceeded. | Default: 0 "No Action" <br> Options: 0 "No Action" <br>  1 "Goto Preset1" |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\overline{0}} \\ & \overline{\mathbf{0}} \\ & \overline{\overline{0}} \end{aligned}$ | 634 | [TorqAlarm Dwell] <br> Sets the time that the torque must exceed [TorqAlarm Level] before [TorqAlarm Action] takes place. | Default: 0.0 Secs <br> Min/Max: $0.0 / 60.0$ Secs <br> Units: 0.1 Secs |  |  |
|  |  | 635 | [TorqAIrm Timeout] <br> Sets the amount of time a Torque Alarm can be active until timeout action begins. | Default: 0.0 Secs <br> Min/Max: $0.0 / 600.0$ Secs <br> Units: 0.1 Secs |  |  |
|  |  | 636 | [TorqAIrm TO Act] <br> Sets the drive action when [TorqAlrm Timeout] is exceeded. | Default: Options | 0 0 0 1 1 "Resume" "Rault Drive" |  |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | \% <br> $\mathbf{0}$ <br> $\frac{0}{0}$ <br> ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \underline{\underline{3}} \\ & \overline{\mathbf{0}} \\ & \overline{\mathbf{0}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 637 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [PCP Pump Sheave] <br> Specifies the pump sheave diameter. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 20.00 Inch } \\ & 0.25 / 200.00 \text { Inch } \\ & 0.01 \text { Inch } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 638 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Max Rod Torque] <br> Sets the desired maximum torque on the polished rod in a PCP oil well application | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 500.0 \text { FtLb } \\ & 0.0 / 3000.0 \text { FtLb } \\ & 0.1 \text { FtLb } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 639 | [Min Rod Speed] <br> Sets the minimum speed for the polished rod in a PCP oil well application. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.0 / 199.0 \mathrm{RPM} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{081}{646}$ |
|  |  | $640$ $0$ | [Max Rod Speed] <br> Sets the maximum speed for the polished rod in a PCP oil well application. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 300.0 \text { RPM } \\ & \text { 200.0/600.0 RPM } \\ & 0.1 \text { RPM } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{082}{646} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $641$ $0$ | [OilWell Pump Sel] <br> Selects the type of oil well application. <br> "Disable" (0) - Disables oil well parameters. <br> "Pump Jack" (1) - Sets parameters based on Pump Jack type oil well. <br> "PC Oil Well" (2) - Sets parameters based on Progressive Cavity type Pumps. | Default: <br> Options: | 0 "Disable" <br> 0 "Disable" <br> 1 "Pump Jack" <br> 2 "PC Oil Well" |  |
|  |  | $642$ | [Gearbox Rating] <br> Sets the gearbox rating. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 640.0 \text { Kin\# } \\ & \text { 16.0/2560.0 Kin\# } \\ & 0.1 \text { Kin\# } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $643$ $0$ | [Gearbox Sheave] <br> Sets the Sheave diameter on the Gearbox. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \text { Inch } \\ & 0.25 / 100.00 \text { Inch } \\ & 0.01 \text { Inch } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $644$ $0$ | [Gearbox Ratio] <br> Specifies the nameplate gear ratio. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & 1.00 / 40.00 \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $645$ <br> (O) | [Motor Sheave] <br> Sets the sheave diameter on the motor. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 10.00 \text { Inch } \\ & 0.25 / 25.00 \text { Inch } \\ & 0.01 \text { Inch } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $646$ $0$ | [Total Gear Ratio] <br> Displays the calculated total gear ratio as follows: $\frac{\text { [Gearbox Sheave] } \mathrm{x} \text { [Gearbox Ratio] }}{[\text { Motor Sheave }]}$ | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & 0.00 / 32000.00 \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 647 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [DB Resistor] <br> Calculates the negative torque maximum available from the dynamic brake resistor. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.4 Ohms } \\ & \text { 0.0/100.0 Ohms } \\ & \text { 0.1 Ohms } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 648 | [Gearbox Limit] <br> Sets the gearbox torque limit. This value is used in determining the [Pos Torque Limit] \& [Neg Torque Limit]. | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \% \\ & 0.0 / 200.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | (\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 650 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Adj Volt Phase] <br> "1 Phase" (0) - Select to operate single phase loads connected to the $U \& V$ phases. Not designed to operate single phase motors. <br> "3 Phase" (1) - Select to operate three phase loads. | Default: Options: | 1 "3 Phase" <br> 0 " 1 Phase" <br> 1 " 3 Phase" |  |
|  |  | $651$ | [Adj Volt Select] <br> Selects the source of the voltage reference to the drive. | Default: <br> Options: | 2 "Analog $\ln 2 "$ <br> 0 "Reserved" <br> 1 "Analog $\ln 1 "$ <br> 2 "Analog $\operatorname{In} 2 "$ <br> $3-6$ "Reserved" <br> $7-8$ "Not Used <br> 9 "MOP Level" <br> 10 "Reserved" <br> $11-17$ "Preset Volt1-7" <br> $18-22$ "DPI Port 1-5" |  |
|  |  | $652$ $0$ | [Adj Volt Ref Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [Adj Volt Select] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \% \\ & -/+100.0 \% \text { of Drive Rated } \\ & \text { Volts } \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $653$ | [Adj Volt Ref Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [Adj Volt Select] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | 0.0\% $-1+100.0 \%$ of Drive Rated Volts $0.1 \%$ |  |
|  |  | 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 | [Adj Volt Preset 1] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 2] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 3] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 4] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 5] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 6] <br> [Adj Volt Preset 7] <br> Provides an internal fixed voltage command value that is available as a selection for [Adj Volt Select]. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.0 VAC } \\ & \text { 0.0/Drive Rated Volts } \\ & 0.1 \text { VAC } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 661 | [Min Adj Voltage] <br> Sets the low limit for the voltage reference when [Motor Cntrl Sel] is set to "Adj Voltage." |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.0 VAC } \\ & \text { 0.0/Drive Rated Volts } \\ & 0.1 \text { VAC } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 662 | [Adj Volt Command] <br> Displays the voltage value of the reference specified in [Adj Volt Select]. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & \text { 0.0/Drive Rated Volts } \\ & 0.1 \text { VAC } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 663 | [MOP Adj VoltRate] <br> Sets the rate for the MOP. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{s} \\ & 0.1 / 100.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{s} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 을 } \\ \text { 운 } \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{ }$ | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 669 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Adj Volt TrimSel] <br> Selects the source of the voltage trim that is added to or subtracted from the voltage reference. | Default: Options: | 2 "Analog $\ln 2 "$ <br> 0 "Reserved" <br> 1 "Analog In 1" <br> 2 "Analog In 2" <br> 3-6 "Reserved" <br> 7-8 "Not Used <br> 9 "MOP Level" <br> 10 "Reserved" <br> 11-17 "Preset Volt1-7" <br> 18-22 "DPI Port 1-5" <br> 24 "Output Power" <br> 25 "Out Current" |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 670 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Adj Volt Trim Hi] <br> Scales the upper value of the [Adj Volt TrimSel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $100.0 \%$ <br> 0.0/100.0\% of Drive Rated Volts $0.1 \%$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 671 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | [Adj Volt Trim Lo] <br> Scales the lower value of the [Adj Volt TrimSel] selection when the source is an analog input. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $0.0 \%$ <br> 0.0/100.0\% of Drive Rated <br> Volts <br> $0.1 \%$ |  |
|  |  | 672 | [Adj Volt Trim \%] <br> Scales the total voltage trim value from all sources. Analog In $1 \& 2$ are scaled separately with [Adj Volt Trim Hi] \& [Adj Volt Trim Lo] then [Adj Volt Trim \%] sets the trim value. The sign of this value will determine if trim is added or subtracted from the reference. | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \% \\ & -/+100.0 \% \text { of Drive Rated } \\ & \text { Volts } \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 675 | [Adj Volt AccTime] <br> Sets the rate of voltage increase. The value will be the time it takes to ramp the voltage from [Min Adj Voltage] to [Maximum Voltage]. An " S " curve can be applied to the ramp using [Adj Volt Scurve]. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 676 | [Adj Volt DecTime] <br> Sets the rate of voltage decrease. The value will be the time it takes to ramp the voltage from [Maximum Voltage] to [Min Adj Voltage]. An "S" curve can be applied to the ramp using [Adj Volt Scurve]. <br> Important: This ramp and [Decel Time 1/ <br> 2] (parameters $142 / 143$ ) must ramp to zero for drive to Stop. | Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 677 | [Adj Volt S Curve] <br> Sets the percentage of accel or decel time to be applied to the voltage ramp as " $S$ " curve. Time is added $1 / 2$ at the beginning and $1 / 2$ at the end. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \% \\ & 0.0 / 100.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | O | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values | (\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 | [Sweep Auto Tune] <br> [Sweep Volt Min] <br> [Sweep Volt Max] <br> [Sweep Freq Min] <br> [Sweep Freq Max] <br> [Sweep Freq Detec] <br> [Sweep Time] <br> [Ampl Detect Sel] <br> These parameters are not functional at this time. |  |  |

Pos/Spd Profile File

| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 웅 } \end{aligned}$ | 울 | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 700 | [Pos/Spd Prof Sts] <br> Provides status of the profile/indexer. Bit binary value. <br> Bit \# | 0-4 are a$\qquad$$\qquad$$\qquad$$\qquad$1 0 1 1 <br> 1 1 0 0 $\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0\end{array}$ | Read Only |  |
|  |  | 701 | [Units Traveled] <br> Number of units traveled from the home position. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read Only } \\ & -/+21474836.47 \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 은 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 705 | [Pos/Spd Prof Cmd] <br> Control word for the profile/indexer. The control functions are the same as those in the digital input section. If a digital input is configured to provide the starting step (bits 0-4), then its starting step value takes priority over [Profile Command]. If a digital input is configured for any of bits 8 -12, the corresponding functions will respond to the digital input status or the status of [Profile Command]. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 707 | [Encoder Pos Tol] <br> Sets the "At Position" tolerance window (see [Profile Status], bit 12) around the encoder count. The value is subtracted from and added to the encoder unit value. It is applied to all steps using encoder units. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $10$ $1 / 50000$ $1$ |  |
|  |  | 708 | [Counts per Unit] <br> Sets the number of encoder counts equal to one unit. A 1024 PPR quadrature encoder has 4096 pulses (counts) in one revolution. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 4096 \\ & 1 / 1000000 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $711$ $0$ | [Vel Override] <br> This value is a multiplier to the [Step x Velocity] value when "Vel Override" bit of [Profile Command] is set to " 1 ". This is applicable to all step types. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \% \\ & 10.0 / 150.0 \% \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | [Find Home Speed] <br> Sets the speed and direction that are active when "Find Home" of [Profile Command] is active. The sign of the value defines direction ("+" = Forward, "-" = Reverse). | Default: <br> Min/Max: <br> Units: | ```+10.0% of [Maximum Speed] -/+50.0% of [Maximum Speed] 0.1 Hz 0.1 RPM``` |  |
|  |  |  | [Find Home Ramp] <br> Sets the rate of acceleration and deceleration of the Find Home moves. | Default: Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.0 Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 718 | [Pos Reg Filter] <br> Sets the error signal filter in the position regulator. | Default: <br> Min/Max: Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 25.0 \\ & 0.0 / 500.0 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 719 | [Pos Reg Gain] <br> Sets the gain adjustment for the position regulator. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 0.0 / 200.0 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions Values | ( |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 720 730 740 750 760 770 780 790 800 810 820 830 840 850 860 870 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | The following step types use the velocity regulator only: <br> "End" (0) - drive ramps to zero speed and stops the profile after the programmed dwell time. <br> "Time" (1) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], holds speed and decels to zero in specified [Step x Value] time. <br> "Time Blend" (2) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], and holds speed until [Step x Value] time completes, then transitions to step defined in [Step x Next]. <br> "Dig Input" (3) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], holds speed until input specified in [Step x Value] transitions in the direction defined by sign of [Step x Value]. <br> "EncIncrBlend" (5) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], holds speed, when at encoder position defined by [Step x Value] within tolerance window transition to [Step x Next]. <br> "Param Level" (8) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], holds speed, and compares [Step x Value] to [Step x Dwell]. The sign of [Step x Value] ("+"= $>$, "-" = < ) determines when to transition [Step x Next] and compares [Step x Dwell] to the value specified by the parameter number in [Step x Value]. <br> The following step types use the point-to-point position regulator: <br> "Encoder Incr" (4) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], holds speed then ramps to zero at encoder position defined by [Step x Value] within position tolerance window. <br> "Encoder Abs" (6) - drive ramps to [Step x Velocity], in direction required, holds speed, then ramps to zero at position within tolerance window. <br> "End Hold Pos" (7) - drive holds last position for [Step x Dwell] time then stops. <br> The drive must have [Direction Mode] set to "Bipolar" for the position regulator to function properly. Current, Torque and Regen Power Limits must be set so as not to limit the programmed deceleration time. If one of the limits occur, the position regulator may overshoot the position set point. Sleep Mode must be turned off. |  |


| 츤 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 흥 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | [ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 르ㅍㅜㅜㄹ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 721 \\ & 731 \\ & 741 \\ & 751 \\ & 761 \\ & 771 \\ & 781 \\ & 791 \\ & 801 \\ & 811 \\ & 821 \\ & 831 \\ & 841 \\ & 851 \\ & 861 \\ & 871 \end{aligned}$ | [Step 1 Velocity] <br> [Step 2 Velocity] <br> [Step 3 Velocity] <br> [Step 4 Velocity] <br> [Step 5 Velocity] <br> [Step 6 Velocity] <br> [Step 7 Velocity] <br> [Step 8 Velocity] <br> [Step 9 Velocity] <br> [Step 10 Velocity] <br> [Step 11 Velocity] <br> [Step 12 Velocity] <br> [Step 13 Velocity] <br> [Step 14 Velocity] <br> [Step 15 Velocity] <br> [Step 16 Velocity] <br> Step Speed - Sign of this value is used to determine direction for Time, Time Blended, Digital Input \& Parameter Level step types. The value is an absolute number for all encoder step types | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.0 \\ & -/+[\text { Maximum Speed }] \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{RPM} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| \% |  | 722 732 742 752 762 772 782 792 802 812 822 832 842 852 882 872 | [Step 1 AccelTime] <br> [Step 2 AccelTime] <br> [Step 3 AccelTime] <br> [Step 4 AcceITime] <br> [Step 5 AccelTime] <br> [Step 6 AccelTime] <br> [Step 7 AccelTime] <br> [Step 8 AccelTime] <br> [Step 9 AccelTime] <br> [Step 10 AccelTime] <br> [Step 11 AccelTime] <br> [Step 12 AccelTime] <br> [Step 13 AccelTime] <br> [Step 14 AccelTime] <br> [Step 15 AccelTime] <br> [Step 16 AccelTime] <br> This is the acceleration rate for the step. Sets the time to ramp from zero to [Maximum Speed]. | Default: Min/Max Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.0 Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 은 } \\ & \text { 운 } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  | (\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 723 \\ & 733 \\ & 743 \\ & 753 \\ & 763 \\ & 737 \\ & 783 \\ & 793 \\ & 803 \\ & 813 \\ & 823 \\ & 833 \\ & 843 \\ & 853 \\ & 863 \\ & 873 \end{aligned}$ | [Step 1 DecelTime] <br> [Step 2 DecelTime] <br> [Step 3 DecelTime] <br> [Step 4 DecelTime] <br> [Step 5 DecelTime] <br> [Step 6 DecelTime] <br> [Step 7 DecelTime] <br> [Step 8 DecelTime] <br> [Step 9 DecelTime] <br> [Step 10 DecelTime] <br> [Step 11 DecelTime] <br> [Step 12 DecelTime] <br> [Step 13 DecelTime] <br> [Step 14 DecelTime] <br> [Step 15 DecelTime] <br> [Step 16 DecelTime] <br> This is the deceleration rate for the step. Sets the time to ramp from [Maximum Speedl to zero. | Default: <br> Min/Max <br> Units: | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.0 / 3600.0 \text { Secs } \\ & 0.1 \text { Secs } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 724 \\ & 734 \\ & 744 \\ & 754 \\ & 764 \\ & 774 \\ & 784 \\ & 794 \\ & 794 \\ & 804 \\ & 814 \\ & 824 \\ & 834 \\ & 844 \\ & 854 \\ & 864 \\ & 874 \end{aligned}$ | [Step 1 Value] <br> [Step 2 Value] <br> [Step 3 Value] <br> [Step 4 Value] <br> [Step 5 Value] <br> [Step 6 Value] <br> [Step 7 Value] <br> [Step 8 Value] <br> [Step 9 Value] <br> [Step 10 Value] <br> [Step 11 Value] <br> [Step 12 Value] <br> [Step 13 Value] <br> [Step 14 Value] <br> [Step 15 Value] <br> [Step 16 Value] <br> Sets the step value used for time, time blend, digital input number, parameter level and encoder based units. Also determines the condition to move to the next step. <br> Time/Time Blend: 0.00-3600.00 seconds <br> Digital Input: 1 to 6 (decimal ignored) The sign value " + " makes inputs "active high" and a "-"makes them "active low". <br> Parameter Level: parameter number <br> Encoder Absolute/Encoder Incremental/ Encoder Incremental Blend:99,999.00 units (see [Counts per Unit]). | Default: <br> Min/Max Units: | 6.0 <br> Based on [Step x Type] 0.01 Units dependent on [Step $\times$ Type] |  |


| 은 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 을 } \\ \text { 훈 } \end{array}$ | 2 | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 른 } \\ & \text { 문 } \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 725 <br> 735 <br> 745 <br> 755 <br> 765 <br> 775 <br> 785 <br> 795 <br> 805 <br> 815 <br> 825 <br> 835 <br> 845 <br> 855 <br> 865 <br> 875 | [Step 1 Dwell] <br> [Step 2 Dwell] <br> [Step 3 Dwell] <br> [Step 4 Dwell] <br> [Step 5 Dwell] <br> [Step 6 Dwell] <br> [Step 7 Dwell] <br> [Step 8 Dwell] <br> [Step 9 Dwell] <br> [Step 10 Dwell] <br> [Step 11 Dwell] <br> [Step 12 Dwell] <br> [Step 13 Dwell] <br> [Step 14 Dwell] <br> [Step 15 Dwell] <br> [Step 16 Dwell] <br> After the condition to move to the next step has been satisfied, the drive continues at its present velocity or position until the dwell time expires. At that point the next step is executed. Not applicable for blend-type moves. | Default: <br> Min/Ma Units: | 10.0 <br> Based on [Step x Type] 0.01 Secs If [Step x Type] = "Param Level," units are the same as the parameter number specified in [Step x Value] |  |
|  |  | 726 <br> 736 <br> 746 <br> 756 <br> 766 <br> 776 <br> 786 <br> 796 <br> 806 <br> 816 <br> 826 <br> 836 <br> 846 <br> 856 <br> 866 <br> 876 | [Step 1 Batch] <br> [Step 2 Batch] <br> [Step 3 Batch] <br> [Step 4 Batch] <br> [Step 5 Batch] <br> [Step 6 Batch] <br> [Step 7 Batch] <br> [Step 8 Batch] <br> [Step 9 Batch] <br> [Step 10 Batch] <br> [Step 11 Batch] <br> [Step 12 Batch] <br> [Step 13 Batch] <br> [Step 14 Batch] <br> [Step 15 Batch] <br> [Step 16 Batch] <br> Sets the number of time to run this step. " 0 " = continuously run this step. | Default: <br> Min/Ma Units: | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 0 / 1000000 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| 읖 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { OU } \\ & \text { U } \end{aligned}$ | - | Parameter Name \& Description <br> See page 3-2 for symbol descriptions | Values | (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Profile Step 1-16 | $\begin{aligned} & 727 \\ & 737 \\ & 747 \\ & 757 \\ & 767 \\ & 777 \\ & 787 \\ & 797 \\ & 807 \\ & 817 \\ & 827 \\ & 837 \\ & 847 \\ & 857 \\ & 867 \\ & 877 \end{aligned}$ | [Step 1 Next] <br> [Step 2 Next] <br> [Step 3 Next] <br> [Step 4 Next] <br> [Step 5 Next] <br> [Step 6 Next] <br> [Step 7 Next] <br> [Step 8 Next] <br> [Step 9 Next] <br> [Step 10 Next] <br> [Step 11 Next] <br> [Step 12 Next] <br> [Step 13 Next] <br> [Step 14 Next] <br> [Step 15 Next] <br> [Step 16 Next] <br> Sets the step number to execute after this step is complete (including [Step x Batch]). | Default: 2 <br> Min/Max: $1 / 16$ <br> Units: 1 |  |

## Parameter Cross Reference - by Name

| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accel Mask | 281 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Accel Owner | 293 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| Accel Time X | 140, 141 | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| Adj Volt AccTime | 675 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt Command | 662 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt DecTime | 676 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt Phase | 650 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt Preset1-7 | 654-660 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt Ref Hi | 652 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt Ref Lo | 653 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt S Curve | 677 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt Select | 651 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Adj Volt Trim \% | 672 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt Trim Hi | 670 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt Trim Lo | 671 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Adj Volt TrimSel | 669 | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| Alarm Clear | 261 | Alarms | 3-44 |
| Alarm Config 1 | 259 | Alarms | 3-44 |
| Alarm X @ Fault | 229, 230 | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| Alarm X Code | 262-269 | Alarms | 3-44 |
| Analog In X Hi | 322, 325 | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| Analog In X Lo | 323,326 | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| Analog In X Loss | 324,327 | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| Analog In1 Value | 16 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Analog In2 Value | 17 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Analog OutX Hi | 343, 346 | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| Analog Out X Lo | 344, 347 | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| Analog Out X Sel | 342, 345 | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| Anlg In Contig | 320 | Analog Inputs | 3-51 |
| Anlg In Sqr Root | 321 | Analog Inputs | 3-51 |
| Anlg Out Absolut | 341 | Analog Outputs | 3-52 |
| Anlg Out Config | 340 | Analog Outputs | 3-52 |
| Anlg OutX Scale | 354, 355 | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| Anlg OutX Setpt | 377, 378 | Analog Outputs | 3-54 |
| Auto Rstrt Delay | 175 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Auto Rstrt Tries | 174 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Autotune | 61 | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| Autotune Torque | 66 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| Break Frequency | 72 | Volts per Hertz | 3-15 |
| Break Voltage | 71 | Volts per Hertz | 3-15 |
| Brk Alarm Travel | 610 | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| Brk Release Time | 604 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| Brk Set Time | 607 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| BrkSlip Count | 609 | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| Bus Reg Kd | 165 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| Bus Reg Ki | 160 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| Bus Reg Kp | 164 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| Bus Reg Mode X | 161, 162 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| Commanded Freq | 2 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Commanded Torque | 24 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Compensation | 56 | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| Control Status | 440 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Control SW Ver | 29 | Drive Data | 3-9 |
| Counts Per Unit | 708 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Current Lmt Gain | 149 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Current Lmt Sel | 147 | Load Limits | 3-26 |
| Current Lmt Val | 148 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Current Rate Limit | 154 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Data In XX | 300-307 | Datalinks | 3-49 |


| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data Out XX | 310-317 | Datalinks | 3-50 |
| DB Resistor | 647 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| DB Resistor Type | 163 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| DB While Stopped | 145 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| DC Brake Level | 158 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| DC Brake Time | 159 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| DC Brk Lvl Sel | 157 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| DC Bus Memory | 13 | Metering | 3-7 |
| DC Bus Voltage | 12 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Decel Mask | 282 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Decel Owner | 294 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| Decel Time X | 142, 143 | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| Dig In Status | 216 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Dig Out Invert | 392 | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| Dig Out Mask | 394 | Digital Outputs | 3-59 |
| Dig Out Param | 393 | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| Dig Out Setpt | 379 | Digital Outputs | 3-56 |
| Dig Out Status | 217 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Dig Out X Level | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 381, \\ 385,389 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |
| Dig OutX OffTime | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 383, \\ 387,391 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| Dig OutX OnTime | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 382, \\ 386,390 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |
| Digital InX Sel | 361-366 | Digital Inputs | 3-55 |
| Digital OutX Sel | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 380, \\ 384,388 \end{array}$ | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |
| Direction Mask | 279 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Direction Mode | 190 | Direction Config | 3-33 |
| Direction Owner | 291 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| DPI Baud Rate | 270 | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| DPI Fdbk Select | 299 | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| DPI Port Sel | 274 | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| DPI Port Value | 275 | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| DPI Ref Select | 298 | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| Drive Alarm X | 211, 212 | Diagnostics | 3-38 |
| Drive Checksum | 203 | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| Drive Logic Rsit | 271 | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| Drive OL Count | 219 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Drive OL Mode | 150 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Drive Ramp Rsit | 273 | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| Drive Ref Rslt | 272 | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| Drive Status X | 209, 210 | Diagnostics | 3-37 |
| Drive Temp | 218 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Droop RPM @ FLA | 152 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Dyn UserSet Actv | 206 | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| Dyn UserSet Cnfg | 204 | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| Dyn UserSet Sel | 205 | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| Elapsed kWh | 14 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Elapsed MWh | 9 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Elapsed Run Time | 10 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Enc Position Fdbk | 414 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Encoder Pos Tol | 707 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Encoder PPR | 413 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Encoder Speed | 415 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Encoder Z Chan | 423 | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| Fault 1 Code | 243 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 1 Time | 244 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 2 Code | 245 | Faults | 3-43 |


| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault 2 Time | 246 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 3 Code | 247 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 3 Time | 248 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 4 Code | 249 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 4 Time | 250 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 5 Code | 251 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 5 Time | 252 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 6 Code | 253 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 6 Time | 254 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 7 Code | 255 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 7 Time | 256 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 8 Code | 257 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault 8 Time | 258 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault Amps | 225 | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| Fault Bus Volts | 226 | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| Fault Clear | 240 | Faults | 3-42 |
| Fault Clear Mode | 241 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Fault Clr Mask | 283 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Fault Clr Owner | 295 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| Fault Config 1 | 238 | Faults | 3-42 |
| Fault Speed | 224 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Fdbk Filter Sel | 416 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Feedback Select | 80 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| Find Home Ramp | 714 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Find Home Speed | 713 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Float Tolerance | 606 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| Flux Braking | 166 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-30 |
| Flux Current | 5 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Flux Current Ref | 63 | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| Flux Up Mode | 57 | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| Flux Up Time | 58 | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| Flying Start En | 169 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Flying StartGain | 170 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Gearbox Limit | 648 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Gearbox Rating | 642 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Gearbox Sheave | 643 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Gearbox Ratio | 644 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Gnd Warn Level | 177 | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| Inertia Autotune | 67 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| IR Voltage Drop | 62 | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| Ixo Voltage Drop | 64 | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| Jog Mask | 278 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Jog Owner | 290 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Jog Speed 1 | 100 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| Jog Speed 2 | 108 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| Kf Speed Loop | 447 | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| Ki Speed Loop | 445 | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| Kp Speed Loop | 446 | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| Language | 201 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| Last Stop Source | 215 | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| Load Frm Usr Set | 198 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| Load Loss Level | 187 | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| Load Loss Time | 188 | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| Local Mask | 285 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Local Owner | 297 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| Logic Mask | 276 | Masks \& Owners | 3-47 |
|  |  | Security | 3-51 |
| Logic Mask Act | 598 | Security | 3-51 |
| Man Ref Preload | 193 | HIM Ref Config | 3-34 |
| Marker Pulse | 421 | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| Maximum Freq | 55 | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |
| Maximum Speed | 82 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| Maximum Voltage | 54 | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |


| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max Rod Speed | 640 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Max Rod Torque | 638 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| MicroPos Scale\% | 611 | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| Min Adj Voltage | 661 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| Minimum Speed | 81 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| Min Rod Speed | 639 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| MOP Adj VoltRate | 663 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| MOP Mask | 284 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| MOP Owner | 296 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| MOP Rate | 195 | MOP Config | 3-34 |
| MOP Reference | 11 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Motor Cntl Sel | 53 | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |
| Motor Fdbk Type | 412 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Motor NP FLA | 42 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Motor NP Hertz | 43 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Motor NP Power | 45 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Motor NP RPM | 44 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Motor NP Volts | 41 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Motor OL Count | 220 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Motor OL Factor | 48 | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| Motor OL Hertz | 47 | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| Motor Poles | 49 | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| Motor Sheave | 645 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Motor Type | 40 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Mtr NP Pwr Units | 46 | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| Mtr OL Trip Time | 221 | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| Mtr Tor Cur Ref | 441 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Neg Torque Limit | 437 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Notch Filter Freq | 419 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| Notch Filter K | 420 | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| OilWell Pump Sel | 641 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Output Current | 3 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Output Freq | 1 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Output Power | 7 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Output Powr Fctr | 8 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Output Voltage | 6 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Overspeed Limit | 83 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| Param Access Lvl | 196 | Drive Memory | 3-34 |
| PCP Pump Sheave | 637 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| PI BW Filter | 139 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Configuration | 124 | Process PI | 3-22 |
| PI Control | 125 | Process PI | 3-22 |
| PI Deriv Time | 459 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Error Meter | 137 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Fdback Meter | 136 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Feedback Hi | 462 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Feedback Lo | 463 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Feedback Sel | 128 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Integral Time | 129 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Lower Limit | 131 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Output Gain | 464 | Process PI | 3-25 |
| PI Output Meter | 138 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Preload | 133 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Prop Gain | 130 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Ref Meter | 135 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Reference Hi | 460 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| Pl Reference Lo | 461 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Reference Sel | 126 | Process PI | 3-22 |
| PI Setpoint | 127 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| PI Status | 134 | Process PI | 3-24 |
| PI Upper Limit | 132 | Process PI | 3-23 |
| Port Mask Act | 595 | Security | 3-50 |
| Pos Reg Filter | 718 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |


| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pos Reg Gain | 719 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Pos Torque Limit | 436 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Pos/Spd Prof Cmd | 705 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Pos/Spd Prof Sts | 700 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-65 |
| Power Loss Level | 186 | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| Power Loss Mode | 184 | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| Power Loss Time | 185 | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| Power Up Marker | 242 | Faults | 3-43 |
| Powerup Delay | 167 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Preset Speed 1-7 | 101-107 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| PTC HW Value | 18 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Pulse In Scale | 422 | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| Pulse Input Ref | 99 | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| PWM Frequency | 151 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Ramped Speed | 22 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Rated Amps | 28 | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| Rated kW | 26 | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| Rated Volts | 27 | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| Reference Mask | 280 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| Reference Owner | 292 | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| Regen Power Limit | 153 | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| Reset Meters | 200 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| Reset To Defalts | 197 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| Rev Speed Limit | 454 | Speed Regulator | 3-18 |
| Rod Load Torque | 631 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| Run Boost | 70 | Volts per Hertz | 3-14 |
| S Curve \% | 146 | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| Save HIM Ref | 192 | HIM Ref Config | 3-34 |
| Save MOP Ref | 194 | MOP Config | 3-34 |
| Save To User Set | 199 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| ScaleX In Hi | 477-495 | Scaled Blocks | 3-44 |
| ScaleX In Lo | 478-496 | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| ScaleX In Value | 476-494 | Scaled Blocks | 3-44 |
| ScaleX Out Hi | 479-497 | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| ScaleX Out Lo | 480-498 | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| ScaleX Out Value | 481-499 | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| Shear Pin Time | 189 | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| Skip Freq Band | 87 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-18 |
| Skip Frequency 1-3 | 84-86 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| Sleep Level | 182 | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| Sleep Time | 183 | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| Sleep-Wake Mode | 178 | Restart Modes | 3-31 |
| Sleep-Wake Ref | 179 | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| Slip Comp Gain | 122 | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| Slip RPM @ FLA | 121 | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| Slip RPM Meter | 123 | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| Spd Dev Band | 602 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| Spd Fdbk No Filt | 21 | Metering | 3-8 |
| SpdBand Integrat | 603 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| Speed Desired BW | 449 | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| Speed Feedback | 25 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Speed Loop Meter | 451 | Speed Regulator | 3-26 |
| Speed Ref Source | 213 | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| Speed Ref X Hi | 91,94 | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| Speed Ref X Lo | 92, 95 | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| Speed Ref X Sel | 90,93 | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| Speed Reference | 23 | Metering | 3-8 |
| Speed Units | 79 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-16 |
| Speed/Torque Mod | 88 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-18 |
| Start At PowerUp | 168 | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| Start Inhibits | 214 | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| Start Mask | 277 | Masks \& Owners | 3-47 |
| Start Owner | 289 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |


| Parameter Name | Number | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start/Acc Boost | 69 | Volts per Hertz | 3-14 |
| Status X @ Fault | 227, 228 | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| Step x AccelTime | 722... | Profile Setup | 3-68 |
| Step x Batch | 726... | Profile Setup | 3-70 |
| Step x DecelTime | 723... | Profile Setup | 3-69 |
| Step x Dwell | 725... | Profile Setup | 3-70 |
| Step x Next | 727... | Profile Setup | 3-71 |
| Step x Type | 720... | Profile Setup | 3-67 |
| Step x Value | 724... | Profile Setup | 3-69 |
| Step x Velocity | 721... | Profile Setup | 3-68 |
| Stop Mode X | 155, 156 | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| Stop Owner | 288 | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| SV Boost Filter | 59 | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| TB Man Ref Hi | 97 | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| TB Man Ref Lo | 98 | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| TB Man Ref Sel | 96 | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| Testpoint X Data | 235, 237 | Diagnostics | 3-42 |
| Testpoint X Sel | 234, 236 | Diagnostics | 3-42 |
| Torq Ref A Div | 430 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| TorqAlarm Level | 632 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| TorqAlarm Action | 633 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| TorqAlarm Dwell | 634 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| TorqAlrm Timeout | 635 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| TorqAlrm TO Act | 636 | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| TorqLim SlewRate | 608 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| TorqProve Cnfg | 600 | Torq Proving | 3-59 |
| TorgProve Setup | 601 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| TorqProve Status | 612 | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| Torque Current | 4 | Metering | 3-7 |
| Torque Ref B Mult | 434 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| Torque Ref X Hi | 428, 432 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| Torque Ref X Lo | 429, 433 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| Torque Ref X Sel | 427, 431 | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| Torque Setpoint | 435 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Torque Setpoint2 | 438 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| Total Gear Ratio | 646 | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| Total Inertia | 450 | Speed Regulator | 3-26 |
| Trim \% Setpoint | 116 | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| Trim Hi | 119 | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| Trim In Select | 117 | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| Trim Lo | 120 | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| Trim Out Select | 118 | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| Units Traveled | 701 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-65 |
| Vel Override | 711 | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| Voltage Class | 202 | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| Wake Level | 180 | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| Wake Time | 181 | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| Write Mask Act | 597 | Security | 3-50 |
| Write Mask Cfg | 596 | Security | 3-50 |
| ZeroSpdFloatTime | 605 | Torq Proving | 3-60 |

## Parameter Cross Reference - by Number

| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Output Freq | Metering | 3-7 |
| 2 | Commanded Freq | Metering | 3-7 |
| 3 | Output Current | Metering | 3-7 |
| 4 | Torque Current | Metering | 3-7 |
| 5 | Flux Current | Metering | 3-7 |
| 6 | Output Voltage | Metering | 3-7 |
| 7 | Output Power | Metering | 3-7 |
| 8 | Output Powr Fctr | Metering | 3-7 |
| 9 | Elapsed MWh | Metering | 3-7 |
| 10 | Elapsed Run Time | Metering | 3-7 |
| 11 | MOP Reference | Metering | 3-7 |
| 12 | DC Bus Voltage | Metering | 3-7 |
| 13 | DC Bus Memory | Metering | 3-7 |
| 14 | Elapsed kWh | Metering | 3-8 |
| 16 | Analog In1 Value | Metering | 3-8 |
| 17 | Analog In2 Value | Metering | 3-8 |
| 18 | PTC HW Value | Metering | 3-8 |
| 21 | Spd Fdbk No Filt | Metering | 3-8 |
| 22 | Ramped Speed | Metering | 3-8 |
| 23 | Speed Reference | Metering | 3-8 |
| 24 | Commanded Torque | Metering | 3-8 |
| 25 | Speed Feedback | Metering | 3-8 |
| 26 | Rated kW | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| 27 | Rated Volts | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| 28 | Rated Amps | Drive Data | 3-8 |
| 29 | Control SW Ver | Drive Data | 3-9 |
| 40 | Motor Type | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 41 | Motor NP Volts | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 42 | Motor NP FLA | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 43 | Motor NP Hertz | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 44 | Motor NP RPM | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 45 | Motor NP Power | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 46 | Mtr NP Pwr Units | Motor Data | 3-9 |
| 47 | Motor OL Hertz | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| 48 | Motor OL Factor | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| 49 | Motor Poles | Motor Data | 3-10 |
| 53 | Motor Cntl Sel | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |
| 54 | Maximum Voltage | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |
| 55 | Maximum Freq | Torq Attributes | 3-10 |
| 56 | Compensation | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| 57 | Flux Up Mode | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| 58 | Flux Up Time | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| 59 | SV Boost Filter | Torq Attributes | 3-11 |
| 61 | Autotune | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| 62 | IR Voltage Drop | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| 63 | Flux Current Ref | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| 64 | Ixo Voltage Drop | Torq Attributes | 3-12 |
| 66 | Autotune Torque | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 67 | Inertia Autotune | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 69 | Start/Acc Boost | Volts per Hertz | 3-14 |
| 70 | Run Boost | Volts per Hertz | 3-14 |
| 71 | Break Voltage | Volts per Hertz | 3-15 |
| 72 | Break Frequency | Volts per Hertz | 3-15 |
| 79 | Speed Units | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-16 |
| 80 | Feedback Select | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| 81 | Minimum Speed | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| 82 | Maximum Speed | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| 83 | Overspeed Limit | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |
| 84-86 | Skip Frequency 1-3 | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-17 |


| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | Skip Freq Band | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-18 |
| 88 | Speed/Torque Mod | Spd Mode \& Limits | 3-18 |
| 90,93 | Speed Ref X Sel | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| 91,94 | Speed Ref X Hi | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| 92,95 | Speed Ref X Lo | Speed Reference | 3-19 |
| 96 | TB Man Ref Sel | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| 97 | TB Man Ref Hi | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| 98 | TB Man Ref Lo | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| 99 | Pulse Input Ref | Speed Reference | 3-20 |
| 100 | Jog Speed 1 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| 101-107 | Preset Speed 1-7 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| 108 | Jog Speed 2 | Discrete Speeds | 3-20 |
| 116 | Trim \% Setpoint | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| 117 | Trim In Select | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| 118 | Trim Out Select | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| 119 | Trim Hi | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| 120 | Trim Lo | Speed Trim | 3-21 |
| 121 | Slip RPM @ FLA | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| 122 | Slip Comp Gain | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| 123 | Slip RPM Meter | Slip Comp | 3-21 |
| 124 | PI Configuration | Process PI | 3-22 |
| 125 | PI Control | Process PI | 3-22 |
| 126 | PI Reference Sel | Process PI | 3-22 |
| 127 | PI Setpoint | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 128 | PI Feedback Sel | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 129 | PI Integral Time | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 130 | PI Prop Gain | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 131 | PI Lower Limit | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 132 | PI Upper Limit | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 133 | PI Preload | Process PI | 3-23 |
| 134 | PI Status | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 135 | PI Ref Meter | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 136 | PI Fdback Meter | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 137 | PI Error Meter | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 138 | PI Output Meter | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 139 | PI BW Filter | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 140, 141 | Accel Time X | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| 142, 143 | Decel Time X | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| 145 | DB While Stopped | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 146 | S Curve \% | Ramp Rates | 3-26 |
| 147 | Current Lmt Sel | Load Limits | 3-26 |
| 148 | Current Lmt Val | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 149 | Current Lmt Gain | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 150 | Drive OL Mode | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 151 | PWM Frequency | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 152 | Droop RPM @ FLA | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 153 | Regen Power Limit | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 154 | Current Rate Limit | Load Limits | 3-27 |
| 155, 156 | Stop Mode X | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 157 | DC Brk Lvl Sel | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 158 | DC Brake Level | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 159 | DC Brake Time | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 160 | Bus Reg Ki | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-28 |
| 161, 162 | Bus Reg Mode X | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| 163 | DB Resistor Type | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| 164 | Bus Reg Kp | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| 165 | Bus Reg Kd | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-29 |
| 166 | Flux Braking | Stop/Brake Modes | 3-30 |


| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 167 | Powerup Delay | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 168 | Start At PowerUp | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 169 | Flying Start En | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 170 | Flying StartGain | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 174 | Auto Rstrt Tries | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 175 | Auto Rstrt Delay | Restart Modes | 3-30 |
| 177 | Gnd Warn Level | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| 178 | Sleep-Wake Mode | Restart Modes | 3-31 |
| 179 | Sleep-Wake Ref | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| 180 | Wake Level | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| 181 | Wake Time | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| 182 | Sleep Level | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| 183 | Sleep Time | Restart Modes | 3-32 |
| 184 | Power Loss Mode | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| 185 | Power Loss Time | Power Loss | 3-32 |
| 186 | Power Loss Level | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| 187 | Load Loss Level | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| 188 | Load Loss Time | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| 189 | Shear Pin Time | Power Loss | 3-33 |
| 190 | Direction Mode | Direction Contig | 3-33 |
| 192 | Save HIM Ref | HIM Ref Config | 3-34 |
| 193 | Man Ref Preload | HIM Ref Config | 3-34 |
| 194 | Save MOP Ref | MOP Config | 3-34 |
| 195 | MOP Rate | MOP Config | 3-34 |
| 196 | Param Access Lvl | Drive Memory | 3-34 |
| 197 | Reset To Defalts | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 198 | Load Frm Usr Set | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 199 | Save To User Set | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 200 | Reset Meters | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 201 | Language | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 202 | Voltage Class | Drive Memory | 3-35 |
| 203 | Drive Checksum | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| 204 | Dyn UserSet Cnfg | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| 205 | Dyn UserSet Sel | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| 206 | Dyn UserSet Actv | Drive Memory | 3-36 |
| 209, 210 | Drive Status X | Diagnostics | 3-37 |
| 211,212 | Drive Alarm X | Diagnostics | 3-38 |
| 213 | Speed Ref Source | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| 214 | Start Inhibits | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| 215 | Last Stop Source | Diagnostics | 3-39 |
| 216 | Dig In Status | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 217 | Dig Out Status | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 218 | Drive Temp | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 219 | Drive OL Count | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 220 | Motor OL Count | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 221 | Mtr OL Trip Time | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 224 | Fault Speed | Diagnostics | 3-40 |
| 225 | Fault Amps | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| 226 | Fault Bus Volts | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| 227, 228 | Status X @ Fault | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| 229, 230 | Alarm X @ Fault | Diagnostics | 3-41 |
| 234, 236 | Testpoint X Sel | Diagnostics | 3-42 |
| 235, 237 | Testpoint X Data | Diagnostics | 3-42 |
| 238 | Fault Config 1 | Faults | 3-42 |
| 240 | Fault Clear | Faults | 3-42 |
| 241 | Fault Clear Mode | Faults | 3-43 |
| 242 | Power Up Marker | Faults | 3-43 |
| 243 | Fault 1 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 244 | Fault 1 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 245 | Fault 2 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 246 | Fault 2 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 247 | Fault 3 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 248 | Fault 3 Time | Faults | 3-43 |


| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 249 | Fault 4 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 250 | Fault 4 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 251 | Fault 5 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 252 | Fault 5 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 253 | Fault 6 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 254 | Fault 6 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 255 | Fault 7 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 256 | Fault 7 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 257 | Fault 8 Code | Faults | 3-43 |
| 258 | Fault 8 Time | Faults | 3-43 |
| 259 | Alarm Config 1 | Alarms | 3-44 |
| 261 | Alarm Clear | Alarms | 3-44 |
| 262-269 | Alarm X Code | Alarms | 3-44 |
| 270 | DPI Baud Rate | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| 271 | Drive Logic Rsit | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| 272 | Drive Ref Rslt | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| 273 | Drive Ramp Rslt | Comm Control | 3-46 |
| 274 | DPI Port Sel | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| 275 | DPI Port Value | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| 276 | Logic Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-47 |
|  |  | Security | 3-51 |
| 277 | Start Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-47 |
| 278 | Jog Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 279 | Direction Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 280 | Reference Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 281 | Accel Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 282 | Decel Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 283 | Fault Clr Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 284 | MOP Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 285 | Local Mask | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 288 | Stop Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 289 | Start Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 290 | Jog Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-48 |
| 291 | Direction Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 292 | Reference Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 293 | Accel Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 294 | Decel Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 295 | Fault Clr Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 296 | MOP Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 297 | Local Owner | Masks \& Owners | 3-49 |
| 298 | DPI Ref Select | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| 299 | DPI Fdbk Select | Comm Control | 3-47 |
| 300-307 | Data In XX | Datalinks | 3-49 |
| 310-317 | Data Out XX | Datalinks | 3-50 |
| 320 | Anlg In Config | Analog Inputs | 3-51 |
| 321 | Anlg In Sqr Root | Analog Inputs | 3-51 |
| 322, 325 | Analog In XHi | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| 323, 326 | Analog In X Lo | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| 324, 327 | Analog In X Loss | Analog Inputs | 3-52 |
| 340 | Anlg Out Config | Analog Outputs | 3-52 |
| 341 | Anlg Out Absolut | Analog Outputs | 3-52 |
| 342, 345 | Analog OutX Sel | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| 343, 346 | Analog Out ${ }^{\text {Hi }}$ | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| 344, 347 | Analog Out X Lo | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| 354, 355 | Anlg Out X Scale | Analog Outputs | 3-53 |
| 361-366 | Digital InX Sel | Digital Inputs | 3-55 |
| 377, 378 | Anlg OutX Setpt | Analog Outputs | 3-54 |
| 379 | Dig Out Setpt | Digital Outputs | 3-56 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 380, \\ & 384,388 \end{aligned}$ | Digital OutX Sel | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 381, \\ & 385,389 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dig OutX Level | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |


| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 382, \\ & 386,390 \end{aligned}$ | Dig OutX OnTime | Digital Outputs | 3-57 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 383, \\ & 387,391 \end{aligned}$ | Dig Out X OffTime | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| 392 | Dig Out Invert | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| 393 | Dig Out Param | Digital Outputs | 3-58 |
| 394 | Dig Out Mask | Digital Outputs | 3-59 |
| 412 | Motor Fdbk Type | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 413 | Encoder PPR | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 414 | Enc Position Fdbk | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 415 | Encoder Speed | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 416 | Fdbk Filter Sel | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 419 | Notch Filter Freq | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 420 | Notch Filter K | Speed Feedback | 3-15 |
| 421 | Marker Pulse | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| 422 | Pulse In Scale | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| 423 | Encoder Z Chan | Speed Feedback | 3-16 |
| 427, 431 | Torque Ref X Sel | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 428,432 | Torque Ref XHi | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 429, 433 | Torque Ref X Lo | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 430 | Torq Ref A Div | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 434 | Torque Ref B Mult | Torq Attributes | 3-13 |
| 435 | Torque Setpoint | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 436 | Pos Torque Limit | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 437 | Neg Torque Limit | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 438 | Torque Setpoint2 | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 440 | Control Status | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 441 | Mtr Tor Cur Ref | Torq Attributes | 3-14 |
| 445 | Ki Speed Loop | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| 446 | Kp Speed Loop | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| 447 | Kf Speed Loop | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| 449 | Speed Desired BW | Speed Regulator | 3-25 |
| 450 | Total Inertia | Speed Regulator | 3-26 |
| 451 | Speed Loop Meter | Speed Regulator | 3-26 |
| 454 | Rev Speed Limit | Speed Regulator | 3-18 |
| 459 | PI Deriv Time | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 460 | PI Reference Hi | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 461 | PI Reference Lo | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 462 | PI Feedback Hi | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 463 | PI Feedback Lo | Process PI | 3-24 |
| 464 | PI Output Gain | Process PI | 3-25 |
| 476-494 | ScaleX In Value | Scaled Blocks | 3-44 |
| 477-495 | ScaleX In Hi | Scaled Blocks | 3-44 |
| 478-496 | ScaleX In Lo | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| 479-497 | ScaleX Out Hi | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| 480-498 | ScaleX Out Lo | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| 481-499 | ScaleX Out Value | Scaled Blocks | 3-45 |
| 595 | Port Mask Act | Security | 3-50 |
| 596 | Write Mask Cfg | Security | 3-50 |
| 597 | Write Mask Act | Security | 3-50 |
| 598 | Logic Mask Act | Security | 3-51 |
| 600 | TorqProve Cnfg | Torq Proving | 3-59 |
| 601 | TorqProve Setup | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 602 | Spd Dev Band | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 603 | SpdBand Integrat | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 604 | Brk Release Time | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 605 | ZeroSpdFloatTime | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 606 | Float Tolerance | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 607 | Brk Set Time | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 608 | TorqLim SlewRate | Torq Proving | 3-60 |
| 609 | BrkSlip Count | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| 610 | Brk Alarm Travel | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| 611 | MicroPos Scale\% | Torq Proving | 3-61 |


| Number | Parameter Name | Group | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 612 | TorqProve Status | Torq Proving | 3-61 |
| 631 | Rod Load Torque | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 632 | TorqAlarm Level | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 633 | TorqAlarm Action | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 634 | TorqAlarm Dwell | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 635 | TorqAlrm Timeout | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 636 | TorqAlrm TO Act | Oil Well Pump | 3-61 |
| 637 | PCP Pump Sheave | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 638 | Max Rod Torque | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 639 | Min Rod Speed | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 640 | Max Rod Speed | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 641 | OilWell Pump Sel | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 642 | Gearbox Rating | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 643 | Gearbox Sheave | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 644 | Gearbox Ratio | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 645 | Motor Sheave | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 646 | Total Gear Ratio | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 647 | DB Resistor | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 648 | Gearbox Limit | Oil Well Pump | 3-62 |
| 650 | Adj Volt Phase | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 651 | Adj Volt Select | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 652 | Adj Volt Ref Hi | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 653 | Adj Volt Ref Lo | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 654-660 | Adj Volt Preset1-7 | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 661 | Min Adj Voltage | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 662 | Adj Volt Command | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 663 | MOP Adj VoltRate | Adjust Voltage | 3-63 |
| 669 | Adj Volt TrimSel | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 670 | Adj Volt Trim Hi | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 671 | Adj Volt Trim Lo | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 672 | Adj Volt Trim \% | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 675 | Adj Volt AccTime | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 676 | Adj Volt DecTime | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 677 | Adj Volt S Curve | Adjust Voltage | 3-64 |
| 700 | Pos/Spd Prof Sts | ProfSetup/Status | 3-65 |
| 701 | Units Traveled | ProfSetup/Status | 3-65 |
| 705 | Pos/Spd Prof Cmd | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 707 | Encoder Pos Tol | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 708 | Counts Per Unit | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 711 | Vel Override | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 713 | Find Home Speed | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 714 | Find Home Ramp | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 718 | Pos Reg Filter | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 719 | Pos Reg Gain | ProfSetup/Status | 3-66 |
| 720... | Step x Type | Profile Setup | 3-67 |
| 721... | Step x Velocity | Profile Setup | 3-68 |
| 722... | Step x AccelTime | Profile Setup | 3-68 |
| 723... | Step x DecelTime | Profile Setup | 3-69 |
| 724... | Step x Value | Profile Setup | 3-69 |
| 725... | Step x Dwell | Profile Setup | 3-70 |
| 726... | Step x Batch | Profile Setup | 3-70 |
| 727... | Step x Next | Profile Setup | 3-71 |

## Notes:

## Troubleshooting

Chapter 4 provides information to guide you in troubleshooting the PowerFlex 700. Included is a listing and description of drive faults (with possible solutions, when applicable) and alarms.

| For information on... | See page... |
| :--- | :--- |
| Faults and Alarms | $4-1$ |
| Drive Status | $4-2$ |
| Manually Clearing Faults | $4-4$ |
| Fault Descriptions | $4-4$ |
| Clearing Alarms | $4-9$ |
| Alarm Descriptions | $4-10$ |
| Common Symptoms and Corrective Actions | $4-13$ |
| Testpoint Codes and Functions | $4-16$ |

## Faults and Alarms

A fault is a condition that stops the drive. There are three fault types.

| Type | Fault Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | Auto-Reset Run | When this type of fault occurs, and [Auto Rstrt Tries] (see <br> page 3-30) is set to a value greater than "0," a <br> user-configurable timer, [Auto Rstrt Delay]] (see page 3-30) <br> begins. When the timer reaches zero, the drive attempts to <br> automatically reset the fault. If the condition that caused the <br> fault is no longer present, the fault will be reset and the drive <br> will be restarted. |
| (2) | Non-ResettableThis type of fault normally requires drive or motor repair. The <br> cause of the fault must be corrected before the fault can be <br> cleared. The fault will be reset on power up after repair. |  |
| (3) | User ConfigurableThese faults can be enabled/disabled to annunciate or ignore <br> a fault condition. |  |

An alarm is a condition that, if left untreated, may stop the drive. There are two alarm types.

| Type | Alarm Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | User ConfigurableThese alarms can be enabled or disabled through <br> [Alarm Config 1] on page 3-44. |  |
| (2) | Non-Configurable | These alarms are always enabled. |

## Drive Status

The condition or state of your drive is constantly monitored. Any changes will be indicated through the LEDs and/or the HIM (if present).

## Front Panel LED Indications

Figure 4.1 Typical Drive Status Indicators


| \# | Name | Color | State | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | PWR (Power) | Green | Steady | Illuminates when power is applied to the drive. |
| (2) | STS (Status) | Green | Flashing | Drive ready, but not running \& no faults are present. |
|  |  |  | Steady | Drive running, no faults are present. |
|  |  | Yellow See page 4-10 | Flashing, Drive Stopped | A start inhibit condition exists, the drive cannot be started. Check parameter 214 [Start Inhibits]. |
|  |  |  | Flashing, Drive Running | An intermittent type 1 alarm condition is occurring. Check parameter 211 [Drive Alarm 1]. |
|  |  |  | Steady, Drive Running | A continuous type 1 alarm condition exists. Check parameter 211 [Drive Alarm 1]. |
|  |  | Red <br> See <br> page 4-4 | Flashing | Fault has occurred. Check [Fault x Code] or Fault Queue. |
|  |  |  | Steady | A non-resettable fault has occurred. |
| (3) | PORT | Green | - | Status of DPI port internal communications (if present). |
|  | MOD | Yellow | - | Status of communications module (when installed). |
|  | NET A | Red | - | Status of network (if connected). |
|  | NET B | Red | - | Status of secondary network (if connected). |

## Precharge Board LED Indications

Precharge Board LED indicators are found on Frame 5 \& 6 drives. The
LEDs are located above the "Line Type" jumper shown in Figure 1.2.

| Name | Color | State | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power | Green | Steady | Indicates when precharge board power supply is operational |
| Alarm | Yellow | Flashing $[1]$ $[2]$ $[3]$ $[4]$ $[5]$ $[6]$ $[7]$ | Number in " [ ]" indicates flashes and associated alarm ${ }^{(1)}$ : <br> Low line voltage ( $<90 \%$ ). <br> Very low line voltage ( $<50 \%$ ). <br> Low phase (one phase $<80 \%$ of line voltage). <br> Frequency out of range or asymmetry (line sync failed). Low DC bus voltage (triggers ride-through operation). Input frequency momentarily out of range $(40-65 \mathrm{~Hz})$. DC bus short circuit detection active. |
| Fault | Red | Flashing [2] | Number in "[ ]" indicates flashes and associated fault ${ }^{(2)}$ : DC bus short (Udc <2\% after 20 ms ). <br> Line sync failed or low line (Uac <50\% Unom). |

(1) An alarm condition automatically resets when the condition no longer exists
(2) A fault indicates a malfunction that must be corrected and can only be reset after cycling power.

## HIM Indication

The LCD HIM also provides visual notification of a fault or alarm condition.

| Condition | Display |
| :---: | :---: |
| Drive is indicating a fault. <br> The LCD HIM immediately reports the fault condition by displaying the following. <br> - "Faulted" appears in the status line <br> - Fault number <br> - Fault name <br> - Time that has passed since fault occurred Press Esc to regain HIM control. |  |
|  | F $\rightarrow$ F Faulted ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Auto |
|  | - Fault - F OverVoltage Time Since Fault $\quad 0000: 23: 52$ |
| Drive is indicating an alarm. <br> The LCD HIM immediately reports the alarm condition by displaying the following. <br> - Alarm name (Type 2 alarms only) <br> - Alarm bell graphic |  |
|  | F $\rightarrow$ \|Power Loss | |i.i.|Auto| |
|  | 0.0 Hz |
|  | Main Menu: <br> Diagnostics <br> Parameter <br> Device Select |

## Manually Clearing Faults

## Step

## $\mathrm{Key}(\mathrm{s})$

1. Press Esc to acknowledge the fault. The fault information will be removed so that you can use the HIM.
2. Address the condition that caused the fault.

The cause must be corrected before the fault can be cleared.
3. After corrective action has been taken, clear the fault by one of these methods.

- Press Stop
- Cycle drive power
- Set parameter 240 [Fault Clear] to "1."
- "Clear Faults" on the HIM Diagnostic menu.


## Fault Descriptions

Table 4.A Fault Types, Descriptions and Actions

| Fault | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ |  | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog In Loss | 29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (1) } \\ & (3) \end{aligned}$ | An analog input is configured to fault on signal loss. A signal loss has occurred. <br> Configure with [Anlg In 1, 2 Loss] on page 3-52. | 1. Check parameters. <br> 2. Check for broken/loose connections at inputs. |
| Anlg Cal Chksum | 108 |  | The checksum read from the analog calibration data does not match the checksum calculated. | Replace drive. |
| Auto Rstrt Tries | 33 | (3) | Drive unsuccessfully attempted to reset a fault and resume running for the programmed number of [FIt RstRun Tries]. <br> Enable/Disable with [Fault Config 1] on page 3-42. | Correct the cause of the fault and manually clear. |
| AutoTune Aborted | 80 |  | Autotune function was canceled by the user or a fault occurred. | Restart procedure. |
| Auxiliary Input | 2 | (1) | Auxiliary input interlock is open. | Check remote wiring. |
| Cntl Bd Overtemp | 55 |  | The temperature sensor on the Main Control Board detected excessive heat. | 1. Check Main Control Board fan. <br> 2. Check surrounding air temperature. <br> 3. Verify proper mounting/cooling. |
| DB Resistance | 69 |  | Resistance of the internal DB resistor is out of range. | Replace resistor. |


| Fault | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |  | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decel Inhibit | 24 | (3) | The drive is not following a commanded deceleration because it is attempting to limit bus voltage. | 1. Verify input voltage is within drive specified limits. <br> 2. Verify system ground impedance follows proper grounding techniques. <br> 3. Disable bus regulation and/or add dynamic brake resistor and/or extend deceleration time. Refer to the Attention statement on page P-4 |
| Drive OverLoad | 64 |  | Drive rating of $110 \%$ for 1 minute or $150 \%$ for 3 seconds has been exceeded. | Reduce load or extend Accel Time. |
| Drive Powerup | 49 |  | No fault displayed. Used as a Power Up Marker in the Fault Queue indicating that the drive power has been cycled. |  |
| Excessive Load | 79 |  | Motor did not come up to speed in the allotted time during autotune. | 1. Uncouple load from motor. <br> 2. Repeat Autotune. |
| Encoder Loss | 91 |  | Requires differential encoder. One of the 2 encoder channel signals is missing. | 1. Check Wiring. <br> 2. Replace encoder. |
| Encoder Quad Err | 90 |  | Both encoder channels changed state within one clock cycle. | 1. Check for externally induced noise. <br> 2. Replace encoder. |
| Faults Cleared | 52 |  | No fault displayed. Used as a marker in the Fault Queue indicating that the fault clear function was performed. |  |
| Flt QueueCleared | 51 |  | No fault displayed. Used as a marker in the Fault Queue indicating that the clear queue function was performed. |  |
| FluxAmpsRef Rang | 78 |  | The value for flux amps determined by the Autotune procedure exceeds the programmed [Motor NP FLA]. | 1. Reprogram [Motor NP FLA] with the correct motor nameplate value. <br> 2. Repeat Autotune. |
| Ground Fault | 13 | (1) | A current path to earth ground greater than $25 \%$ of drive rating. | Check the motor and external wiring to the drive output terminals for a grounded condition. |
| Hardware Fault | 93 |  | Hardware enable is disabled (jumpered high) but logic pin is still low. | 1. Check jumper. <br> 2. Replace Main Control Board. |
| Hardware Fault | 130 |  | Gate array load error. | 1. Cycle power. <br> 2. Replace Main Control Board. |
| Hardware Fault | 131 |  | Dual port failure. | 1. Cycle power. <br> 2. Replace Main Control Board. |
| Hardware PTC | 18 |  | Motor PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) Overtemp. |  |
| Heatsink OvrTemp | 8 | (1) | Heatsink temperature exceeds $100 \%$ of [Drive Temp]. | 1. Verify that maximum ambient temperature has not been exceeded. <br> 2. Check fan. <br> 3. Check for excess load. |


| Fault | \% |  | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HW OverCurrent | 12 | (1) | The drive output current has exceeded the hardware current limit. | Check programming. Check for excess load, improper DC boost setting, DC brake volts set too high or other causes of excess current. |
| Incompat MCB-PB | 106 | (2) | Drive rating information stored on the power board is incompatible with the main control board. | Load compatible version files into drive. |
| I/O Comm Loss | 121 |  | I/O Board lost communications with the Main Control Board. | Check connector. Check for induced noise. Replace I/O board or Main Control Board. |
| I/O Failure | 122 |  | I/O was detected, but failed the powerup sequence. | Replace Main Control Board. |
| Input Phase Loss | 17 |  | The DC bus ripple has exceeded a preset level. | Check incoming power for a missing phase/blown fuse. |
| IR Volts Range | 77 |  | "Calculate" is the autotune default and the value determined by the autotune procedure for IR Drop Volts is not in the range of acceptable values. | Re-enter motor nameplate data. |
| IXo VoltageRange | 87 |  | Voltage calculated for motor inductive impedance exceeds $25 \%$ of [Motor NP Volts]. | 1. Check for proper motor sizing. <br> 2. Check for correct programming of [Motor NP Volts], parameter 41. <br> 3. Additional output impedance may be required. |
| Load Loss | 15 |  | Drive output torque current is below [Load Loss Level] for a time period greater than [Load Loss time]. | 1. Verify connections between motor and load. <br> 2. Verify level and time requirements. |
| Motor Overload | 7 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1) \\ (3) \end{array}$ | Internal electronic overload trip. Enable/Disable with [Fault Config 1] on page 3-42. | An excessive motor load exists. Reduce load so drive output current does not exceed the current set by [Motor NP FLA]. |
| Motor Thermistor | 16 |  | Thermistor output is out of range. | 1. Verify that thermistor is connected. <br> 2. Motor is overheated. Reduce load. |
| NVS I/O Checksum | 109 |  | EEprom checksum error. | 1. Cycle power and repeat function. <br> 2. Replace Main Control Board. |
| NVS I/O Failure | 110 |  | EEprom I/O error. | 1. Cycle power and repeat function. <br> 2. Replace Main Control Board. |
| Output PhaseLoss | 21 |  | Current in one or more phases has been lost or remains below a preset level. | Check the drive and motor wiring. Check for phase-to-phase continuity at the motor terminals. Check for disconnected motor leads. |


| Fault | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 딜 | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OverSpeed Limit | 25 | (1) | Functions such as Slip Compensation or Bus Regulation have attempted to add an output frequency adjustment greater than that programmed in [Overspeed Limit]. | Remove excessive load or overhauling conditions or increase [Overspeed Limit]. |
| OverVoltage | 5 | (1) | DC bus voltage exceeded maximum value. | Monitor the AC line for high line voltage or transient conditions. Bus overvoltage can also be caused by motor regeneration. Extend the decel time or install dynamic brake option. |
| Parameter Chksum | 100 | (2) | The checksum read from the board does not match the checksum calculated. | 1. Restore defaults. <br> 2. Reload User Set if used. |
| Params Defaulted | 48 |  | The drive was commanded to write default values to EEPROM. | 1. Clear the fault or cycle power to the drive. <br> 2. Program the drive parameters as needed. |
| Phase U to Grnd | 38 |  | A phase to ground fault has been detected between the drive and motor in this phase. | 1. Check the wiring between the drive and motor. <br> 2. Check motor for grounded phase. <br> 3. Replace drive. |
| Phase V to Grnd | 39 |  |  |  |
| Phase W to Grnd | 40 |  |  |  |
| Phase UV Short | 41 |  | Excessive current has been detected between these two output terminals. | 1. Check the motor and drive output terminal wiring for a shorted condition. <br> 2. Replace drive. |
| Phase VW Short | 42 |  |  |  |
| Phase UW Short | 43 |  |  |  |
| Port 1-5 DPI Loss | $\begin{aligned} & 81- \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | (2) | DPI port stopped communicating. A SCANport device was connected to a drive operating DPI devices at 500 k baud. | 1. If adapter was not intentionally disconnected, check wiring to the port. Replace wiring, port expander, adapters, Main Control Board or complete drive as required. <br> 2. Check HIM connection. <br> 3. If an adapter was intentionally disconnected and the [Logic Mask] bit for that adapter is set to "1", this fault will occur. To disable this fault, set the [Logic Mask] bit for the adapter to " 0 ." |
| Port 1-5 Adapter | $\begin{aligned} & 71- \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ |  | The communications card has a fault. | 1. Check DPI device event queue and corresponding fault information for the device. |
| Power Loss | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & (3) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | DC bus voltage remained below $85 \%$ of nominal for longer than [Power Loss Time]. Enable/ Disable with [Fault Config 1] on page 3-42. | Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or line power interruption. |


| Fault | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ |  | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Unit | 70 |  | One or more of the output transistors were operating in the active region instead of desaturation. This can be caused by excessive transistor current or insufficient base drive voltage. | 1. Check for damaged output transistors. <br> 2. Replace drive. |
| Pulse In Loss | 92 |  | Z Channel is selected as a pulse input and no signal is present. | 1. Check wiring. <br> 2. Replace pulse generator. |
| Pwr Brd Chksum1 | 104 |  | The checksum read from the EEPROM does not match the checksum calculated from the EEPROM data. | Clear the fault or cycle power to the drive. |
| Pwr Brd Chksum2 | 105 | (2) | The checksum read from the board does not match the checksum calculated. | 1. Cycle power to the drive. <br> 2. If problem persists, replace drive. |
| Replaced MCB-PB | 107 | (2) | Main Control Board was replaced and parameters were not programmed. | 1. Restore defaults. <br> 2. Reprogram parameters. |
| See Manual | 28 |  | Encoderless TorqProve has been enabled but user has not read and understood application concerns of encoderless operation. | 1. Read the "Attention" on page C-5 relating to the use of TorqProve with no encoder. |
| Shear Pin | 63 | (3) | Programmed [Current Lmt Val] has been exceeded. Enable/ Disable with [Fault Config 1] on page 3-42. | Check load requirements and [Current Lmt Val] setting. |
| Software Fault | 88 |  | Microprocessor handshake error. | Replace Main Control Board. |
| Software Fault | 89 |  | Microprocessor handshake error. | Replace Main Control Board. |
| SW OverCurrent | 36 | (1) | Drive output current has exceeded the 1 ms current rating. This rating is greater than the 3 second current rating and less than the hardware overcurrent fault level. It is typically 200-250\% of the drive continuous rating | Check for excess load, improper DC boost setting. DC brake volts set too high. |
| TorqPrv Spd Band | 20 |  | Difference between [Commanded Speed] and [Encoder Speed] has exceeded the level set in [Spd Dev Band] for a time period greater than [Spd Band Integrat]. | 1. Check wiring between drive and motor. <br> 2. Check release of mechanical brake. |
| Trnsistr OvrTemp | 9 | (1) | Output transistors have exceeded their maximum operating temperature. | 1. Verify that maximum ambient temperature has not been exceeded. <br> 2. Check fan. <br> 3. Check for excess load. |


| Fault | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{2}$ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{O}}}{\substack{\text { on }}}$ | Description | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UnderVoltage | 4 | (1) <br> (3) | DC bus voltage fell below the minimum value of 407 V DC at 400/480V input or 204V DC at 200/240V input. Enable/Disable with [Fault Config 1] (page 3-42). | Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or power interruption. |
| UserSet1 Chksum | 101 | (2) | The checksum read from the user set does not match the checksum calculated. | Re-save user set. |
| UserSet2 Chksum | 102 | (2) |  |  |
| UserSet3 Chksum | 103 | (2) |  |  |

(1) See page 4-1 for a description of fault types.

Table 4.B Fault Cross Reference

| No..$^{(1)}$ | Fault |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Auxiliary Input |
| 3 | Power Loss |
| 4 | UnderVoltage |
| 5 | OverVoltage |
| 7 | Motor Overload |
| 8 | Heatsink OvrTemp |
| 9 | Trnsistr OvrTemp |
| 12 | HW OverCurrent |
| 13 | Ground Fault |
| 15 | Load Loss |
| 16 | Motor Thermistor |
| 17 | Input Phase Loss |
| 20 | TorqPrv Spd Band |
| 21 | Output PhaseLoss |
| 24 | Decel Inhibit |
| 25 | OverSpeed Limit |
| 28 | See Manual |
| 29 | Analog In Loss |
| 33 | Auto Rstrt Tries |
| 36 | SW OverCurrent |
|  |  |


| No. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Fault |
| :--- | :--- |
| 38 | Phase U to Grnd |
| 39 | Phase V to Grnd |
| 40 | Phase W to Grnd |
| 41 | Phase UV Short |
| 42 | Phase VW Short |
| 43 | Phase UW Short |
| 48 | Params Defaulted |
| 49 | Drive Powerup |
| 51 | Flt QueueCleared |
| 52 | Faults Cleared |
| 55 | Cntl Bd Overtemp |
| 63 | Shear Pin |
| 64 | Drive OverLoad |
| 69 | DB Resistance |
| 70 | Power Unit |
| $71-75$ | Port 1-5 Adapter |
| 77 | IR Volts Range |
| 78 | FluxAmpsRef Rang |
| 79 | Excessive Load |
| 80 | AutoTune Aborted |


| No. $^{(1)}$ | Fault |
| :--- | :--- |
| $81-85$ | Port 1-5 DPI Loss |
| 87 | IXo VoltageRange |
| 88 | Software Fault |
| 89 | Software Fault |
| 90 | Encoder Quad Err |
| 91 | Encoder Loss |
| 92 | Pulse In Loss |
| 93 | Hardware Fault |
| 100 | Parameter Chksum |
| $101-103$ | UserSet Chksum |
| 104 | Pwr Brd Chksum1 |
| 105 | Pwr Brd Chksum2 |
| 106 | Incompat MCB-PB |
| 107 | Replaced MCB-PB |
| 108 | Anlg Cal Chksum |
| 120 | I/O Mismatch |
| 121 | I/O Comm Loss |
| 122 | I/O Failure |
| 130 | Hardware Fault |
| 131 | Hardware Fault |

(1) Fault numbers not listed are reserved for future use.

## Clearing Alarms

Alarms are automatically cleared when the condition that caused the alarm is no longer present.

## Alarm Descriptions

Table 4．C Alarm Descriptions and Actions

| Alarm | \％ | 骨 | Descriptio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AdjVoltRef Cflct | 33 | （1） | Invalid adjustable voltage reference selection conflict． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog In Loss | 5 | （1） | An analog input is configured for＂Alarm＂on signal loss and signal loss has occurred． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bipolar Conflict | 20 | （2） | Parameter 190 ［Direction Mode］is set to＂Bipolar＂or＂Reverse Dis＂and one or more of the following digital input functions is configured：＂Fwd／Reverse，＂ ＂Run Forward，＂＂Run Reverse，＂＂Jog Forward＂or＂Jog Reverse．＂ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brake Slipped | 32 | （2） | Encoder movement has exceeded the level in［BrkSlipCount］after the brake was set． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decel Inhibt | 10 | （1） | Drive is being inhibited from decelerating． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dig In ConflictA | 17 | （2） | Digital input functions are in conflict．Combinations marked with a＂．i．＂will cause an alarm． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  Acc2／Dec2 |  |  | Accel 2 | 2 Decel | 2 Jog 1／2 |  | Fwd |  | Rev Fw | Fwd／Rev |
|  |  |  | Acc2／Dec2 |  |  | 邫 | 車 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Accel 2 ．ì． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Decel 2 |  | 告 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Jog 1／2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 井． |  | 我 |  |
|  |  |  | Jog Fwd |  |  |  |  | 单 |  |  |  |  | 寊 |
|  |  |  | Jog Rev |  |  |  |  | ．t |  |  |  |  | ． |
|  |  |  | Fwd／Rev |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％ | 曾 | 4 |  |
| Dig In ConflictB | 18 | （2） | A digital Start input has been configured without a Stop input or other functions are in conflict．Combinations that conflict are marked with a＂ị．＂． and will cause an alarm． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |   | Start | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stop- } \\ & \text { CF } \end{aligned}$ | Run | Run Fwd | Run Rev | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jog } \\ & 1 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | Jog Fw |  | Jog Rev | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \hline \text { Fwd/ } \\ \text { Rev } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Start } \\ & \hline \text { Stop-CF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \＃ | ．${ }_{\text {\＃}}$ | 竞 |  | 京 |  | 革 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Run | 击 |  |  | 者 | 嗸 |  | 䧼 |  | 事 |  |
|  |  |  | Run Fwd | 单 |  | 单 |  |  | 苗 |  |  |  | 单 |
|  |  |  | Run Rev | 禹 |  | 禹 |  |  | 事 |  |  |  | 串 |
|  |  |  | Jog 1／2 |  |  |  | ．ịi． | ．it． |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Jog Fwd | ．${ }_{\text {\＃}}$ |  | \＃ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Jog Rev | ．i． |  | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Fwd／Rev |  |  |  | 娄 | 点 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dig In ConflictC | 19 | （2） | More than one physical input has been configured to the same input function．   <br> Multiple configurations are not allowed for the following input functions．   <br> Forward／Reverse Run Reverse Bus Regulation Mode B <br> Speed Select 1 Jog Fowrard Acc2／Dec2 <br> Speed Select 2 Jog Reverse Accel 2 <br> Speed SSecect 3 Run Rune <br> Run Forward Stop Mode B Decel 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Alarm | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | ¢ | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drive OL Level 1 | 8 | (1) | The calculated IGBT temperature requires a reduction in PWM frequency. If [Drive OL Mode] is disabled and the load is not reduced, an overload fault will eventually occur. |
| Drive OL Level 2 | 9 | (1) | The calculated IGBT temperature requires a reduction in Current Limit. If [Drive OL Mode] is disabled and the load is not reduced, an overload fault will eventually occur. |
| FluxAmpsRef Rang | 26 | (2) | The calculated or measured Flux Amps value is not within the expected range. Verify motor data and rerun motor tests. |
| Ground Warn | 15 | (1) | Ground current has exceeded the level set in [Gnd Warn Level]. |
| Home Not Set | 34 | (1) | Configurable alarm set in parameter 259, bit 17. When set to "1," this alarm is displayed when any of the following occur: <br> - parameter 88 is set to " 7 " (Pos/Spd Prof) <br> - $\quad$ on power up and parameter $88=$ " 7 " <br> - recall user sets and parameter $88=$ " 7 " <br> Alarm is cleared when: <br> - setting parameter 88 to a value other than " 7 " <br> - reset defaults <br> - parameter 259 , bit 17 is cleared <br> - a digital input is configured as "Set Home" and input is True <br> - parameter 705 , bit 9 is "Enabled" <br> - parameter 700, bit 13 (At Home) is "Enabled" - position regulator will set this bit if device is "home" |
| In Phase Loss | 13 | (1) | The DC bus ripple has exceeded the level in [Phase Loss Level]. |
| IntDBRes OvrHeat | 6 | (1) | The drive has temporarily disabled the DB regulator because the resistor temperature has exceeded a predetermined value. |
| IR Volts Range | 25 | (2) | The drive auto tuning default is "Calculate" and the value calculated for IR Drop Volts is not in the range of acceptable values. This alarm should clear when all motor nameplate data is properly entered. |
| Ixo VIt Rang | 28 | (2) | Motor leakage inductance is out of range. |
| Load Loss | 14 |  | Output torque current is below [Load Loss Level] for a time period greater than [Load Loss time]. |
| MaxFreq Conflict | 23 | (2) | The sum of [Maximum Speed] and [Overspeed Limit] exceeds [Maximum Freq]. Raise [Maximum Freq] or lower [Maximum Speed] and/or [Overspeed Limit] so that the sum is less than or equal to [Maximum Freq]. |
| Motor Thermistor | 12 |  | The value at the thermistor terminals has been exceeded. |
| Motor Type Cflct | 21 | (2) | [Motor Type] has been set to "Synchr Reluc" or "Synchr PM" and one or more of the following exist: <br> - [Torque Perf Mode] = "Sensrls Vect," "SV Economize" or "Fan/Pmp V/Hz." <br> - [Flux Up Time] is greater than 0.0 Secs. <br> - [Speed Mode] is set to "Slip Comp." <br> - [Autotune] = "Static Tune" or "Rotate Tune." |
| NP Hz Conflict | 22 | (2) | Fan/pump mode is selected in [Torq Perf Mode] and the ratio of [Motor NP Hertz] to [Maximum Freq] is greater than 26. |
| PI Config Conflict | 52 | (2) | Check [PI Configuration], both "AdjVoltTrim" \& "Torque Trim" are selected. |


| Alarm | \% | 들 | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Loss | 3 | (1) | Drive has sensed a power line loss. |
| Precharge Active | 1 | (1) | Drive is in the initial DC bus precharge state. |
| Prof Step Cflct | 50 | (2) | An error is detected in trend step(s). <br> - Set if Sleep Mode is enabled. <br> - Set if: <br> any profile step uses "Encoder Incr" and/or "Enc Absolute" <br> and <br> [Motor Cntl Sel], parameter 53 is not set to "FVC Vector" <br> and <br> [Feedback Select], parameter 80 is not set to "Encoder" or "Simulator" and <br> [Speed/Torque Mod], parameter 88 = "7" (Pos/Spd Prof). <br> - a Step Type is configured for "Dig Input" and the Step Value is greater than 6, less than -6 , or zero <br> or <br> the digital input selected with [Digital $\operatorname{lnx}$ Sel] is not set to " 57 , Prof Input." <br> - Cleared if none of the above occur. |
| PTC Conflict | 31 | (2) | PTC is enabled for Analog In 1, which is configured as a $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ current source in [Anlg In Config]. |
| Sleep Config | 29 | (2) | Sleep/Wake configuration error. With [Sleep-Wake Mode] = "Direct," possible causes include: drive is stopped and [Wake Level] < [Sleep Level]. "Stop=CF," <br> "Run," "Run Forward," or "Run Reverse." is not configured in [Digital Inx Sel]. |
| Speed Ref Cflct | 27 | (2) | [Speed Ref x Sel] or [PI Reference Sel] is set to "Reserved". |
| Start At PowerUp | 4 | (1) | [Start At PowerUp] is enabled. Drive may start at any time within 10 seconds of drive powerup. |
| TB Man Ref Cflct | 30 | (2) | Occurs when: <br> - "Auto/Manual" is selected (default) for [Digital In3 Sel], parameter 363 and <br> - [TB Man Ref Sel], parameter 96 has been reprogrammed. <br> No other use for the selected analog input may be programmed. <br> Example: If [TB Man Ref Sel] is reprogrammed to "Analog In 2," all of the factory default uses for "Analog In 2" must be reprogramed (such as parameters 90, 117, 128 and 179). See also Auto/Manual Examples on page 1-22. <br> To correct: <br> - Verify/reprogram the parameters that reference an analog input or <br> - Reprogram [Digital In3] to another function or "Unused." |
| TorqProve Cflct | 49 | (2) | When [TorqProve Cnfg] is enabled, [Motor Cntl Sel], [Feedback Select] and [Motor Fdbk Type] must be properly set (refer to page C-7). |
| UnderVoltage | 2 | (1) | The bus voltage has dropped below a predetermined value. |
| VHz Neg Slope | 24 | (2) | [Torq Perf Mode] = "Custom V/Hz" \& the V/Hz slope is negative. |
| Waking | 11 | (1) | The Wake timer is counting toward a value that will start the drive. |

[^5]Table 4.D Alarm Cross Reference

| No. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Alarm |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Precharge Active |
| 2 | UnderVoltage |
| 3 | Power Loss |
| 4 | Start At PowerUp |
| 5 | Analog in Loss |
| 6 | IntDBRes OvrHeat |
| 8 | Drive OL Level 1 |
| 9 | Drive OL Level 2 |
| 10 | Decel Inhibt |
| 11 | Waking |
| 12 | Motor Thermistor |
| 13 | In Phase Loss |


| No..$^{(1)}$ | Alarm |
| :--- | :--- |
| 14 | Load Loss |
| 15 | Ground Warn |
| 17 | Dig In ConflictA |
| 18 | Dig In ConflictB |
| 19 | Dig In ConflictC |
| 20 | Bipolar Conflict |
| 21 | Motor Type Cflct |
| 22 | NP Hz Conflict |
| 23 | MaxFreq Conflict |
| 24 | VHz Neg Slope |
| 25 | IR Volts Range |
| 26 | FluxAmpsRef Rang |


| No. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Alarm |
| :--- | :--- |
| 27 | Speed Ref Cflct |
| 28 | Ixo Vlt Rang |
| 29 | Sleep Config |
| 30 | TB Man Ref Cflct |
| 31 | PTC Conflict |
| 32 | Brake Slipped |
| 33 | AdjVoltRef Cflct |
| 34 | Home Not Set |
| 49 | Torq Prove Cflct |
| 50 | Prof Step Cflct |
| 52 | PI Config Conflict |

${ }^{(1)}$ Alarm numbers not listed are reserved for future use.

## Common Symptoms and Corrective Actions

Drive does not Start from Start or Run Inputs wired to the terminal block.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drive is Faulted | Flashing red status light | Clear fault. <br> - Press Stop <br> - Cycle power <br> - Set [Fault Clear] to 1 (See page 3-42) <br> - "Clear Faults" on the HIM Diagnostic menu. |
| Incorrect input wiring. See pages 1-19 \& 1-20 for wiring examples. <br> - 2 wire control requires Run, Run Forward, Run Reverse or Jog input. <br> - 3 wire control requires Start and Stop inputs. <br> - Jumper from terminal 25 to 26 is required. | None | Wire inputs correctly and/or install jumper. |
| Incorrect digital input programming. <br> - Mutually exclusive choices have been made (i.e., Jog and Jog Forward). <br> - 2 wire and 3 wire programming may be | None | Program [Digital Inx Sel] for correct inputs. (See page 3-55) <br> Start or Run programming may be missing. |
| conflicting. <br> - Exclusive functions (i.e, direction control) may have multiple inputs configured. <br> - Stop is factory default and is not wired. | Flashing yellow status light and "Digln CflctB" indication on LCD HIM. <br> [Drive Status 2] shows type 2 alarm(s). | Program [Digital Inx Sel] to resolve conflicts. (See page 3-55) <br> Remove multiple selections for the same function. <br> Install stop button to apply a signal at stop terminal. |

## Drive does not Start from HIM.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Drive is programmed for 2 wire | None | If 2 wire control is required, no action needed. |
| control. HIM Start button is |  | See [Save HIM Ref] on page 3-34. |
| disabled for 2 wire control. |  | If 3 wire control is required, program [Digital <br> Inx Sel] for correct inputs. (See page 3-55) |

Drive does not respond to changes in speed command.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No value is coming from the source <br> of the command. | LCD HIM Status <br> Line indicates <br> "At Speed" and <br> output is 0 Hz. | 1. If the source is an analog input, check <br> wiring and use a meter to check for <br> presence of signal. |
| 2.Check [Commanded Speed] for correct <br> source. (See page 3-7) |  |  |
| Incorrect reference source has <br> been programmed. | None | 3.Check [Speed Ref Source] for the source of <br> the speed reference. (See page 3-39) <br> Incorrect Reference source is <br> being selected via remote device or <br> digital inputs. <br> Reprogram [Speed Ref A Sel] for correct <br> source. (See page 3-19) |

Motor and/or drive will not accelerate to commanded speed.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Acceleration time is excessive. | None | Reprogram [Accel Time x]. (See page 3-26) |
| Excess load or short acceleration <br> times force the drive into current <br> limit, slowing or stopping <br> acceleration. | None | Check [Drive Status 2], bit 10 to see if the drive <br> is in Current Limit. (See page 3-37) |
| Speed command source or value is <br> Rot as expected. | None | Checess load or reprogram [Accel Time <br> x].(See page 3-26) |
| Step for the proper Speed Command using <br> Srivamming is preventing the <br> driveugh 7 above from exceeding limiting <br> values. | None | Check [Maximum Speed] (See page 3-17) and <br> [Maximum Freq] (See page 3-10) to assure <br> that speed is not limited by programming. |

Motor operation is unstable.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Motor data was incorrectly entered <br> or Autotune was not performed. | None | 1. Correctly enter motor nameplate data. <br> 2. Perform "Static" or "Rotate" Autotune <br> procedure. (Param \#061, page 3-12) |

Drive will not reverse motor direction.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Digital input is not selected for <br> reversing control. | None | Check [Digital Inx Sel], page 3-55. Choose <br> correct input and program for reversing mode. |
| Digital input is incorrectly wired. | None | Check input wiring. (See page 1-15) |
| Direction mode parameter is <br> incorrectly programmed. | None | Reprogram [Direction Mode], page 3-33 for <br> analog "Bipolar" or digital "Unipolar" control. |
| Motor wiring is improperly phased <br> for reverse. | None | Switch two motor leads. |
| A bipolar analog speed command <br> input is incorrectly wired or signal is <br> absent. | None | 1. Use meter to check that an analog input <br> voltage is present. <br> 2. Check wiring. (See page 1-15) <br> Positive voltage commands forward direction. <br> Negative voltage commands reverse direction. |

## Stopping the drive results in a Decel Inhibit fault.

| Cause(s) | Indication | Corrective Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The bus regulation feature is | Decel Inhibit fault | 1. See Attention statement on page P-4. |
| enabled and is halting deceleration | screen. | 2. Reprogram parameters 161/162 to |
| due to excessive bus voltage. | LCD Status Line | eliminate any "Adjust Freq" selection. <br> Excess bus voltage is normally due <br> to excessive regenerated energy or <br> indicates |
| "Faulted". |  |  |
| unstable AC line input voltages. and add a dynamic brake. |  |  |
| Internal timer has halted drive  <br> operation.  <br> 4. Correct AC input line instability or add an  <br> isolation transformer.  |  |  |

## Testpoint Codes and Functions

Select testpoint with [Testpoint x Sel], parameters 234/236. Values can be viewed with [Testpoint x Data], parameters 235/237.

|  |  |  | Values |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| No. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Description |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units |  | Maximum | Default |  |  |
| 01 | DPI Error Status | 1 | 0 | 255 | 0 |  |
| 02 | Heatsink Temp | 0.1 degC | -100.0 | 100.0 | 0 |  |
| 03 | Active Cur Limit | 1 | 0 | 32767 | 0 |  |
| 04 | Active PWM Freq | 1 Hz | 2 | 10 | 4 |  |
| 05 | Life MegaWatt Hr(2) | 0.0001 MWh | 0 | 214748.3647 | 0 |  |
| 06 | Life Run Time | 0.0001 Hrs | 0 | 214748.3647 | 0 |  |
| 07 | Life Pwr Up Time | 0.0001 Hrs | 0 | 214748.3647 | 0 |  |
| 08 | Life Pwr Cycles | 1 | 0 | 4294967295 | 0 |  |
| 09 | Life MW-HR Fract ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 0 | 4294967295 | 0 |  |
| 10 | MW-HR Frac Unit ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 0 | 4294967295 | 0 |  |
| 11 | MCB Life Time | 0.0001 Hrs | 0 | 214748.3647 | 0 |  |
| 12 | Raw Analog In 1 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 13 | Raw Analog In 2 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 16 | CS Msg Rx Cnt | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 17 | CS Msg Tx Cnt | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 18 | CS Timeout Cnt | 1 | 0 | 255 | 0 |  |
| 19 | CS Msg Bad Cnt | 1 | 0 | 255 | 0 |  |
| 22 | PC Msg Rx Cnt | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 23 | PC Msg Tx Cnt | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| $24-29$ | PC1-6 Timeout Cnt | 1 | 0 | 255 | 0 |  |
| 30 | CAN BusOff Cnt | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 31 | No. of Analog Inputs | 1 | 0 | $x$ | 0 |  |
| 32 | Raw Temperature | 1 | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 33 | MTO Norm Mtr Amp | 0.1 Amps | 0 | 65535 | 0 |  |
| 34 | DTO-Cmd Frequency | 1 | 0 | 420 | 0 |  |
| 35 | DTO-Cmd Cur Lim | 0.1 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 36 | DTO-Cmd DC Hold | 1 | 0 | 32767 | 0 |  |
| 37 | Control Bd Temp | 0.1 | 0.0 | 60.0 | 0.0 |  |

(1) Enter in [Testpoint x Sel].
(2) Use the equation below to calculate total Lifetime MegaWatt Hours.
$\left(\frac{\text { Value of Code } 9}{\text { Value of Code } 10} \times 0.1\right)+$ Value of Code $5=$ Total Lifetime MegaWatt Hours

## Appendix $A$

## Supplemental Drive Information

| For information on . . | See page .. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Specifications | $\mathrm{A}-1$ |
| Communication Configurations | $\mathrm{A}-5$ |
| Output Devices | $\mathrm{A}-8$ |
| Drive, Fuse \& Circuit Breaker Ratings | $\mathrm{A}-8$ |
| Dimensions | $\mathrm{A}-17$ |
| Frame Cross Reference | $\mathrm{A}-27$ |

## Specifications

| Category | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency Certification | $c \text { Uus }$ | Listed to UL508C and CAN/CSA-C2.2 No. 14-M91. |
|  | $C E$ | Marked for all applicable European Directives ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> EMC Directive (89/336/EEC) <br> EN 61800-3 Adjustable Speed electrical power drive systems Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) <br> EN 50178 Electronic Equipment for use in Power Installations |
|  | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{N} 223}$ | Certified to AS/NZS, 1997 Group 1, Class A. |

The drive is also designed to meet the following specifications:
NFPA 70 - US National Electrical Code
NEMA ICS 3.1 - Safety standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable Speed Drive Systems.
IEC 146 - International Electrical Code.
${ }^{(1)}$ Applied noise impulses may be counted in addition to the standard pulse train causing erroneously high [Pulse Freq] readings.

| Category | Specification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protection | Drive | $\begin{aligned} & 200- \\ & 208 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 240 V | $\begin{aligned} & 380 / \\ & 400 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 480 V | 600 V <br> Frames 0-4 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 600 / 690 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Frames 5-6 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | AC Input Overvoltage Trip: | 285VAC | 285VAC | 570VAC | 570VAC | 716VAC | 818VAC |
|  | AC Input Undervoltage Trip: | 120VAC | 138VAC | 233VAC | 280VAC | 345VAC | 345VAC |
|  | Bus Overvoltage Trip: | 405VDC | 405VDC | 810VDC | 810VDC | 1013VDC | 1162VAC |
|  | Bus Undervoltage Shutoff/Fault: | 153VDC | 153VDC | 305VDC | 305VDC | 381VDC | 437VAC |
|  | Nominal Bus Voltage: | 281VDC | 324VDC | 540VDC | 648VDC | 810VDC | 932VAC |
|  | All Drives |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Heat Sink Thermistor: | Monitored by microprocessor overtemp trip |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Drive Overcurrent Trip Software Overcurrent Trip: Hardware Overcurrent Trip: | 200\% of rated current (typical) $220-300 \%$ of rated current (dependent on drive rating) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Line transients: | up to 6000 volts peak per IEEE C62.41-1991 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Category | Specification |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protection (continued) | Control Logic Noise Immunity: | Showering arc transients up to 1500 V peak |  |  |  |
|  | Power Ride-Thru: | 15 milliseconds at full load |  |  |  |
|  | Logic Control Ride-Thru: | 0.5 seconds minimum, 2 seconds typical |  |  |  |
|  | Ground Fault Trip: | Phase-to-ground on drive output |  |  |  |
|  | Short Circuit Trip: | Phase-to-phase on drive output |  |  |  |
| Environment | Altitude: | 1000 m ( 3300 ft ) max. without derating |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum Surrounding Air Temperature without Derating: IP20, NEMA Type 1: | 0 to 50 degrees C ( 32 to 122 degrees F ), typical. See pages $\mathrm{A}-9$ through A-14 for exceptions. |  |  |  |
|  | Storage Temperature (all const.): | -40 to 70 degrees C (-40 to 158 degrees F) |  |  |  |
|  | Atmosphere: | Important: Drive must not be installed in an area where the ambient atmosphere contains volatile or corrosive gas, vapors or dust. If the drive is not going to be installed for a period of time, it must be stored in an area where it will not be exposed to a corrosive atmosphere. |  |  |  |
|  | Relative Humidity: | 5 to 95\% non-condensing |  |  |  |
|  | Shock: | 15 G peak for $11 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{duration} \mathrm{( } \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | Vibration: | 0.152 mm (0.006 in.) displacement, 1G peak |  |  |  |
|  | Sound: | Frame | Fan Speed | Sound Level | Note: Sound pressure level is measured at 2 meters. |
|  |  | 0 | 30 CFM | 58 dB |  |
|  |  | 1 | 30 CFM | 59 dB |  |
|  |  | 2 | 50 CFM | 57 dB |  |
|  |  | 3 | 120 CFM | 61 dB |  |
|  |  | 4 | 190 CFM | 59 dB |  |
|  |  |  | 200 CFM | 71 dB |  |
|  |  | 6 | 300 CFM | 72 dB |  |
| Electrical | Voltage Tolerance: | See page $\underline{\underline{C-40}}$ for full power and operating range. |  |  |  |
|  | Frequency Tolerance: | $47-63 \mathrm{~Hz}$. |  |  |  |
|  | Input Phases: | Three-phase input provides full rating for all drives. Single-phase operation provides $50 \%$ of rated current. |  |  |  |
|  | Displacement Power Factor: | 0.98 across entire speed range. |  |  |  |
|  | Efficiency: | 97.5\% at rated amps, nominal line volts. |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum Short Circuit Rating: | 200,000 Amps symmetrical. |  |  |  |
|  | Actual Short Circuit Rating: | Determined by AIC rating of installed fuse/circuit breaker. |  |  |  |
| Control | Method: | Sine coded PWM with programmable carrier frequency. Ratings apply to all drives (refer to the Derating Guidelines in the PowerFlex Reference Manual). The drive can be supplied as 6 pulse or 12 pulse in a configured package. |  |  |  |
|  | Carrier Frequency: | $2,4,8$ \& 10 kHz . Drive rating based on 4 kHz (see pages A-9 through A-14 for exceptions). |  |  |  |
|  | Output Voltage Range: | 0 to rated motor voltage |  |  |  |
|  | Output Frequency Range: | 0 to 420 Hz |  |  |  |
|  | Frequency Accuracy Digital Input: Analog Input: | Within $\pm 0.01 \%$ of set output frequency. Within $\pm 0.4 \%$ of maximum output frequency. |  |  |  |


| Category | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control (continued) | Frequency Control: | Speed Regulation - w/Slip Compensation (Volts per Hertz Mode) $0.5 \%$ of base speed across $40: 1$ speed range 40:1 operating range $10 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  |  | Speed Regulation - w/Slip Compensation (Sensorless Vector Mode) $0.5 \%$ of base speed across $80: 1$ speed range 80:1 operating range $20 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  |  | Speed Regulation - w/Feedback (Sensorless Vector Mode) $0.1 \%$ of base speed across $80: 1$ speed range 80:1 operating range $20 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  | Speed Control: | Speed Regulation - w/o Feedback (Vector Control Mode) <br> $0.1 \%$ of base speed across 120:1 speed range 120:1 operating range $50 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  |  | Speed Regulation - w/Feedback (Vector Control Mode) 0.001\% of base speed across 120:1 speed range 1000:1 operating range $250 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  | Torque Regulation: | Torque Regulation - w/o Feedback $\pm 5 \%, 600 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  |  | Torque Regulation - w/Feedback $\pm 2 \%, 2500 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$ bandwidth |
|  | Selectable Motor Control: | Sensorless Vector with full tuning. Standard V/Hz with full custom capability and Vector Control. |
|  | Stop Modes: | Multiple programmable stop modes including - Ramp, Coast, DC-Brake, Ramp-to-Hold and S-curve. |
|  | Accel/Decel: | Two independently programmable accel and decel times. Each time may be programmed from $0-3600$ seconds in 0.1 second increments. |
|  | Intermittent Overload: | $110 \%$ Overload capability for up to 1 minute $150 \%$ Overload capability for up to 3 seconds |
|  | Current Limit Capability: | Proactive Current Limit programmable from 20 to $160 \%$ of rated output current. Independently programmable proportional and integral gain. |
|  | Electronic Motor Overload Protection: | Class 10 protection with speed sensitive response. Investigated by U.L. to comply with N.E.C. Article 430. U.L. File E59272, volume 12. |
| Encoder | Type: | Incremental, dual channel |
|  | Supply: | $12 \mathrm{~V}, 250 \mathrm{~mA} .12 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ minimum inputs isolated with differential transmitter, 250 kHz maximum. |
|  | Quadrature: | $90^{\circ}, \pm 27$ degrees at 25 degrees C. |
|  | Duty Cycle: | 50\%, +10\% |
|  | Requirements: | Encoders must be line driver type, quadrature (dual channel) or pulse (single channel), 8-15V DC output, single-ended or differential and capable of supplying a minimum of 10 mA per channel. Maximum input frequency is 250 kHz . The Encoder Interface Board accepts 12 V DC square-wave with a minimum high state voltage of 7.0V DC (12 volt encoder). Maximum low state voltage is 0.4 V DC. |

PowerFlex 700 Watts Loss (Rated Load, Speed \& PWM) ${ }^{(1)}$

| Voltage | ND HP | External Watts | Internal Watts | Total Watts Loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 240V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & 25 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \\ & 50 \\ & 60 \\ & 75 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 9 <br> 22 <br> 38 <br> 57 <br> 97 <br> 134 <br> 192 <br> 276 <br> 354 <br> 602 <br> 780 <br> 860 <br> 1132 <br> 1296 <br> 1716 <br> 1837 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 37 \\ 39 \\ 39 \\ 41 \\ 82 \\ 74 \\ 77 \\ 92 \\ 82 \\ 96 \\ 96 \\ \hline 107 \\ 138 \\ 200 \\ 277 \\ 418 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 46 \\ 61 \\ 77 \\ 98 \\ 179 \\ 208 \\ 269 \\ 368 \\ 436 \\ 698 \\ 876 \\ 967 \\ 1270 \\ 1496 \\ 1993 \\ 2255 \end{array}$ |
| 480V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & 25 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \\ & 50 \\ & 60 \\ & 75 \\ & 100 \\ & 125 \\ & 150 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 11 19 31 46 78 115 134 226 303 339 357 492 568 722 821 1130 1402 1711 1930 | 42 44 45 46 87 79 84 99 91 102 103 117 148 207 286 397 443 493 583 | 53 63 76 93 164 194 218 326 394 441 459 610 717 930 1107 1479 1845 2204 2512 |
| 600V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & 25 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \\ & 50 \\ & 60 \\ & 75 \\ & 100 \\ & 125 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | 9 <br> 14 <br> 25 <br> 41 <br> 59 <br> 83 <br> 109 <br> 177 <br> 260 <br> 291 <br> 324 <br> 459 <br> 569 <br> 630 <br> 1053 <br> 1467 <br> 1400 <br> 1668 | 37 34 40 42 42 83 75 77 93 83 95 95 109 141 195 308 407 500 612 | 46 54 65 83 142 157 186 270 343 385 419 569 710 825 1361 1874 1900 2280 |

[^6]
## Communication Configurations

## Typical Programmable Controller Configurations

Important: If block transfers are programmed to continuously write information to the drive, care must be taken to properly format the block transfer. If attribute 10 is selected for the block transfer, values will be written only to RAM and will not be saved by the drive. This is the preferred attribute for continuous transfers. If attribute 9 is selected, each program scan will complete a write to the drives non-volatile memory (EEprom). Since the EEprom has a fixed number of allowed writes, continuous block transfers will quickly damage the EEprom. Do Not assign attribute 9 to continuous block transfers. Refer to the individual communications adapter User Manual for additional details.

## Logic Command/Status Words

Figure A. 1 Logic Command Word

| Logic Bits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Command | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 54 | 3 | 2 | 10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x | Stop ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Stop } \\ & 1=\text { Stop } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Start ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Start } \\ & 1=\text { Start } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | Jog | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Jog } \\ & 1=\text { Jog } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  |  | Clear Faults | 0 = Not Clear Faults <br> 1 = Clear Faults |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Direction | $\begin{aligned} & 00=\text { No Command } \\ & 01=\text { Forward Command } \\ & 10=\text { Reverse Command } \\ & 11=\text { Hold Present Direction } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |  | Local Control | $0=$ No Local Control <br> 1 = Local Control |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |  |  | MOP Increment | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Increment } \\ & 1=\text { Increment } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Accel Rate | $\begin{aligned} & 00=\text { No Command } \\ & 01=\text { Use Accel Time } 1 \\ & 10=\text { Use Accel Time } 2 \\ & 11=\text { Use Present Time } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Decel Rate | $\begin{aligned} & 00=\text { No Command } \\ & 01=\text { Use Decel Time } 1 \\ & 10=\text { Use Decel Time } 2 \\ & 11=\text { Use Present Time } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | x | X | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Reference Select ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 000=\text { No Command } \\ & 001=\text { Ref. } 1 \text { (Ref A Select) } \\ & 010=\text { Ref. } 2 \text { (Ref B Select) } \\ & 011=\text { Ref. } 3 \text { (Preset 3) } \\ & 100=\text { Ref. } 4 \text { (Preset 4) } \\ & 101=\text { Ref. } 5 \text { (Preset 5) } \\ & 110=\text { Ref. } 6 \text { (Preset 6) } \\ & 111=\text { Ref. } 7 \text { (Preset 7) } \end{aligned}$ |
| x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MOP <br> Decrement | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Decrement } \\ & 1=\text { Decrement } \end{aligned}$ |

(1) A " $0=$ Not Stop" condition (logic 0 ) must first be present before a " $1=$ Start" condition will start the drive. The Start command acts as a momentary Start command. A "1" will start the drive, but returning to " 0 " will not stop the drive.
(2) This Start will not function if a digital input (parameters 361-366) is programmed for 2-Wire Control (option 7, 8 or 9 ).
(3) This Reference Select will not function if a digital input (parameters 361-366) is programmed for "Speed Sel 1, 2 or 3" (option 15, 16 or 17). Note that Reference Selection is "Exclusive Ownership" see [Reference Owner] on page 3-49.

Figure A. 2 Logic Status Word

| Logic Bits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Status | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 87 | 6 | 5 | 4 3 | 32 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | Ready | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0=\text { Not Ready } \\ & 1=\text { Ready } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | Active | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Active } \\ & 1=\text { Active } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  |  | Command Direction | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Reverse } \\ & 1=\text { Forward } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  | Actual Direction | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0=\text { Reverse } \\ & 1=\text { Forward } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | Accel | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Accelerating } \\ & 1=\text { Accelerating } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  |  |  |  | Decel | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not Decelerating } \\ & 1=\text { Decelerating } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | Alarm | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { No Alarm } \\ & 1=\text { Alarm } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fault | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { No Fault } \\ & 1=\text { Fault } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | At Speed | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Not At Reference } \\ & 1=\text { At Reference } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | X | X | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Local Control ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 000=\text { Port } 0(\text { TB }) \\ & 001=\text { Port } 1 \\ & 010=\text { Port } 2 \\ & 011=\text { Port } 3 \\ & 100=\text { Port } 4 \\ & 101=\text { Port } 5 \\ & 110=\text { Reserved } \\ & 111=\text { No Local } \end{aligned}$ |
| X | X | X | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Reference Source | $\begin{aligned} & 0000=\text { Ref A Auto } \\ & 0001=\text { Ref B Auto } \\ & 0010=\text { Preset } 2 \text { Auto } \\ & 0011=\text { Preset } 3 \text { Auto } \\ & 0100=\text { Preset } 4 \text { Auto } \\ & 0101=\text { Preset } 5 \text { Auto } \\ & 0110=\text { Preset } 6 \text { Auto } \\ & 0111=\text { Preset } 7 \text { Auto } \\ & 1000=\text { Term Blk Manual } \\ & 1001=\text { DPI } 1 \text { Manual } \\ & 1010=\text { DPI } 2 \text { Manual } \\ & 1011=\text { DPI } 3 \text { Manual } \\ & 1100=\text { DPI } 4 \text { Manual } \\ & 1101=\text { DPI } 5 \text { Manual } \\ & 1110=\text { Reserved } \\ & 1111=\text { Jog Ref } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

(1) See "Owners" on page 3-47 for further information.


## Output Devices

Common mode cores are internal to the drive. For information on output devices such as output contactors, cable terminators and output reactors refer to the PowerFlex Reference Manual.

## Drive, Fuse \& Circuit Breaker Ratings

The tables on the following pages provide drive ratings (including continuous, 1 minute and 3 second) and recommended AC line input fuse and circuit breaker information. Both types of short circuit protection are acceptable for UL and IEC requirements. Sizes listed are the recommended sizes based on 40 degree C and the U.S. N.E.C. Other country, state or local codes may require different ratings.

## Fusing

If fuses are chosen as the desired protection method, refer to the recommended types listed below. If available amp ratings do not match the tables provided, the closest fuse rating that exceeds the drive rating should be chosen.

- IEC - BS88 (British Standard) Parts 1 \& 2 ${ }^{(1)}$, EN60269-1, Parts 1 \& 2 , type gG or equivalent should be used.
- UL - UL Class CC, T, RK1 or J must be used.


## Circuit Breakers

The "non-fuse" listings in the following tables include both circuit breakers (inverse time or instantaneous trip) and 140M Self-Protecting Motor Starters. If one of these is chosen as the desired protection method, the following requirements apply.

- IEC and UL - Both types of devices are acceptable for IEC and UL installations.
(1) Typical designations include, but may not be limited to the following; Parts $1 \& 2$ : AC, $A D, B C, B D, C D, D D, E D, E F S, E F, F F, F G, G F, G G, G H$.

Table A.A 208 Volt AC Input Protection Devices (See page A-14 for Notes)

| Drive Catalog |  | HP Rating |  | PWM Freq. kHz | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Temp. } \\ \hline{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | Circuit <br> Breaker(3) <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | Motor <br> Circuit <br> Protector ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | 140M Motor Starter with Adjustable Current Range ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number |  | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min . | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Available Catalog Numbers - 140 . . ${ }^{(7)}$ |  |  |  |
| 208 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BB2P2 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 4 | 50 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B25 | M-D8E-B25 | - | - |
| 20BB4P2 | 0 | 1 | 0.75 | 4 | 50 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 17.5 | 15 | 7 | M-C2E-B63 | M-D8E-B63 | - | - |
| 20BB6P8 | 1 | 2 | 1.5 | 4 | 50 | 6.8 | 2.4 | 7.8 | 10.4 | 13.8 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 30 | 30 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BB9P6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 50 | 9.5 | 3.4 | 11 | 12.1 | 17 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 40 | 40 | 15 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20 BB 015 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 50 | 15.7 | 5.7 | 17.5 | 19.3 | 26.3 | 20 | 35 | 20 | 70 | 70 | 30 | M-C2E-C20 | M-D8E-C20 | M-F8E-C20 | - |
| 20BB022 | 1 | 7.5 | 5 | 4 | 50 | 23.0 | 8.3 | 25.3 | 27.8 | 38 | 30 | 50 | 30 | 100 | 100 | 30 | M-C2E-C25 | M-D8E-C25 | M-F8E-C25 | -CMN-2500 |
| 20 BB 028 | 2 | 10 | 7.5 | 4 | 50 | 29.6 | 10.7 | 32.2 | 38 | 50.6 | 40 | 70 | 40 | 125 | 125 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C32 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20 BB 042 | 3 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 50 | 44.5 | 16.0 | 48.3 | 53.1 | 72.5 | 60 | 100 | 60 | 175 | 175 | 70 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | -CMN-6300 |
| $20 \mathrm{BB052}$ | 3 | 20 | 15 | 4 | 50 | 51.5 | 17.1 | 56 | 64 | 86 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 200 | 200 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BB070 | 4 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 50 | 72 | 25.9 | 78.2 | 93 | 124 | 90 | 175 | 90 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20 BB 080 | 4 | 30 | 25 | 4 | 50 | 84.7 | 30.5 | 92 | 117 | 156 | 110 | 200 | 110 | 350 | 350 | 150 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BB104 | 5 | 40 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 113 | 40.7 | 120 | 132 | 175 | 150 | 250 | 150 | 475 | 350 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 30 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 84.7 | 30.5 | 92 | 138 | 175 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 350 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BB130 | 5 | 50 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 122 | 44.1 | 130 | 143 | 175 | 175 | 275 | 175 | 500 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 40 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 98 | 35.3 | 104 | 156 | 175 | 125 | 225 | 125 | 400 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BB154 | 6 | 60 | - | 4 | 50 | 167 | 60.1 | 177 | 195 | 266 | 225 | 350 | 225 | 500 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 50 | 4 | 50 | 141 | 50.9 | 150 | 225 | 300 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 500 | 450 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20 BB 192 | 6 | 75 | - | 4 | 50 | 208 | 75.0 | 221 | 243 | 308 | 300 | 450 | 300 | 600 | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 60 | 4 | 50 | 167 | 60.1 | 177 | 266 | 308 | 225 | 350 | 225 | 500 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BB260 | 6 | 100 | - | 2 | 45 | 255 | 91.9 | 260 | 286 | 390 | 250 | 450 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 2 | 50 | 199 | 71.7 | 205 | 305 | 410 | 350 | 550 | 350 | 750 | 750 | 400 | - | - | - | - |

Table A.B 240 Volt AC Input Protection Devices (See page A-14 for Notes)

| Drive Catalog Number |  | HP <br> Rating |  | PWM <br> Freq. <br> kHz | Temp. <br> ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | Circuit <br> Breaker <br> (3)$\|$ | Motor Circuit Protector ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | 140M Motor Starter with Adjustable Current Range ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min . | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Available Catalog Numbers - 140 . . (7) |  |  |  |
| 240 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BB2P2 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 4 | 50 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B25 | M-D8E-B25 | - | - |
| 20BB4P2 | 0 | 1 | 0.75 | 4 | 50 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 15 | 15 | 7 | M-C2E-B63 | M-D8E-B63 | - | - |
| 20BB6P8 | 1 | 2 | 1.5 | 4 | 50 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 6.8 | 9 | 12 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 25 | 25 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BB9P6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 50 | 8.3 | 3.4 | 9.6 | 10.6 | 14.4 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 35 | 35 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BB015 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 50 | 13.7 | 5.7 | 15.3 | 16.8 | 23 | 20 | 30 | 20 | 60 | 60 | 30 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20 BB 022 | 1 | 7.5 | 5 | 4 | 50 | 19.9 | 8.3 | 22 | 24.2 | 33 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 80 | 80 | 30 | M-C2E-C25 | M-D8E-C25 | M-F8E-C25 | -CMN-2500 |
| 20BB028 | 2 | 10 | 7.5 | 4 | 50 | 25.7 | 10.7 | 28 | 33 | 44 | 35 | 60 | 35 | 100 | 100 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C32 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20BB042 | 3 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 50 | 38.5 | 16.0 | 42 | 46.2 | 63 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 150 | 150 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BB052 | 3 | 20 | 15 | 4 | 50 | 47.7 | 19.8 | 52 | 63 | 80 | 60 | 100 | 60 | 200 | 200 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BB070 | 4 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 50 | 64.2 | 26.7 | 70 | 78 | 105 | 90 | 150 | 90 | 275 | 275 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BB080 | 4 | 30 | 25 | 4 | 50 | 73.2 | 30.5 | 80 | 105 | 140 | 100 | 180 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BB104 | 5 | 40 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 98 | 40.6 | 104 | 115 | 175 | 125 | 225 | 125 | 400 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 30 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 73 | 30.5 | 80 | 120 | 160 | 100 | 175 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BB130 | 5 | 50 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 122 | 50.7 | 130 | 143 | 175 | 175 | 275 | 175 | 500 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 40 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 98 | 40.6 | 104 | 156 | 175 | 125 | 225 | 125 | 400 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BB154 | 6 | 60 | - | 4 | 50 | 145 | 60.1 | 154 | 169 | 231 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 600 | 450 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 50 | 4 | 50 | 122 | 50.7 | 130 | 195 | 260 | 175 | 275 | 175 | 500 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BB192 | 6 | 75 | - | 4 | 50 | 180 | 74.9 | 192 | 211 | 288 | 225 | 400 | 225 | 600 | 575 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 60 | 4 | 50 | 145 | 60.1 | 154 | 231 | 308 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 600 | 450 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BB260 | 6 | 100 | - | 2 | 45 | 233 | 96.7 | 260 | 286 | 390 | 250 | 450 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 2 | 50 | 169 | 70.1 | 205 | 305 | 410 | 350 | 550 | 350 | 750 | 750 | 400 | - | - | - | - |

Table A.C 400 Volt AC Input Protection Devices (See page A-14 for Notes)

| Drive Catalog Number |  | kW Rating |  | PWM <br> Freq. <br> kHz | Temp.${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | Circuit <br> Breaker ${ }^{(3)}$ <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | Motor Circuit Protector ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | 140M Motor Starter with Adjustable Current Range ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Available Catalog Numbers - 140 . . . 7 ) |  |  |  |
| 400 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BC1P3 | 0 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 4 | 50 | 1.1 | 0.77 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B16 | - | - | - |
| 20BC2P1 | 0 | 0.75 | 0.55 | 4 | 50 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B25 | M-D8E-B25 | - | - |
| 20BC3P5 | 0 | 1.5 | 0.75 | 4 | 50 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 12 | 15 | 7 | M-C2E-B40 | M-D8E-B40 | - | - |
| 20BC5P0 | 0 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 4 | 50 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 20 | 20 | 7 | M-C2E-B63 | M-D8E-B63 | - | - |
| 20BC8P7 | 0 | 4 | 2.2 | 4 | 50 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 13.2 | 15 | 17.5 | 15 | 30 | 30 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BC011 | 0 | 5.5 | 4 | 4 | 50 | 10.8 | 7.5 | 11.5 | 13 | 17.4 | 15 | 25 | 15 | 45 | 45 | 15 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20BC015 | 1 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 4 | 50 | 14.4 | 10.0 | 15.4 | 17.2 | 23.1 | 20 | 30 | 20 | 60 | 60 | 20 | M-C2E-C20 | M-D8E-C20 | M-F8E-C20 | - |
| 20BC022 | 1 | 11 | 7.5 | 4 | 50 | 20.6 | 14.3 | 22 | 24.2 | 33 | 30 | 45 | 30 | 80 | 80 | 30 | M-C2E-C25 | M-D8E-C25 | M-F8E-C25 | - |
| 20BC030 | 2 | 15 | 11 | 4 | 50 | 28.4 | 19.7 | 30 | 33 | 45 | 35 | 60 | 35 | 120 | 120 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C32 | - |
| 20BC037 | 2 | 18.5 | 15 | 4 | 50 | 35.0 | 24.3 | 37 | 45 | 60 | 45 | 80 | 45 | 125 | 125 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | - |
| 20BC043 | 3 | 22 | 18.5 | 4 | 50 | 40.7 | 28.2 | 43 | 56 | 74 | 60 | 90 | 60 | 150 | 150 | 60 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC056 | 3 | 30 | 22 | 4 | 50 | 53 | 36.7 | 56 | 64 | 86 | 70 | 125 | 70 | 200 | 200 | 100 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC072 | 3 | 37 | 30 | 4 | 50 | 68.9 | 47.8 | 72 | 84 | 112 | 90 | 150 | 90 | 250 | 250 | 100 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC085 | 4 | 45 | - | 4 | 45 | 81.4 | 56.4 | 85 | 94 | 128 | 110 | 200 | 110 | 300 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 37 | 4 | 45 | 68.9 | 47.8 | 72 | 108 | 144 | 90 | 175 | 90 | 275 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC105 | 5 | 55 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 100.5 | 69.6 | 105 | 116 | 158 | 125 | 225 | 125 | 400 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 45 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 81.4 | 56.4 | 85 | 128 | 170 | 110 | 175 | 110 | 300 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20 BC 125 | 5 | 55 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 121.1 | 83.9 | 125 | 138 | 163 | 150 | 275 | 150 | 500 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 45 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 91.9 | 63.7 | 96 | 144 | 168 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 375 | 375 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC140 | 5 | 75 | - | 4 | $40^{(9)}$ | 136 | 93.9 | 140 | 154 | 190 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 55 | 4 | $40^{(9)}$ | 101 | 69.6 | 105 | 157 | 190 | 150 | 225 | 150 | 300 | 300 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC170 | 6 | 90 | - | 4 | 50 | 164 | 126 | 170 | 187 | 255 | 250 | 375 | 250 | 600 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 4 | 50 | 136 | 103 | 140 | 210 | 280 | 200 | 300 | 200 | 550 | 400 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC205 | 6 | 110 | - | 4 | 40 | 199 | 148 | 205 | 220 | 289 | 250 | 450 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 90 | 4 | 40 | 164 | 126 | 170 | 255 | 313 | 250 | 375 | 250 | 600 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BC260 | 6 | 132 | - | 2 | 45 | 255 | 177 | 260 | 286 | 390 | 350 | 550 | 350 | 750 | 750 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 110 | 2 | 50 | 199 | 138 | 205 | 308 | 410 | 250 | 450 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | - |

Table A.D 480 Volt AC Input Protection Devices (See page A-14 for Notes)

| Drive Catalog | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { HP } \\ \underset{\sim}{0} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Rating } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | PWM <br> Freq. <br> kHz | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Temp. } \\ \hline{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | Circuit Breaker ${ }^{(3)}$ <br> Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | Motor Circuit Protector ${ }^{(4)}$ Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | 140M Motor Starter with Adjustable Current Range ${ }^{(5) /(6)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | 立 | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Available Catalog Numbers - 140 . . . ${ }^{(7)}$ |  |  |  |
| 480 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BD1P1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 4 | 50 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B16 | - | - | - |
| 20BD2P1 | 0 | 1 | 0.75 | 4 | 50 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B25 | - | - | - |
| 20BD3P4 | 0 | 2 | 1.5 | 4 | 50 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 12 | 15 | 7 | M-C2E-B40 | M-D8E-B40 | - | - |
| 20BD5P0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 50 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 20 | 20 | 7 | M-C2E-B63 | M-D8E-B63 | - | - |
| 20BD8P0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 50 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 12 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 30 | 30 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20 BD 011 | 0 | 7.5 | 5 | 4 | 50 | 9.5 | 7.9 | 11 | 12.1 | 16.5 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 40 | 40 | 15 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20BD014 | 1 | 10 | 7.5 | 4 | 50 | 12.5 | 10.4 | 14 | 16.5 | 22 | 17.5 | 30 | 17.5 | 50 | 50 | 20 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20BD022 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 50 | 19.9 | 16.6 | 22 | 24.2 | 33 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 80 | 80 | 30 | M-C2E-C25 | M-D8E-C25 | M-F8E-C25 | -CMN-2500 |
| 20BD027 | 2 | 20 | 15 | 4 | 50 | 24.8 | 20.6 | 27 | 33 | 44 | 35 | 60 | 35 | 100 | 100 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C32 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20BD034 | 2 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 50 | 31.2 | 25.9 | 34 | 40.5 | 54 | 40 | 70 | 40 | 125 | 125 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20BD040 | 3 | 30 | 25 | 4 | 50 | 36.7 | 30.5 | 40 | 51 | 68 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 150 | 150 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20 BD 052 | 3 | 40 | 30 | 4 | 50 | 47.7 | 39.7 | 52 | 60 | 80 | 60 | 110 | 60 | 200 | 200 | 70 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BD065 | 3 | 50 | 40 | 4 | 50 | 59.6 | 49.6 | 65 | 78 | 104 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 250 | 250 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BD077 | 4 | 60 | - | 4 | 50 | 72.3 | 60.1 | 77 | 85 | 116 | 100 | 170 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
|  |  | - | 50 | 4 | 50 | 59.6 | 49.6 | 65 | 98 | 130 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 250 | 250 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BD096 | 5 | 75 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 90.1 | 74.9 | 96 | 106 | 144 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 350 | 350 | 125 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 60 | 4 | 50(9) | 72.3 | 60.1 | 77 | 116 | 154 | 100 | 170 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BD125 | 5 | 100 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 117 | 97.6 | 125 | 138 | 163 | 150 | 250 | 150 | 500 | 375 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 90.1 | 74.9 | 96 | 144 | 168 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 350 | 350 | 125 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BD156 | 6 | 125 | - | 4 | 50 | 147 | 122 | 156 | 172 | 234 | 200 | 350 | 200 | 600 | 450 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 100 | 4 | 50 | 131 | 109 | 125 | 188 | 250 | 175 | 250 | 175 | 500 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BD180 | 6 | 150 | - | 4 | 50 | 169 | 141 | 180 | 198 | 270 | 225 | 400 | 225 | 600 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 125 | 4 | 50 | 147 | 122 | 156 | 234 | 312 | 200 | 350 | 200 | 600 | 450 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BD248 | 6 | 200 | - | 2 | 45 | 233 | 194 | 248 | 273 | 372 | 300 | 550 | 300 | 700 | 700 | 400 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 150 | 2 | 50 | 169 | 141 | 180 | 270 | 360 | 225 | 400 | 225 | 600 | 500 | 250 | - | - | - | - |

Table A.E 600 Volt AC Input Protection Devices (See page A-14 for Notes)

| Drive Catalog |  | HP Rating |  | PWM <br> Freq. <br> kHz | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Temp. } \\ & \hline{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \begin{array}{l} \text { Circuit } \\ \text { Breaker } \end{array}{ }^{(3)} \end{array}$ | Motor Circuit Protector ${ }^{(4)}$ Max. ${ }^{(8)}$ | 140M Motor Starter with Adjustable Current Range ${ }^{(5) /(6)}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number |  | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{11}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | Available Catalog Numbers - 140 . . ${ }^{(7)}$ |  |  |  |
| 600 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BE1P7 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 4 | 50 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B16 | - | - | - |
| 20BE2P7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 50 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 3 | M-C2E-B25 | - | - | - |
| 20BE3P9 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 50 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 15 | 7 | M-C2E-B40 | M-D8E-B40 | - | - |
| 20BE6P1 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 50 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 9.2 | 9 | 12 | 9 | 20 | 20 | 15 | M-C2E-B63 | M-D8E-B63 | - | - |
| 20BE9P0 | 0 | 7.5 | 5 | 4 | 50 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 9 | 9.9 | 13.5 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 35 | 30 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BE011 | 1 | 10 | 7.5 | 4 | 50 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 11 | 13.5 | 18 | 15 | 25 | 15 | 40 | 40 | 15 | M-C2E-C10 | M-D8E-C10 | M-F8E-C10 | - |
| 20BE017 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 50 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 17 | 18.7 | 25.5 | 20 | 40 | 20 | 60 | 50 | 20 | M-C2E-C16 | M-D8E-C16 | M-F8E-C16 | - |
| 20BE022 | 2 | 20 | 15 | 4 | 50 | 20.2 | 21.0 | 22 | 25.5 | 34 | 30 | 50 | 30 | 80 | 80 | 30 | M-C2E-C25 | M-D8E-C25 | M-F8E-C25 | -CMN-2500 |
| 20BE027 | 2 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 50 | 24.8 | 25.7 | 27 | 33 | 44 | 35 | 60 | 35 | 100 | 100 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C25 | -CMN-2500 |
| 20BE032 | 3 | 30 | 25 | 4 | 50 | 29.4 | 30.5 | 32 | 40.5 | 54 | 40 | 70 | 40 | 125 | 125 | 50 | - | - | M-F8E-C32 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20BE041 | 3 | 40 | 30 | 4 | 50 | 37.6 | 39.1 | 41 | 48 | 64 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 150 | 150 | 100 | - | - | M-F8E-C45 | -CMN-4000 |
| 20BE052 | 3 | 50 | 40 | 4 | 50 | 47.7 | 49.6 | 52 | 61.5 | 82 | 60 | 110 | 60 | 200 | 200 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BE062 | 4 | 60 | 50 | 2 | 50 | 58.2 | 60.5 | 62 | 78 | 104 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 225 | 225 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BE077 | 5 | 75 | - | 2 | $50^{(9)}$ | 72.3 | 75.1 | 77 | 85 | 116 | 90 | 150 | 90 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
|  |  | - | 60 | 2 | $50^{(9)}$ | 58.2 | 60.5 | 63 | 94 | 126 | 90 | 125 | 90 | 250 | 250 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-6300 |
| 20BE099 | 5 | 100 | - | 2 | $40^{(9)}$ | 92.9 | 96.6 | 99 | 109 | 126 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 375 | 375 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 2 | $40^{(9)}$ | 72.3 | 75.1 | 77 | 116 | 138 | 100 | 175 | 100 | 300 | 300 | 100 | - | - | - | -CMN-9000 |
| 20BE125 | 6 | 125 | - | 2 | 50 | 117 | 122 | 125 | 138 | 188 | 150 | 250 | 150 | 375 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 100 | 2 | 50 | 93 | 96.6 | 99 | 149 | 198 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 375 | 375 | 150 | - | - | - | - |
| 20BE144 | 6 | 150 | - | 2 | 50 | 135 | 141 | 144 | 158 | 216 | 175 | 300 | 175 | 400 | 400 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | - | 125 | 2 | 50 | 117 | 122 | 125 | 188 | 250 | 150 | 275 | 150 | 375 | 375 | 250 | - | - | - | - |

Table A.F 690 Volt AC Input Protection Devices

| Drive Catalog Number |  | kW Rating |  | PWM Freq. kHz | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Temp. } \\ & \hline{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Dual <br> Element Time Delay Fuse |  | Non-Time Delay Fuse |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \begin{array}{l} \text { Circuit } \\ \text { Breaker } \end{array} \text { (3) } \end{array}$ | Motor <br> Circuit <br> Protector (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ND | HD |  |  | Amps | kVA | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. | Min. ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ | Min. ${ }^{11}$ | Max. ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |
| 690 Volt AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BF052 | 5 | 45 | - | 4 | 50 ${ }^{(9)}$ | 46.9 | 56.1 | 52 | 57 | 78 | 60 | 110 | 60 | 175 | 175 | - |
|  |  | - | 37.5 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 40.1 | 48.0 | 46 | 69 | 92 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 150 | 150 | - |
| 20BF060 | 5 | 55 | - | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 57.7 | 68.9 | 60 | 66 | 90 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 225 | 225 | - |
|  |  | - | 45 | 4 | $50^{(9)}$ | 46.9 | 56.1 | 52 | 78 | 104 | 60 | 110 | 60 | 175 | 175 | - |
| 20BF082 | 5 | 75 | - | 2 | $50^{(9)}$ | 79.0 | 94.4 | 82 | 90 | 123 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 375 | 375 | - |
|  |  | - | 55 | 2 | $50^{(9)}$ | 57.7 | 68.9 | 60 | 90 | 120 | 80 | 125 | 80 | 225 | 225 | - |
| 20BF098 | 5 | 90 | - | 2 | $40^{(9)}$ | 94.7 | 113 | 98 | 108 | 127 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 375 | 375 | - |
|  |  | - | 75 | 2 | 40 ${ }^{(9)}$ | 79.0 | 94.4 | 82 | 123 | 140 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 375 | 375 | - |
| 20BF119 | 6 | 110 | - | 2 | 50 | 115 | 137 | 119 | 131 | 179 | 150 | 250 | 150 | 400 | - | - |
|  |  | - | 90 | 2 | 50 | 94.7 | 113 | 98 | 147 | 196 | 125 | 200 | 125 | 375 | - | - |
| 20BF142 | 6 | 132 | - | 2 | 50 | 138 | 165 | 142 | 156 | 213 | 175 | 300 | 175 | 450 | - | - |
|  |  | - | 110 | 2 | 50 | 115 | 137 | 119 | 179 | 238 | 150 | 250 | 150 | 400 | - | - |

Notes:
${ }^{(1)}$ Minimum protection device size is the lowest rated device that supplies maximum protection without nuisance tripping.
(2) Maximum protection device size is the highest rated device that supplies drive protection. For US NEC, minimum size is $125 \%$ of motor FLA. Ratings shown are maximum.
(3) Circuit Breaker - inverse time breaker. For US NEC, minimum size is $125 \%$ of motor FLA. Ratings shown are maximum.
(4) Motor Circuit Protector - instantaneous trip circuit breaker. For US NEC minimum size is $125 \%$ of motor FLA. Ratings shown are maximum.
(5) Bulletin 140 M with adjustable current range should have the current trip set to the minimum range that the device will not trip.
${ }^{(6)}$ Manual Self-Protected (Type E) Combination Motor Controller, UL listed for 208 Wye or Delta, 240 Wye or Delta, $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277$ or $600 \mathrm{Y} / 347$. Not UL listed for use on 480 V or 600 V Delta/Delta systems.
(7) The AIC ratings of the Bulletin 140M Motor Protector may vary. See publication 140M-SG001B-EN-P.
(8) Maximum allowable rating by US NEC. Exact size must be chosen for each installation.
(9) UL Type $12 /$ IP54 (flange mount) heatsink ambient temperature rating is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ / ambient of unprotected drive portion (inside enclosure) is $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Table A.G 540 Volt DC Input Protection Devices

| Drive <br> Catalog <br> Number |  | kW Rating |  | DC Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Fuse | Bussmann Style Fuse |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ND | HD | Amps | kW | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. |  |  |
| 540 Volt DC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BC1P3 | 1 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3 | BUSSMANN_JKS-3 |
| 20BC2P1 | 1 | 0.75 | 0.55 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 6 | BUSSMANN_JKS-6 |
| 20BC3P5 | 1 | 1.5 | 0.75 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 8 | BUSSMANN_JKS-8 |
| 20BC5P0 | 1 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 10 | BUSSMANN_JKS-10 |
| 20BC8P7 | 1 | 4 | 3.0 | 9.3 | 5.0 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 13.2 | 20 | BUSSMANN_JKS-20 |
| $20 \mathrm{CC011}$ | 1 | 5.5 | 4 | 12.6 | 6.8 | 11.5 | 13 | 17.4 | 25 | BUSSMANN_JKS-25 |
| 20BC015 | 1 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 16.8 | 9.1 | 15.4 | 17.2 | 23.1 | 30 | BUSSMANN_JKS-30 |
| 20 BCO 22 | 1 | 11 | 7.5 | 24 | 13 | 22 | 24.2 | 33 | 45 | BUSSMANN_JKS-45 |
| 20BC030 | 2 | 15 | 11 | 33.2 | 17.9 | 30 | 33 | 45 | 60 | BUSSMANN_JKS-60 |
| 20 BC 037 | 2 | 18.5 | 15 | 40.9 | 22.1 | 37 | 45 | 60 | 80 | BUSSMANN_JKS-80 |
| 20BC043 | 3 | 22 | 18.5 | 47.5 | 25.7 | 43 | 56 | 74 | 90 | BUSSMANN_JKS-90 |
| 20BC056 | 3 | 30 | 22 | 61.9 | 33.4 | 56 | 64 | 86 | 110 | BUSSMANN_JKS-110 |
| 20 BC 072 | 3 | 37 | 30 | 80.5 | 43.5 | 72 | 84 | 112 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
| 20BC085 | 4 | 45 | - | 95.1 | 51.3 | 85 | 94 | 128 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
|  |  | - | 37 | 80.5 | 43.5 | 72 | 108 | 144 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
| 20BH105 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5 | 55 | - | 117.4 | 63.4 | 105 | 116 | 158 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
|  |  | - | 45 | 95.1 | 51.3 | 85 | 128 | 170 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
| 20BH125 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5 | 55 | - | 139.8 | 75.5 | 125 | 138 | 163 | 225 | BUSSMANN_JKS-225 |
|  |  | - | 45 | 91.9 | 63.7 | 96 | 144 | 168 | 150 |  |
| 20BH140 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 | 75 | - | 158.4 | 85.6 | 140 | 154 | 210 | 300 | BUSSMANN_JKS-300 |
|  |  | - | 55 | 117.4 | 63.4 | 105 | 158 | 210 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
| 20BH170 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 | 90 | - | 192.4 | 103.9 | 170 | 187 | 255 | 350 | BUSSMANN_JKS-350 |
|  |  | - | 75 | 158.4 | 85.6 | 140 | 210 | 280 | 300 | BUSSMANN_JKS-300 |
| 20BH205 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 | 110 | - | 232 | 125.3 | 205 | 220 | 289 | 400 | BUSSMANN_JKS-400 |
|  |  | - | 90 | 192.4 | 103.9 | 170 | 255 | 313 | 350 | BUSSMANN_JKS-350 |

(1) Also applies to "P" voltage class.
$\square$

Table A.H 650 Volt DC Input Protection Devices

| Drive Catalog Number | 으눈 | kW Rating |  | DC Input Ratings |  | Output Amps |  |  | Fuse | Bussmann Style Fuse |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ND | HD | Amps | kW | Cont. | 1 Min. | 3 Sec. |  |  |
| 650 Volt DC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20BD1P1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 6 | BUSSMANN_JKS-6 |
| 20BD2P1 | 0 | 1 | 0.75 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 6 | BUSSMANN_JKS-6 |
| 20BD3P4 | 0 | 2 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 6 | BUSSMANN_JKS-6 |
| 20BD5P0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 10 | BUSSMANN_JKS-10 |
| 20BD8P0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 12 | 15 | BUSSMANN_JKS-15 |
| 20BD011 | 0 | 7.5 | 5 | 11.1 | 7.2 | 11 | 12.1 | 16.5 | 20 | BUSSMANN_JKS-20 |
| 20BD014 | 1 | 10 | 7.5 | 14.7 | 9.5 | 14 | 16.5 | 22 | 30 | BUSSMANN_JKS-30 |
| 20BD022 | 1 | 15 | 10 | 23.3 | 15.1 | 22 | 24.2 | 33 | 45 | BUSSMANN_JKS-45 |
| 20 BD 027 | 2 | 20 | 15 | 28.9 | 18.8 | 27 | 33 | 44 | 60 | BUSSMANN_JKS-60 |
| 20BD034 | 2 | 25 | 20 | 36.4 | 23.6 | 34 | 40.5 | 54 | 70 | BUSSMANN_JKS-70 |
| 20BD040 | 3 | 30 | 25 | 42.9 | 27.8 | 40 | 51 | 68 | 80 | BUSSMANN_JKS-80 |
| 20BD052 | 3 | 40 | 30 | 55.7 | 36.1 | 52 | 60 | 80 | 100 | BUSSMANN_JKS-100 |
| 20BD065 | 3 | 50 | 40 | 69.7 | 45.4 | 65 | 78 | 104 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
| 20BR077 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 4 | 60 | - | 84.5 | 54.7 | 77 | 85 | 116 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
|  |  | - | 50 | 67.9 | 45.4 | 65 | 98 | 130 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
| 20BR096 (1) | 5 | 75 | - | 105.3 | 68.3 | 96 | 106 | 144 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
|  |  | - | 60 | 84.5 | 54.7 | 77 | 116 | 154 | 150 | BUSSMANN_JKS-150 |
| 20BR125 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5 | 100 | - | 137.1 | 88.9 | 125 | 138 | 163 | 250 | BUSSMANN_JKS-250 |
|  |  | - | 75 | 105.3 | 68.3 | 96 | 144 | 168 | 200 | BUSSMANN_JKS-200 |
| 20BR156 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 | 125 | - | 171.2 | 110.9 | 156 | 172 | 234 | 300 | BUSSMANN_JKS-300 |
|  |  | - | 100 | 137.1 | 88.9 | 125 | 188 | 250 | 250 | BUSSMANN_JKS-250 |
| 20BR180 ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 | 150 | - | 204.1 | 132.2 | 180 | 198 | 270 | 400 | BUSSMANN_JKS-400 |
|  |  | - | 125 | 171.2 | 110.9 | 156 | 234 | 312 | 300 | BUSSMANN_JKS-300 |

(1) Also applies to " J " voltage class.

## Dimensions

Figure A. 3 PowerFlex 700 Frames 0-3 (0 Frame Shown)


Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

|  | A | B | C | D | E | Weight ${ }^{(2)} \mathrm{kg}$ (lbs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Drive | Drive \& Packaging |
| 0 | 110.0 (4.33) | 336.0 (13.23) | 200.0 (7.87) | 80.0 (3.15) | 320.0 (12.60) | 5.22 (11.5) | 8.16 (18) |
| 1 | 135.0 (5.31) | 336.0 (13.23) | 200.0 (7.87) | 105.0 (4.13) | 320.0 (12.60) | 7.03 (15.5) | 9.98 (22) |
| 2 | 222.0 (8.74) | 342.5 (13.48) | 200.0 (7.87) | 192.0 (7.56) | 320.0 (12.60) | 12.52 (27.6) | 15.20 (33.5) |
| 3 | 222.0 (8.74) | 517.5 (20.37) | 200.0 (7.87) | 192.0 (7.56) | 500.0 (19.69) | 18.55 (40.9) | 22.68 (50) |

(1) Refer to Table A.I for frame information.
(2) Weights include HIM and Standard $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$.

Figure A. 4 PowerFlex 700 Frame 4


Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches)

(1) Refer to Table A.I for frame information.
(2) Weights include HIM and Standard $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$.

Figure A. 5 PowerFlex 700 Frame 5


Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

|  | A (Max.) | B | C (Max.) | D | E | Approx. Weight ${ }^{(2)} \mathrm{kg}$ (lbs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Drive | Drive \& Packaging |
| 5 | 308.9 (12.16) | 644.5 (25.37) ${ }^{(3)}$ | 275.4 (10.84) | 225.0 (8.86) | 625.0 (24.61) | 37.19 (82.0) | 49.50 (109.0) |

(1) Refer to Table A.I for frame information.
(2) Weights include HIM and Standard I/O. Add $2.70 \mathrm{~kg}(6.0 \mathrm{lbs}$.) for the 20BC140 drive.
(3) When using the supplied junction box ( 100 HP drives Only), add an additional 45.1 mm ( 1.78 in .) to this dimension.

Figure A. 6 PowerFlex 700 Frame 6


Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches)

|  | A (Max.) | B | C (Max.) | D | E | Approx. Weight ${ }^{(2)} \mathrm{kg}$ (lbs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Drive | Drive \& Packaging |
| 6 | 403.9 (15.90) | 850.0 (33.46) | $275.5(10.85)$ | 300.0 (11.81) | 825.0 (32.48) | 71.44 (157.5) ${ }^{(3)}$ | 100.9 (222.0) ${ }^{(3)}$ |

(1) Refer to Table A.I for frame information.
(2) Weights include HIM and Standard I/O. Add 13.60 kg ( 30.0 lbs .) for the following drives; 20BB260, 20BC260 and 20BD248.
(3) Add an additional $3.6 \mathrm{~kg}(8.00 \mathrm{lbs}$.) for 200 HP drives.

Figure A. 7 PowerFlex 700 Bottom View Dimensions





Figure A. 8 PowerFlex 700 Frame 5 Flange Mount


|  | Description | Approx. Weight ${ }^{(2)} \mathrm{kg}$ (lbs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Drive | Drive \& Packaging |
| 5 | Flange Moun | 61.69 (136.0) | 81.65 (180.0) |

(1) Refer to Table A.I for frame information.
(2) Weights include HIM and Standard I/O.

Figure A. 9 PowerFlex 700 Frame 5 Flange Mount - Cutout


## Frame Cross Reference

Table A.I PowerFlex 700 Frames

| Frame | AC Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208/240 |  | 400V |  | 480V |  | 600V |  | 690V |  |
|  | ND HP | HD HP | ND kW | HD kW | ND HP | HD HP | ND HP | HD HP | ND kW | HD kW |
| 0 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 0.5 | 0.33 | 1 | 0.5 | - | - |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.55 | 1 | 0.75 | 2 | 1 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 1.5 | 0.75 | 2 | 1.5 | 3 | 2 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 4 | 2.2 | 5 | 3 | 7.5 | 5 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 5.5 | 4 | 7.5 | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| 1 | 2 | 1.5 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 10 | 7.5 | 10 | 7.5 | - | - |
|  | 3 | 2 | 11 | 7.5 | 15 | 10 | 15 | 10 | - | - |
|  | 5 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 7.5 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | 10 | 7.5 | 15 | 11 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 18.5 | 15 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 20 | - | - |
| 3 | 15 | 10 | 22 | 18.5 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 25 | - | - |
|  | 20 | 15 | 30 | 22 | 40 | 30 | 40 | 30 | - | - |
|  | - | - | 37 | 30 | 50 | 40 | 50 | 40 | - | - |
| 4 | 25 | 20 | 45 | 37 | 60 | 50 | 60 | 50 | - | - |
|  | 30 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | 40 | 30 | 55 | 45 | 75 | 60 | 75 | 60 | 45 | 37.5 |
|  | 50 | 40 | 75 | 55 | 100 | 75 | 100 | 75 | 55 | 45 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 75 | 55 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90 | 75 |
| 6 | 60 | 50 | 90 | 75 | 125 | 100 | 125 | 100 | 110 | 90 |
|  | 75 | 60 | 110 | 90 | 150 | 125 | 150 | 125 | 132 | 110 |
|  | - | - | 132 | 110 | 200 | 150 | - | - | - | - |


| Frame | DC Input |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 540V |  | 650V |  |
|  | ND HP | HD HP | ND HP | HD HP |
| 0 | - | - | 0.5 | 0.33 |
|  | - | - | 1 | 0.75 |
|  | - | - | 2 | 1.5 |
|  | - | - | 3 | 2 |
|  | - | - | 5 | 3 |
|  | - | - | 7.5 | 5 |
| 1 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 10 | 7.5 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | 15 | 10 |
|  | 1.5 | 0.75 | - | - |
|  | 2.2 | 1.5 | - | - |
|  | 4 | 2.2 | - | - |
|  | 5.5 | 4 | - | - |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | - | - |
|  | 11 | 7.5 | - | - |
| 2 | 15 | 11 | 20 | 15 |
|  | 18.5 | 15 | 25 | 20 |
| 3 | 22 | 18.5 | 30 | 25 |
|  | 30 | 22 | 40 | 30 |
|  | 37 | 30 | 50 | 40 |
| 4 | 45 | 37 | 60 | 50 |
|  | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | 55 | 45 | 75 | 60 |
|  | - | - | 100 | 75 |
| 6 | 75 | 55 | 125 | 100 |
|  | 90 | 75 | 150 | 125 |
|  | 110 | 90 | - | - |

## Notes:

## Appendix B

## HIM Overview

| For information on . . | See page .. |
| :--- | :--- |
| External and Internal Connections | B-1 |
| LCD Display Elements | B-2 |
|  | BLT Functions |


| For information on .. | See page .. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Menu Structure | B-3 |
| Viewing and Editing | B-5 |
| Parameters |  |
| Removing/llnstalling the | B-8 |

## External and Internal Connections

The PowerFlex 700 provides a number of cable connection points (0 Frame shown).


| No. | Connector | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{1}$ | DPI Port 1 | HIM connection when installed in cover. |
| $\mathbf{( 2 )}$ | DPI Port 2 | Cable connection for handheld and remote options. |
| $\boldsymbol{3}$ | DPI Port 3 or 2 | Splitter cable connected to DPI Port 2 provides additional port. |
| 4 | DPI Port 5 | Cable connection for communications adapter. |

## LCD Display Elements

| Display | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| F $\rightarrow$ \|Power Loss $\mid$ 吊\|Auto $\mid$ \%ir | Direction \| Drive Status | Alarm | Auto/Man | Information |
| 0.0 Hz | Commanded or Output Frequency |
| Main Menu: Diagnostics Parameter Device Select | Programming / Monitoring / Troubleshooting |

The top line of the HIM display can be configured with [DPI Fdbk Select], parameter 299.

## ALT Functions

To use an ALT function, press the ALT key, release it, then press the programming key associated with one of the following functions:

## Table B.A ALT Key Functions

| ALT Key and then ... |  |  | Performs this function ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALT | Esc | S.M.A.R.T. | Displays the S.M.A.R.T. screen. |
|  | Sel | View | Allows the selection of how parameters will be viewed or detailed information about a parameter or component. |
|  |  | Lang | Displays the language selection screen. |
|  |  | Auto / Man | Switches between Auto and Manual Modes. |
|  |  | Remove | Allows HIM removal without causing a fault if the HIM is not the last controlling device and does not have Manual control of the drive. |
|  |  | Exp | Allows value to be entered as an exponent (Not available on PowerFlex 700). |
|  | $+/-$ | Param \# | Allows entry of a parameter number for viewing/ editing. |

## Menu Structure

Figure B. 1 HIM Menu Structure


## Diagnostics Menu

When a fault trips the drive, use this menu to access detailed data about the drive.

| Option | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Faults | View fault queue or fault information, clear faults or reset drive. |
| Status Info | View parameters that display status information about the drive. |
| Device Version | View the firmware version and hardware series of components. |
| HIM Version | View the firmware version and hardware series of the HIM. |

Parameter Menu
Refer to Viewing and Editing Parameters on page B-5.

## Device Select Menu

Use this menu to access parameters in connected peripheral devices.

## Memory Storage Menu

Drive data can be saved to, or recalled from, User and HIM sets.
User sets are files stored in permanent nonvolatile drive memory.
HIM sets are files stored in permanent nonvolatile HIM memory.

| Option | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| HIM Copycat <br> Device $->$ HIM <br> Device $<-$ HIM | Save data to a HIM set, load data from a HIM set to active drive <br> memory or delete a HIM set. |
| Device User Sets | Save data to a User set, load data from a User set to active drive <br> memory or name a User set. |
| Reset To Defaults | Restore the drive to its factory-default settings. |

## Start Up Menu

See Chapter 2.

## Preferences Menu

The HIM and drive have features that you can customize.

| Option | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive Identity | Add text to identify the drive. |
| Change Password | Enable/disable or modify the password. |
| User Dspy Lines | Select the display, parameter, scale and text for the User Display. <br> The User Display is two lines of user-defined data that appears <br> when the HIM is not being used for programming. |
| User Dspy Time | Set the wait time for the User Display or enable/disable it. |
| User Dspy Video | Select Reverse or Normal video for the Frequency and User <br> Display lines. |
| Reset User Dspy | Return all the options for the User Display to factory default values. |

The PowerFlex 700 drive is initially set to Basic Parameter View. To view all parameters, set parameter 196 [Param Access Lvl] to option 1 "Advanced". Parameter 196 is not affected by the Reset to Defaults function.

## Viewing and Editing Parameters

## LCD HIM

| Step | Key(s) | Example Displays |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. In the Main Menu, press the Up Arrow or Down Arrow to scroll to "Parameter." | $\Delta$ or $\nabla$ |  |
| 2. Press Enter. "FGP File" appears on the top line and the first three files appear below it. | $\cdots$ | FGP: File Monitor Motor Control Speed Reference |
| 3. Press the Up Arrow or Down Arrow to scroll through the files. | Or |  |
| 4. Press Enter to select a file. The groups in the file are displayed under it. | $\cdots$ | FGP: Group Motor Data Torq Attributes Volts per Hertz |
| 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to select a group and then a parameter. The parameter value screen will appear. |  | FGP Parameter Maximum Voltage |
| 6. Press Enter to edit the parameter. | - | Maximum Freq Compensation |
| 7. Press the Up Arrow or Down Arrow to change the value. If desired, press Sel to move from digit to digit, letter to letter, or bit to bit. The digit or bit that you can change will be highlighted. | or <br> Sel |  |
| 8. Press Enter to save the value. If you want to cancel a change, press Esc. |  |  |
| 9. Press the Up Arrow or Down Arrow to scroll through the parameters in the group, or press Esc to return to the group list. | (A) or <br> Esc | FGP: Par 55 <br> Maximum Freq  <br> 90.00 Hz  <br>   <br>  $25<>$ <br>  400.00 |

## Numeric Keypad Shortcut

If using a HIM with a numeric keypad, press the ALT key and the +/key to access the parameter by typing its number.

## Linking Parameters

Most parameter values are entered directly by the user. However, certain parameters can be "linked," so the value of one parameter becomes the value of another. For Example: the value of an analog input can be linked to [Accel Time 2]. Rather than entering an acceleration time directly (via HIM), the link allows the value to change by varying the analog signal. This can provide additional flexibility for advanced applications.
Each link has 2 components:

- Source parameter - sender of information.
- Destination parameter - receiver of information.

Most parameters can be a source of data for a link, except parameter values that contain an integer representing an ENUM (text choice). These are not allowed, since the integer is not actual data (it represents a value). Table B.B lists the parameters that can be destinations. All links must be established between equal data types (parameter value formatted in floating point can only source data to a destination parameter value that is also floating point).

## Establishing A Link

| Step | Key(s) | Example Displays |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Select a valid destination parameter (see |  | FGP: Parameter <br> Accel Time 1 |
| Table B.B) to be linked (refer to page B-5). <br> The parameter value screen will appear. |  | Accel Time 2 |
| Decel Time 1 |  |  |
| 2.Press Enter to edit the parameter. The <br> cursor will move to the value line. <br> 3. Press ALT and then View (Sel). Next, press <br> the Up or Down Arrow to change "Present <br> Value" to "Define Link." Press Enter. | ALT + Sel | Min: 0.1 Secs <br> Max: 3600.0 Secs <br> Dft: 10.0 Secs |
| Present Value |  |  |

Table B.B Linkable Parameters

| Number | Parameter |
| :---: | :---: |
| 54 | Maximum Voltage |
| 56 | Compensation |
| 57 | Flux Up Mode |
| 58 | Flux Up Time |
| 59 | SV Boost Filter |
| 62 | IR Voltage Drop |
| 63 | Flux Current Ref |
| 69 | Start/Acc Boost |
| 70 | Run Boost |
| 71 | Break Voltage |
| 72 | Break Frequency |
| 84 | Skip Frequency 1 |
| 85 | Skip Frequency 2 |
| 86 | Skip Frequency 3 |
| 87 | Skip Freq Band |
| 91 | Speed Ref A Hi |
| 92 | Speed Ref A Lo |
| 94 | Speed Ref B Hi |
| 95 | Speed Ref B Lo |
| 97 | TB Man Ref Hi |
| 98 | TB Man Ref Lo |
| 100 | Jog Speed |
| 101 | Preset Speed 1 |
| 102 | Preset Speed 2 |
| 103 | Preset Speed 3 |
| 104 | Preset Speed 4 |
| 105 | Preset Speed 5 |
| 106 | Preset Speed 6 |
| 107 | Preset Speed 7 |
| 119 | Trim Hi |
| 120 | Trim Lo |
| 121 | Slip RPM @ FLA |
| 122 | Slip Comp Gain |
| 123 | Slip RPM Meter |
| 127 | PI Setpoint |
| 129 | PI Integral Time |
| 130 | PI Prop Gain |
| 131 | PI Lower Limit |
| 132 | PI Upper Limit |
| 133 | PI Preload |
| 140 | Accel Time 1 |
| 141 | Accel Time 2 |
| 142 | Decel Time 1 |
| 143 | Decel Time 2 |
| 146 | S-Curve \% |
| 148 | Current Lmt Val |
| 149 | Current Lmt Gain |
| 151 | PWM Frequency |
| 152 | Droop RPM @ FLA |
| 153 | Regen Power Limit |
| 154 | Current Rate Limit |
| 158 | DC Brake Level |


| Number | Parameter |
| :---: | :---: |
| 159 | DC Brake Time |
| 160 | Bus Reg Ki |
| 164 | Bus Reg Kp |
| 165 | Bus Reg Kd |
| 170 | Flying StartGain |
| 175 | Auto Rstrt Delay |
| 180 | Wake Level |
| 181 | Wake Time |
| 182 | Sleep Level |
| 183 | Sleep Time |
| 185 | Power Loss Time |
| 186 | Power Loss Level |
| 321 | Anlg In Sqr Root |
| 322 | Analog In1 Hi |
| 323 | Analog In1 Lo |
| 324 | Analog In1 Loss |
| 325 | Analog In2 Hi |
| 326 | Analog In2 Lo |
| 327 | Analog In2 Loss |
| 343 | Analog Out1 Hi |
| 344 | Analog Out1 Lo |
| 346 | Analog Out2 Hi |
| 347 | Analog Out2 Lo |
| 381 | Dig Out1 Level |
| 382 | Dig Out1 OnTime |
| 383 | Dig Out1 OffTime |
| 385 | Dig Out2 Level |
| 386 | Dig Out2 OnTime |
| 387 | Dig Out2 OffTime |
| 389 | Dig Out3 Level |
| 390 | Dig Out3 OnTime |
| 391 | Dig Out3 OffTime |
| 416 | Fdbk Filter Sel |
| 419 | Notch Filter Freq |
| 420 | Notch Filter K |
| 428 | Torque Ref A Hi |
| 429 | Torque Ref A Lo |
| 430 | Torq Ref A Div |
| 432 | Torque Ref B Hi |
| 433 | Torque Ref B Lo |
| 434 | Torq Ref B Mult |
| 435 | Torque Setpoint |
| 436 | Pos Torque Limit |
| 437 | Neg Torque Limit |
| 445 | Ki Speed Loop |
| 446 | Kp Speed Loop |
| 447 | Kf Speed Loop |
| 449 | Speed Desired BW |
| 450 | Total Inertia |
| 454 | Rev Speed Limit |
| 460 | PI Reference Hi |
| 461 | PI Reference Lo |


| Number | Parameter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 462 | PI Feedback Hi |
| 463 | PI Feedback Lo |
| $476-494$ | ScaleX In Value |
| $477-495$ | ScaleX In Hi |
| $478-496$ | ScaleX In Lo |
| $479-497$ | ScaleX Out Hi |
| $480-498$ | ScaleX Out Lo |
| 602 | Spd Dev Band |
| 603 | SpdBand Integrat |
| 604 | Brk Release Time |
| 605 | ZeroSpdFloatTime |
| 606 | Float Tolerance |
| 607 | Brk Set Time |
| 608 | TorqLim SlewRate |
| 609 | BrkSlip Count |
| 610 | Brk Alarm Travel |
| 611 | MicroPos Scale\% |

## Removing/Installing the HIM

The HIM can be removed or installed while the drive is powered.
Important: HIM removal is only permissible in Auto mode. If the HIM is removed while in Manual mode or the HIM is the only remaining control device, a fault will occur.

| Step | Key(s) | Example Displays |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To remove the HIM ... |  | Remove Op Intrfc: <br> Press Enter to <br> 1. Press ALT and then Enter (Remove). The <br> Remove HIM confirmation screen appears. |
| ALT |  |  |
| (Psconnect Op Intrf? 1 Control) |  |  |

Appendix $C$

## Application Notes

| For information on .. | See page .. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Adjustable Voltage Operation | C-1 |
| External Brake Resistor | C-3 |
| Lifting/Torque Proving | C-4 |
| Limit Switches for Digital Inputs | C-11 |
| Minimum Speed | C-12 |
| Motor Control Technology | $\mathrm{C}-12$ |
| Motor Overload | C-14 |
| Overspeed | $\mathrm{C}-16$ |
| Position Indexer/Speed Profiler | C-17 |


| For information on .. | See page... |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power Loss Ride Through | C-27 |
| Process PID | C-28 |
| Reverse Speed Limit | C-31 |
| Skip Frequency | C-32 |
| Sleep Wake Mode | C-34 |
| Start At PowerUp | C-36 |
| Stop Mode | C-36 |
| Voltage Tolerance | C-40 |

## Adjustable Voltage Operation

In Adjustable Voltage control mode, the output voltage is controlled independently from the output frequency. The voltage and frequency components have independent references and acceleration/deceleration rates. Single-phase and three-phase output is possible with this feature. The Adjustable Voltage mode is designed to operate on electro-magnetic loads - not typical AC motors.

Typical applications include:

- Linear Motors
- Vibration Welding
- Vibratory conveying
- Electromagnetic Stirring
- Induction Heating ( 400 Hz or lower)
- Resistive Loads (dryers)
- Power Supplies


## Enabling Adjustable Voltage

Adjustable Voltage is enabled in [Motor Cntl Sel], parameter 053 by selecting " 5 , Adj Voltage." In this mode, current limit will now reduce voltage instead of frequency when the threshold is reached. Aggressive ramp rates on the voltage command should be avoided to minimize nuisance overcurrent trips.

## Fixed Frequency Control Applications

Many of the applications require a fixed frequency operation with variable voltage levels. For these applications it is best to set the frequency ramp rates to " 0 " using [Accel Time $1 \& 2$ ] and [Decel Time 1 \& 2], parameters 140-143. The ramp rates for output voltage are independently controlled with parameters [Adj Volt AccTime] and [Adj Volt DecTime], parameters 675-676.

## Output Filters

Several adjustable voltage applications may require the use of output filters. Any L-C or sine wave filter used on the output side of the drive must be compatible with the desired frequency of operation, as well as the PWM voltage waveform developed by the inverter. The drive is capable of operating from $0-400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ output frequency and the PWM frequencies range from $2-10 \mathrm{kHz}$. When a filter is used on the output of the drive, [Drive OL Mode], parameter 150 should be programmed so that PWM frequency is not affected by an overload condition (i.e. " 0 , Disabled" or " 1 , Reduce CLim").

## Trim Function

The trim function can be used with the Adjustable Voltage mode. The value of the selection in [Adj Volt TrimSel], parameter 669 is summed with the value of [Adj Volt Select], parameter 651. Scaling of the trim function is controlled with [Adj Volt Trim\%], parameter 672. When the sign of [Adj Volt Trim\%] is negative, the value selected in [Adj Volt TrimSel] is subtracted from the reference.

## Process Control

The Process PI loop in the drive can be configured to regulate the frequency or voltage commands of the drive. Typical applications using the Adjustable Voltage mode will close the loop around the voltage command. Process PI is enabled by selecting " 1 , AdjVoltTrim" in bit 10 of [PI Configuration], parameter 124. This bit configures the PI regulator output to trim the voltage reference, rather than the torque or speed references. The trim can be configured to be exclusive by selecting " 1 , Excl Mode" in bit 0 of [PI Configuration], parameter 124. Trimming the voltage reference is not compatible with trimming the torque reference, thus if bits 10 and 8 of [PI Configuration] are set, a type II alarm will occur, setting bit 19 (PI Cfg Cflct) in [Drive Alarm 2], parameter 212.

## External Brake Resistor

Figure C. 1 External Brake Resistor Circuitry
(Input Contactor) M


## Lifting/Torque Proving

The TorqProve ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ feature of the PowerFlex 700 is intended for applications where proper coordination between motor control and a mechanical brake is required. Prior to releasing a mechanical brake, the drive will check motor output phase continuity and verify proper motor control (torque proving). The drive will also verify that the mechanical brake has control of the load prior to releasing drive control (brake proving). After the drive sets the brake, motor movement is monitored to ensure the brakes ability to hold the load. TorqProve can be operated with an encoder or encoderless.

TorqProve functionality with an encoder includes:

- Torque Proving (includes flux up and last torque measurement)
- Brake Proving
- Brake Slip (feature slowly lowers load if brake slips/fails)
- Float Capability (ability to hold full torque at zero speed)
- Micro-Positioning
- Fast Stop
- Speed Deviation Fault, Output Phase Loss Fault, Encoder Loss Fault.

Encoderless TorqProve functionality includes:

- Torque Proving (includes flux up and last torque measurement)
- Brake Proving
- Micro-Positioning
- Fast Stop
- Speed Deviation Fault, Output Phase Loss Fault.

Important: Brake Slip detection and Float capability (ability to hold load at zero speed) are not available in encoderless TorqProve

ATTENTION: Loss of control in suspended load applications can cause personal injury and/or equipment damage. Loads must always be controlled by the drive or a mechanical brake. Parameters 600-612 are designed for lifting/torque proving applications. It is the responsibility of the engineer and/or end user to configure drive parameters, test any lifting functionality and meet safety requirements in accordance with all applicable codes and standards.

ATTENTION: User must read the following prior to the use of TorqProve with no encoder.

Encoderless TorqProve must be limited to lifting applications where personal safety is not a concern. Encoders offer additional protection and must be used where personal safety is a concern. Encoderless TorqProve can not hold a load at zero speed without a mechanical brake and does not offer additional protection if the brake slips/fails. Loss of control in suspended load applications can cause personal injury and/or equipment damage.

It is the responsibility of the engineer and/or user to configure drive parameters, test any lifting functionality and meet safety requirements in accordance with all applicable codes and standards. If encoderless TorqProve is desired, the user must certify the safety of the application. To acknowledge that the end user has read this "Attention" and properly certified their encoderless application, bit 8 ("TPEncdless") of [Compensation], parameter 56 must be changed to a " 1 ." This will disable Fault 28, "See Manual" and allow bit 1 of Parameter 600 to be changed to a " 1 " enabling encoderless TorqProve.

## TorqProve Manual Start Up

It is possible to use the Assisted Start Up (see page 2-3) to tune the motor. However, it is recommended that the motor be disconnected from the hoist/crane equipment during the routine. If this is not possible, refer to steps 1 through 12 on the following pages.

ATTENTION: To guard against personal injury and/or equipment damage caused by unexpected brake release, verify the Digital Out 1 brake connections and/or programming. The default drive configuration energizes the Digital Out 1 relay when power is applied to the drive. The PowerFlex 700 drive will not control the mechanical brake until TorqProve is enabled. If the brake is connected to this relay, it could be released. If necessary, disconnect the relay output until wiring/programming can be completed and verified.

## Initial Static Auto Tune Test

1. Set the following parameters as shown.

| No. | Name | Value | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 380 | [Digital Out1 Sel] | " 9, At Speed" | keeps brake engaged during test |
| $041-045$ | [Motor NP . . ] | per nameplate | enter motor nameplate data |
| 053 | [Motor Cntl Sel] | "4, FVC Vector" |  |
| 080 | [Feedback Select] | "3, Encoder" |  |
| 061 | [Autotune] | "1, Static Tune" |  |

2. Press the Start key on the HIM. Parameters $062-064$ will be updated. $\square$

## Motor Rotation/Encoder Direction Test

3. Set the following parameters as shown.

| No. | Name | Value | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 053 | $[$ [Motor Cntl Sel] | "0, Sensrls Vect" |  |
| 080 | $[$ Feedback Select $]$ | "0, Open Loop" |  |
| 090 | $[$ Digital Out1 Sel] | "11, Preset Spd1" |  |
| 238 | $[$ Fault Config 1] | Bit 8, "In PhaseLoss" $=1$ <br> Bit 12, "OutPhaseLoss" $=1$ |  |
| 380 | [Digital Out1 Sel] | "4, Run" | releases brake |

Important: If the direction of travel is critical at this point, perform short jogs to determine which run direction (RUNFWD or RUNREV) should be used in the next steps.
4. Press Start and run the drive in the desired direction. Observe the direction of motor rotation.
If rotation is not in the desired direction:

- remove drive power and reverse the two motor leads, or . . .
- set bit 5 of [Compensation], parameter 56 to "Mtr Lead Rev."

5. With the drive running, observe [Encoder Speed], parameter 415. If the sign of the encoder is not the same as the displayed frequency, remove drive power and reverse encoder leads A and A NOT.
6. With the drive running, verify correct motor rotation and encoder direction. Set [Motor Fdbk Type], parameter 412 to "1, Quad Check." Stop the drive.

## Rotate AutoTune Test

ATTENTION: In this test the following conditions will occur:

- The motor will be run for 12 seconds at base frequency $(60 \mathrm{~Hz})$. Note that equipment travel during this 12 second interval may exceed equipment limits. However, travel distance can be reduced by setting [Maximum Speed], parameter 82 to a value less than 45 Hz (i.e. $22.5 \mathrm{~Hz}=12$ seconds at 30 Hz ).
- The brake will be released without torque provided by the drive for 15 seconds.

To guard against personal injury and/or equipment damage, this test should not be performed if either of the above conditions are considered unacceptable by the user.
7. Set the following parameters as shown.

| No. | Name | Value | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 053 | [Motor Cntl Sel] | "4, FVC Vector" |  |
| 080 | $[$ Feedback Select] $]$ "3, Encoder" |  |  |
| 061 | [Autotune] | "2, Rotate Tune" |  |

8. Start the drive and run the motor in the desired direction. Parameters $062,063,064 \& 121$ will be updated.

Inertia AutoTune Test
9. Set [Inertia Autotune], parameter 067 to " 1 , Inertia Tune."
10. Press Start and run the motor in the direction desired. Parameters 445,446 and 450 will be updated.
11. Set [Speed Desired BW], parameter 449 to desired setting.
12. Set up is complete - check for proper operation.

## Drive Setup

To Enable TorqProve with an encoder, bit 0 of [TorqProve Cnfg], parameter 600 must be set to a " 1 ." Once this is set, a Type 2 alarm will be active until the following three parameter settings are entered:

| No. | Name | Value | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 053 | [Motor Cntl Sel] | "4, FVC Vector" |  |
| 080 | [Feedback Select] | "3, Encoder" |  |
| 412 | $[$ [Motor Fdbk Type] | "1, Quad Check" |  |

To Enable Encoderless TorqProve, both bits 0 and 1 of [TorqProve Cnfg], parameter 600 must be set to a " 1 ". Once this is set, a Type 2 alarm will be active until the following three parameter settings are entered:

| No. | Name | Value | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 053 | [Motor Cntl Sel] | "4, FVC Vector" or |  |
| "0, Sensrls Vect" |  |  |  |

## Installation/Wiring

When [TorqProve Cnfg] is set to "Enable," the Digital Out 1 relay is used to control the external brake contactor. The normally open (N.O.) contact, when closed, is intended to energize the contactor. This provides the mechanical brake with voltage, causing the brake to release. Any interruption of power to the contactor will set the mechanical brake. Programming [Digital Out 1 Sel], parameter 380 will be ignored when [TorqProve Cnfg] is set to "Enable."

Figure C. 2 Typical Torque Proving Configuration


## Lifting/Torque Proving Application Programming

The PowerFlex 700 lifting application is mainly influenced by parameters 600 through 611 in the Torque Proving group of the Application file. Figure C. 3 and the paragraphs that follow describe programming.

Figure C. 3 Torque Proving Flow Diagram


All times between Drive Actions are programmable and can be made very small

## Torque Proving

When the drive receives a start command to begin a lifting operation, the following actions occur:

1. The drive first performs a transistor diagnostic test to check for phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground shorts. A failure status from either of these tests will result in a drive fault and the brake relay will NOT be energized (brake remains set).
2. The drive will then provide the motor with flux as well as perform a check for current flow through all three motor phases. This ensures that torque will be delivered to the load when the mechanical brake is released. When torque proving is enabled, open phase loss detection is performed regardless of the setting of Bit 12 of [Fault Config 1], parameter 238.
3. If the drive passes all tests, the brake will be released and the drive will take control of the load after the programmed time in [Brk Release Time], parameter 604 which is the typical mechanical release time of the brake.

## Brake Proving

When the drive receives a stop command to end a lifting operation, the following actions occur:

1. The brake is commanded closed when the speed of the motor reaches zero.
2. After the time period programmed in [Brk Set Time], parameter 607, the drive will verify if the brake is capable of holding torque. It will do this by ramping the torque down at a rate set in [TorqLim SlewRate], parameter 608. Note that the drive can be started again at anytime without waiting for either of the above timers to finish.
3. While the torque is ramping down, the drive will perform a brake slip test. If movement exceeds the limit set in [BrkSlip Count], parameter 609, then an alarm is set and the drive will start a brake slip procedure. The drive will allow the motor to travel the distance programmed [Brk Alarm Travel], parameter 610. Another slip test will be performed and will repeat continuously until; A) the load stops slipping, or B) the load reaches the ground. This feature keeps control of the load and returns it to the ground in a controlled manner in the event of a mechanical brake failure.

## Speed Monitoring / Speed Band Limit

This routine is intended to fault the drive if the difference between the speed reference and the encoder feedback is larger than the value set in [Spd Dev Band], parameter 602 and the drive is NOT making any progress toward the reference. [SpdBand Integrat], parameter 603 sets the time that the speed difference can be greater than the deviation band before causing a fault and setting the brake.

Float
Float is defined as the condition when the drive is holding the load at zero hertz while holding off the mechanical brake. The float condition starts when the frequency drops below the speed set in [Float Tolerance], parameter 606. Float will stay active for a period of time set by [ZeroSpdFloatTime], parameter 605. If a digital input (parameters 361-366) is set to "Micro Pos" (also Float) and it is closed, the Float condition will stay active and will disregard the timer. This signal is also available through a communication device, see [TorqProve Setup], parameter 601.

When encoderless TorqProve is enabled, the drive can not hold the load at zero speed. Parameter 606 [Float Tolerance] will then define the speed at which the brake is set.

## Micro Position

Micro Position refers to rescaling of the commanded frequency by a percentage entered in [MicroPos Scale \%], parameter 611. This allows for slower operation of a lift which provides an operator with better resolution when positioning a load. Micro Position is activated only when the drive is running at or near zero speed. This can be initiated by a digital input configured as Micro Pos or through a communication device ([TorqProve Setup]) which is the same digital input which signals the float condition. To allow the Micro Position digital input to change the speed command while the drive is running, enter a " 1 " in Parameter 600, Bit 2 "MicroPosSel." A "0" will require drive to reach zero speed for micro position speed to become active.

## Fast Stop

Fast Stop is intended to stop the load as fast as possible then set the mechanical brake. The Fast Stop can be initiated from a digital input or through a communication device through [TorqProve Setup]. The difference from a normal stop is that the decel time is forced to be 0.1 seconds. When the Torque Proving function is enabled, the Float time is ignored at the end of the ramp. This feature can be used without enabling the Torque Proving function.

## Limit Switches for Digital Inputs

The PowerFlex 700 includes digital input selections for decel and end limit switches. These can be used for applications that use limit switches for decelerating near the end of travel and then stopping at the end position. The end limit switch can also be used for end limit stops as many hoists require. These inputs can be used with or without TorqProve enabled.

## Decel Limit for Digital Inputs

Decel Limit is enabled by selecting "Decel Limit" as one of the digital inputs in [Digital In1-6 Select], parameters 361-366. When this input is "low" (opposite logic), the speed reference command will change from the selected reference to the value in [Preset Speed 1], parameter 101. The deceleration rate will be based on the active deceleration time. This limit will be enforced only in the direction the drive was running when the switch was activated (momentarily or continuously, see "B" in Figure C.4). The opposite direction will still be allowed to run at the selected reference speed. No speed limitation will occur between the limit switches ("A" in Figure C.4).

Two different switches can be connected in series to one digital input to provide a decel limit at both ends of the application (i.e. lift, conveyor, etc.). With proper set up, the drive will automatically apply the speed reduction based on the direction of the load even though only one digital input is being used. See "B" in Figure C.4.

## End Travel Limit for Digital Inputs

End Travel Limit is enabled by selecting "End Limit" as one of the digital inputs in [Digital In1-6 Select]. A "low" at this input (opposite logic) will cause the drive to do a fast decel ( 0.1 sec ) and turn off. This Stop limit will be enforced only in the direction the drive was running when the switch was activated (momentarily or continuously, see "C" in Figure C.4).

A Start command in the same direction will only allow 0 Hz to be commanded. A Start in the opposite direction will allow motion with a speed command from the selected speed reference. If TorqProve is Enabled, the drive will hold zero speed for a time determined by [ZeroSpdFloat Time], parameter 605.

Two different input switches can be connected in series to one digital input to provide an end limit at both ends of the application (e.g. lift, conveyor, etc.). With proper set up, the drive will automatically apply the proper stopping based on the direction of the load even though only one digital input is being used.


## Limit Switch Set up

1. Move the load to a position between the two decel switches ("A" in Figure C.4).
2. Select the switches in [Digital In1-6 Select]. If switches are only used on one end of travel, simply keep the load off of both switches when selecting in [Digital In1-6 Select].

If the set up is done incorrectly, the application will not move or will move at an incorrect (slower) speed. This can be corrected by selecting "Not Used" for both limit switches in [Digital In1-6 Select]. Then, move the load between the Decel Switches and select the limit switches again in [Digital In1-6 Select].

Important: When properly set up, the drive will remember its location during power cycles (or power loss) unless the load is manually moved during power down conditions. If this occurs, simply reset the feature using the procedure above.

Figure C. 4 Limit Switch Operation


## Minimum Speed

Refer to Reverse Speed Limit on page C-31.

## Motor Control Technology

Within the PowerFlex family there are several motor control technologies:

- Torque Producers
- Torque Controllers
- Speed Regulators


## Torque Producers

## Volts/Hertz

This technology follows a specific pattern of voltage and frequency output to the motor, regardless of the motor being used. The shape of the $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$ curve can be controlled a limited amount, but once the shape is determined, the drive output is fixed to those values. Given the fixed values, each motor will react based on its own speed/torque characteristics.

This technology is good for basic centrifugal fan/pump operation and for most multi-motor applications. Torque production is generally good.

## Sensorless Vector

This technology combines the basic Volts/Hertz concept with known motor parameters such as Rated FLA, HP, Voltage, stator resistance and flux producing current. Knowledge of the individual motor attached to the drive allows the drive to adjust the output pattern to the motor and load conditions. By identifying motor parameters, the drive can maximize the torque produced in the motor and extend the speed range at which that torque can be produced.

This technology is excellent for applications that require a wider speed range and applications that need maximum possible torque for breakaway, acceleration or overload. Centrifuges, extruders, conveyors and others are candidates.

## Torque Controllers

## Vector

This technology differs from the two above, because it actually controls or regulates torque. Rather than allowing the motor and load to actually determine the amount of torque produced, Vector technology allows the drive to regulate the torque to a defined value. By independently identifying and controlling both flux and torque currents in the motor, true control of torque is achieved. High bandwidth current regulators remain active with or without encoder feedback to produce outstanding results.

This technology is excellent for those applications where torque control, rather than mere torque production, is key to the success of the process. These include web handling, demanding extruders and lifting applications such as hoists or material handling.

Vector Control can operate in one of two configurations:

## 1. Encoderless

Not to be confused with Sensorless Vector above, Encoderless Vector based on Allen-Bradley's patented Field Oriented Control technology means that a feedback device is not required. Torque control can be achieved across a significant speed range without feedback.
2. Closed Loop (with Encoder)


Vector Control with encoder feedback utilizes Allen-Bradley's Force Technology ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$. This industry leading technology allows the drive to control torque over the entire speed range, including zero speed. For those applications that require smooth torque regulation at very low speeds or full torque at zero speed, Closed Loop Vector Control is the answer.

## Speed Regulators

Any of the PowerFlex drives, regardless of their motor control technology (Volts/Hz, Sensorless Vector or Vector) can be set up to regulate speed. Speed regulation and torque regulation must be separated to understand drive operation.
The PowerFlex 700 can offer improved speed regulation by adding speed feedback. Using a speed feedback device (encoder) tightens speed regulation to $0.001 \%$ of base speed and extends the speed range to zero speed

## Motor Overload

For single motor applications the drive can be programmed to protect the motor from overload conditions. An electronic thermal overload $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{~T}$ function emulates a thermal overload relay. This operation is based on three parameters; [Motor NP FLA], [Motor OL Factor] and [Motor OL Hertz] (parameters 042, 048 and 047, respectively).
[Motor NP FLA] is multiplied by [Motor OL Factor] to allow the user to define the continuous level of current allowed by the motor thermal overload. [Motor OL Hertz] is used to allow the user to adjust the frequency below which the motor overload is derated.

The motor can operate up to $102 \%$ of FLA continuously. If the drive was just activated, it will run at $150 \%$ of FLA for 180 seconds. If the motor had been operating at $100 \%$ for over 30 minutes, the drive will run at $150 \%$ of FLA for 60 seconds. These values assume the drive is operating above [Motor OL Hertz], and that [Motor OL Factor] is set to 1.00 .

Operation below $100 \%$ current causes the temperature calculation to account for motor cooling.

[Motor OL Hertz] defines the frequency where motor overload capacity derate should begin. The motor overload capacity is reduced when operating below [Motor OL Hertz]. For all settings of [Motor OL Hertz] other than zero, the overload capacity is reduced to $70 \%$ at an output frequency of zero.

[Motor NP FLA] is multiplied by [Motor OL Factor] to select the rated current for the motor thermal overload. This can be used to raise or lower the level of current that will cause the motor thermal overload to trip. The effective overload factor is a combination of [Motor OL Hertz] and [Motor OL Factor].


## Overspeed

Overspeed Limit is a user programmable value that allows operation at maximum speed, but also provides an "overspeed band" that will allow a speed regulator such as encoder feedback or slip compensation to increase the output frequency above maximum speed in order to maintain maximum motor speed.

The figure below illustrates a typical Custom V/Hz profile. Minimum Speed is entered in Hertz and determines the lower speed reference limit during normal operation. Maximum Speed is entered in Hertz and determines the upper speed reference limit. The two "Speed" parameters only limit the speed reference and not the output frequency.

The actual output frequency at maximum speed reference is the sum of the speed reference plus "speed adder" components from functions such as slip compensation.

The Overspeed Limit is entered in Hertz and added to Maximum Speed and the sum of the two (Speed Limit) limit the output frequency. This sum (Speed Limit) must is compared to Maximum Frequency and an alarm is initiated which prevents operation if the Speed Limit exceeds Maximum Frequency.


Note 1: The lower limit on this range can be 0 depending on the value of Speed Adder

## Position Indexer/Speed Profiler

The PowerFlex 700 includes a position indexer/speed profiler which provides either point-to-point positioning with a position regulator or speed profiling using a velocity regulator. Point-to point positioning can be either incremental moves or absolute moves which are referenced to home. Encoder feedback (incremental encoder) is required for the position regulator. Speed profiling steps can be time-based or triggered by digital inputs, encoder counts or parameter levels. These speed profiling steps can be operated open loop or with an encoder.

The indexer is programmed by entering data into a 16 step array. Each step has several variables for optimal customization (see below). The steps can be run in a continuous cycle or a single cycle. The process can also move to or from any step in the array.

| Step Type | Value | Velocity | Accel <br> Time | Decel <br> Time | Next Step <br> Condition | Dwell | Batch | Next |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

This feature also includes homing capability to a limit switch or a marker pulse using an automatic homing procedure.

Important: The PowerFlex 700 uses an incremental encoder only. Since absolute encoders are not used, your process must be able to accommodate this homing procedure after a power down or power loss.

## Common Guidelines for all Step Types

- Enabling Position Indexer/Speed Profiler

This feature is enabled by selecting "7-Pos/Spd Prof" in [Speed/ Torque Mod], parameter 088. Parameters 700-877 set up the indexer/ profiler.

- Motor Control Modes

For Position Indexing with an encoder, only FVC Vector Control should be used for optimum performance.
For Velocity Profiling, any motor control mode can be used.
However, Sensorless Vector or FVC Vector Control modes will offer the best performance.

## - Direction Control

The drive must be configured to allow the profile to control the direction. This is accomplished by setting [Direction Mode], parameter 190 to "Bipolar" (default is "Unipolar").


## - Limits

Many threshold values can affect the performance of the profile/ indexer. To help minimize the possibility of overshooting a position, ensure that the following parameters are set for the best performance.

| No. | Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 153 | [Regen Power Limit] | Default is $-50 \%$ and will likely require a greater <br> negative value. A brake or other means of dissipating <br> regenerative energy is recommended. |
| 147 | [Current Lmt Sel] | By default these parameters are set to provide 150\% of <br> drive rating. If lowered, the performance may be <br> degraded. |
| 148 | [Current Lmt Val] |  |
| 161 | [Bus Reg Mode A] | The default setting will adjust frequency to regulate the <br> DC Bus voltage under regenerative conditions. This will <br> most likely cause a position overshoot. To resolve this, <br> select "Dynamic Brak" and size the load resistor for the <br> application. |

- Speed Regulator

The bandwidth of the speed regulator will affect the performance. If the connected inertia is relatively high, the bandwidth will be low and therefore a bit sluggish. When programming the acceleration and deceleration rates for each step, do not make them too aggressive or the regulator will be limited and therefore overshoot the desired position.

## Position Loop Tuning

Two parameters are available for tuning the position loop.

- [Pos Reg Filter], parameter 718 is a low pass filter at the input of the position regulator.
- [Pos Reg Gain], parameter 719 is a single adjustment for increasing or decreasing the responsiveness of the regulator.

By default these parameters are set at approximately a 6:1 ratio (filter $=25$, gain $=4$ ). It is recommended that a minimum ratio of $4: 1$ be maintained.

## Profile Command Control Word

The profile/indexer is controlled with [Profile Command], parameter 705. The bit definitions are as follows:

| Bit | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Start Step 0 | The binary value of these bits determines which step will be the starting step for the profile when a start command is issued. If the value of these bits are not 1-16 the drive will not run since it does not have a valid step to start from. Valid Examples: 00011 = step $3,01100=\operatorname{step} 12$ |
| 1 | Start Step 1 |  |
| 2 | Start Step 2 |  |
| 3 | Start Step 3 |  |
| 4 | Start Step 4 |  |
| 5-7 | Reserved | Reserved for future use |
| 8 | Hold Step | When set, this command will inhibit the profile from transitioning to the next step when the condition(s) required are satisfied. When the hold command is released, the profile will transition to the next step. |
| 9 | Pos Redefine | This bit is used to set the present position as home. When this bit is set, [Profile Status] bit At Home will be set and the [Units Traveled] will be set to zero. |
| 10 | Find Home | This bit is used to command the find home routine. |
| 11 | Vel Override | When this bit is set the velocity of the present step will be multiplied by the value in [Vel Override]. |
| 12-31 | Reserved | Reserved for future use |

The [Profile Command] bits can be set via DPI interface (HIM or Comm) or digital inputs. When digital input(s) are programmed for "Pos Sel 1-5," the starting step of the profile is exclusively controlled by the digital inputs. The DPI interface value for bits $0-4$ will be ignored.

If a digital input is configured for the bit 8-11 functions (see above), the DPI interface or the digital input can activate the command.

## Velocity Regulated Step Types and Parameters

Each of the Velocity Regulated steps has the following associated parameters or functions. Refer to the following page for descriptions.

|  | Value | Velocity | Accel <br> Time | Decel Time | Next Step Condition | Dwell | Batch | Next |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time | Total Move Time | Speed \& Direction | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | Time greater than [Step Value] | Dwell Time | Batch Number | Next Step |
| Time Blend | Total Time | Speed \& Direction | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | Time greater than [Step Value] | NA | NA | Next Step |
| Digital Input | Digital Input Number | Speed \& Direction | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | Digital Input logic | Dwell Time | Batch Number | Next Step |
| Encoder Incremental Blend | Position \& Direction | Speed | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | At Position [Step Value] | NA | NA | Next Step |
| Parameter Level | Parameter Number +/- | Speed \& Direction | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { [Step Value] > or } \\ & \text { < [Step Dwell] } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Compare Value | NA | Next Step |
| End | NA | NA | NA | Decel Rate | At Zero transition | Dwell Time | NA | Stop |

NA = Function not applicable to this step type

## Time

When started, the drive will ramp to the desired velocity, hold the speed, and then ramp to zero in the programmed time for the given step. Dwell time and batch affect when the next step is executed.

## Time Blend

When started, the drive will ramp to the desired velocity and hold speed for the programmed time. At this point it will transition to the next step and ramp to the programmed velocity without going to zero speed.

## Digital Input

When started, the drive will ramp to the desired velocity and hold speed until the digital input programmed in the value transitions in the direction defined. When this occurs, the profile will transition to the next step after dwell and batch settings are satisfied. It will then ramp to the programmed velocity without going to zero speed.

## Encoder Incremental Blend (EncIncrBlend)

When started, the drive will ramp to the desired velocity and hold speed until the units of travel programmed is reached (within tolerance window). The profile will then transition to the next step and the drive will ramp to the speed of the new step without first going to zero speed.

## Encoder Incremental Blend with Hold

This profile is the same as the previous, but contains the "Hold" function. While "Hold" is applied, the step transition is inhibited. When released, the step can then transition if the conditions to transition are satisfied.

## Parameter Level (Param Level)

When started, the drive will ramp to the desired velocity, hold speed and compare the parameter value of the parameter number programmed in [Step Value] to the [Step Dwell] level. The sign of the [Step Value] defines "less than or greater than" [Step Dwell]. When true, the profile will transition to the next step.

## End

The drive ramps to zero speed and stops the profile. It clears the current step bits and sets the "Complete" bit (14) in [Profile Status], parameter 700.

## Position Regulated Step Types and Parameters

Each of the Position Regulated steps has the following associated parameters or functions:

| Step Type | Value | Velocity | Accel Time | Decel Time | Next Step Condition | Dwell | Batch | Next |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Encoder Absolute | Position \& Direction | Speed | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | At Position | Dwell Time | NA | Next Step |
| Encoder Incremental | Position \& Direction | Speed | Accel Rate | Decel Rate | At Position | Dwell Time | Batch Number | Next Step |
| End Hold Position | NA | NA | NA | NA | At Position | Dwell Time | NA | Stop |

$N A=$ Function not applicable to this step type

## Encoder Absolute

This is a move to an absolute position, which is referenced from the home position. When started the drive ramps to the desired velocity in the direction required, holds the speed, then ramps to zero speed landing or ending at the commanded position within the tolerance window.

## Encoder Incremental (Encoder Incr)

This is a move increment from the current position in the direction, distance and speed programmed. When started the drive ramps to the desired velocity, holds the speed, then ramps to zero speed landing or ending at the commanded position within the tolerance window.

## End Hold Position

The drive holds the last position and stops the profile after dwell time expires. Must be used with position regulated profile. Do Not use "End."

## Homing Routine

Each time the profile/indexer is enabled, the drive requires a home position to be detected. The following options are available:

- Homing to Marker Pulse with Encoder Feedback

When "Find Home" is commanded the homing routine is run when a start command is issued. The Homing bit (11) in [Profile Status] will be set while the homing routine is running. The drive will ramp to the speed and direction set in [Find Home Speed], parameter 713 at the rate set in [Find Home Ramp], parameter 714 until the digital input defined as "Home Limit" is activated. The drive will then ramp to

zero and then back up to first marker pulse prior to the Home Limit switch at $1 / 10$ the [Find Home Speed]. When on the marker pulse, the At Home bit (13) is set in [Profile Status] and the drive is stopped.
Figure C. 5 shows the sequence of operation for homing to a marker pulse. [Encoder Z Chan], parameter 423 must be set to "Marker Input" or "Marker Check" for this type of homing.

Figure C. 5 Homing to Marker


- Homing to Limit Switch with Encoder Feedback

When "Find Home" is commanded, the homing routine is run when a start command is issued. The Homing bit (11) in [Profile Status] will be set while the homing routine is running. The drive will ramp to the speed and direction set in [Find Home Speed] at the rate set in [Find Home Ramp] until the digital input defined as Home Limit is activated. The drive will then reverse direction at $1 / 10$ the [Find Home Speed] to the point where the Home Limit switch activated and stop.

Figure C. 6 shows the sequence of operation for homing to a limit switch with encoder feedback (without a marker pulse). [Encoder Z Chan] must be set to "Pulse Input" or "Pulse Check."

Figure C. 6 Homing to a Limit Switch


- [Encoder Speed], 415 -[Profile Status], 700 - [Units Traveled], 701 —[Dig In Status], 216
- Homing to Limit Switch w/o Encoder Feedback

When "Find Home" is commanded, the homing routine is run when a Start command is issued. The Homing bit (11) in [Profile Status] will be set while the homing routine is running. The drive will ramp to the speed and direction set in [Find Home Speed] at the rate set in [Find Home Ramp] until the digital input defined as Home Limit is activated. The drive will then decelerate to zero. If the switch is no longer activated, the drive will reverse direction at $1 / 10$ the [Find Home Speed] to the switch position and then stop. The Home Limit switch will be active when stopped.
Figure C. 7 shows the sequence of operation for homing to a limit switch without encoder feedback.

Figure C. 7 Homing to Limit Switch (No Feedback)


- Position Redefine

When "Pos Redefine" is set, the present position is established as Home and [Units Traveled] is set to zero.

- Disable Homing Requirement

If a home position is not required, the routine can be disabled by clearing [Alarm Config 1], bit 17 (Prof SetHome) to " 0 ". This will disable the alarm from being set when Pos/Spd Profile mode is configured in [Speed/Torque Mod] and will set the present position as Home.

Once Homing is complete the Find Home command must be removed to allow the profile to be run. If the Find Home command is not removed, when the drive is started the routine will see that it is At Home and the drive will stop.

## Example 1 Five Step Velocity Profile (Time-Based and Encoder-Based)

The first three steps are "Time" steps followed by an "Encoder Abs" step to zero and then an "End" step. For each Time step the drive ramps at [Step x AccelTime] to [Step x Velocity] in the direction of the sign of [Step x Velocity]. The drive then decelerates at [Step X DecelTime] to zero. The [Step X Value] is programmed to the desired time for the total time of the accel, run and decel of the step. Each step has a 1 second time programmed in [Step X Dwell] which is applied to the end of each step. After the dwell time expires, the profile transitions to the next step. The absolute step is used to send the profile back to the home position. This is done by programming [Step 4 Value] to zero.

Figure C. 8 Time Example


| Step \# | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { [Step x } \\ \text { Type] } \end{array}$ | [Step x Velocity] | [Step x AccelTime] | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { [Step x } \\ \text { DecelTime] } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { [Step } \mathrm{x} \\ \text { Value] } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | [Stepx Dwell] | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { [Step x } \\ \text { Batch] } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { [Step x } \\ \text { Next] } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Time | 100 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 2 |
| 2 | Time | 200 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 3 |
| 3 | Time | 300 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 4 |
| 4 | Encoder Abs | 400 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 5 |
| 5 | End | N/A | N/A | 0.5 | N/A | 0.00 | N/A | N/A |

## Example 2 <br> Six Step Velocity Profile (Digital Input-Based)

In each step, the drive ramps at [Step x AccelTime] to [Step x Velocity] in the direction of the sign of [Step $x$ Velocity] until a digital input is detected. When the input is detected it transitions to the next step in the profile. This continues through Digital Input \#6 activating step 5. Step 5 is defined as a "Parameter Level" step. Digital Inputs used in the profile must be defined as "Prof Input."

Important: A transition is required to start each step. If the input is already true when transitioning to a digital input step, the indexer will not go to the next step.

Figure C. 9 Digital Input Example


|  | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> Velocity $]$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> AccelTime $]$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> DecelTime $]$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> Value $]$ | Step <br> Dwell] $]$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> Batch $]$ | $[$ Step $\mathbf{x}$ <br> Next] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Digital Input | 300 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 3.00 | 0.00 | 1 | 2 |
| 2 | Digital Input | 50 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 4.00 | 5.00 | 1 | 3 |
| 3 | Digital Input | -300 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.00 | 0.00 | 1 | 4 |
| 4 | Digital Input | -100 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 6.00 | 0.00 | 1 | 5 |
| 5 | Param Level | -50 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 701 | 0.00 | 1 | 6 |
| 6 | End | N/A | N/A | 0.5 | N/A | 0.00 | N/A | N/A |

## Example 3 <br> Five Step Positioner with Incremental Encoder

The first three steps of this indexer are "Encoder Incr" steps followed by an "Encoder Abs" step to zero and then an "End Hold Position" step. For each "Encoder Incr" step the drive ramps at [Step x AccelTime] to [Step $x$ Velocity] in the direction of the sign of [Step xValue]. It then decelerates at the rate of [Step x DecelTime] to the position programmed in [Step x Value] which sets the desired units of travel for the step. When the value programmed in [Step $x$ Value] is reached within the tolerance window programmed in [Encoder Pos Tol], the "At Position" bit is set in [Profile Status]. In this example a dwell value held each of the first three steps "At Position" for 1 second. After the [Step x Dwell] time expires, the profile transitions to the next step. The absolute step is used to send the profile back to the home position. This is accomplished by programming [Step 4 Value] to zero.

Figure C. 10 Encoder Incremental w/Dwell Example


| Step \# | [Step x Type] | [Step x Velocity] | [Step x AccelTime] | [Step x DecelTime] | [Step x Value] | [Step x Dwell] | [Stepx Batch] | [Stepx Next] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Param Level | 100 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 10.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 2 |
| 2 | Param Level | 200 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 10.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 3 |
| 3 | Param Level | 300 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 10.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 4 |
| 4 | Encoder Abs | 400 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1 | 5 |
| 5 | End Hold Position | N/A | N/A | 0.5 | N/A | 0.00 | N/A | N/A |

## Power Loss Ride Through

When AC input power is lost, energy is being supplied to the motor from the DC bus capacitors. The energy from the capacitors is not being replaced (via the AC line), thus, the DC bus voltage will fall rapidly. The drive must detect this fall and react according to the way it is programmed. Two parameters display DC bus voltage:

- [DC Bus Voltage] - displays the instantaneous value
- [DC Bus Memory] - displays a 6 minute running average of the voltage.

All drive reactions to power loss are based on [DC Bus Memory]. This averages low and high line conditions and sets the drive to react to the average rather than assumed values. For example, a 480 V installation would have a 480 V AC line and produce a nominal 648 V DC bus. If the drive were to react to a fixed voltage for line loss detect, (i.e. 533 V DC), then normal operation would occur for nominal line installations. However, if a lower nominal line voltage of 440 V AC was used, then nominal DC bus voltage would be only 594 V DC. If the drive were to react to the fixed 533 V level (only $-10 \%$ ) for line loss detect, any anomaly might trigger a false line loss detection. Line loss, therefore always uses the 6 minute average for DC bus voltage and detects line loss based on a fixed percentage of that memory. In the same example, the average would be 594 V DC instead of 650 V DC and the fixed percentage, $27 \%$ for "Coast to Stop" and $18 \%$ for all others, would allow identical operation regardless of line voltage.

The PowerFlex 70 uses only these fixed percentages. The PowerFlex 700 can selectively use the same percentages or the user can set a trigger point for line loss detect. The adjustable trigger level is set using [Power Loss Level] (see [Power Loss Level] on page 3-33).

Figure C. 11 Power Loss Mode = Coast


Figure C. 12 Power Loss Mode = Decel


## Process PID

The internal PI function of the PowerFlex 700 provides closed loop process control with proportional and integral control action. The function is designed for use in applications that require simple control of a process without external control devices. The PI function allows the microprocessor of the drive to follow a single process control loop.

The PI function reads a process variable input to the drive and compares it to a desired setpoint stored in the drive. The algorithm will then adjust the output of the PI regulator, changing drive output frequency to try and make the process variable equal the setpoint.

It can operate as trim mode by summing the PI loop output with a master speed reference.


Or, it can operate as control mode by supplying the entire speed reference. This method is identified as "exclusive mode"


## PI Enable

The output of the PI loop can be turned on (enabled) or turned off (disabled). This control allows the user to determine when the PI loop is providing part or all of the commanded speed. The logic for enabling the PI loop is shown below.


The drive must be running for the PI loop to be enabled. The loop will be disabled when the drive is ramping to a stop (unless "Stop Mode" is configured in [PI Configuration]), jogging or the signal loss protection for the analog input(s) is sensing a loss of signal.

If a digital input has been configured to "PI Enable," two events are required to enable the loop: the digital input must be closed AND bit 0 of the PI Control parameter must be $=1$.

If no digital input is configured to "PI Enable," then only the Bit $0=1$ condition must be met. If the bit is permanently set to a " 1 ", then the loop will become enabled as soon as the drive goes into "run".




## Reverse Speed Limit

Figure C. 14 [Rev Speed Limit], parameter 454 set to zero


Figure C. 15 [Rev Speed Limit], parameter 454 set to a non-zero Value


## Skip Frequency

Figure C. 16 Skip Frequency


Some machinery may have a resonant operating frequency that must be avoided to minimize the risk of equipment damage. To assure that the motor cannot continuously operate at one or more of the points, skip frequencies are used. Parameters 084-086, ([Skip Frequency 1-3]) are available to set the frequencies to be avoided.

The value programmed into the skip frequency parameters sets the center point for an entire "skip band" of frequencies. The width of the band (range of frequency around the center point) is determined by parameter 87, [Skip Freq Band]. The range is split, half above and half below the skip frequency parameter.

If the commanded frequency of the drive is greater than or equal to the skip (center) frequency and less than or equal to the high value of the band (skip plus $1 / 2$ band), the drive will set the output frequency to the high value of the band. See (A) in Figure C.16.

If the commanded frequency is less than the skip (center) frequency and greater than or equal to the low value of the band (skip minus $1 / 2$ band), the drive will set the output frequency to the low value of the band. See (B) in Figure C. 16.

Acceleration and deceleration are not affected by the skip frequencies. Normal accel/decel will proceed through the band once the commanded frequency is greater than the skip frequency. See (A) \& (B) in Figure C.16. This function affects only continuous operation within the band.


## Sleep Wake Mode

This function stops (sleep) and starts (wake) the drive based on separately configurable analog input levels rather than discrete start and stop signals. When enabled in "Direct" mode, the drive will start (wake) when an analog signal is greater than or equal to the user specified [Wake Level], and stop the drive when an analog signal is less than or equal to the user specified [Sleep Level]. When Sleep Wake is enabled for "Invert" mode ${ }^{(1)}$, the drive will start (wake) when an analog signal is less than or equal to the user specified [Wake Level], and stop the drive when an analog signal is greater than or equal to the user specified [Sleep Level].

## Definitions

- Wake - A start command generated when the analog input value remains above [Wake Level] (or below when Invert mode is active) for a time greater than [Wake Time].
- Sleep - A Stop command generated when the analog input value remains below [Sleep Level] (or above when Invert mode is active) for a time greater than [Sleep Time].
- Speed Reference - The active speed command to the drive as selected by drive logic and [Speed Ref x Sel].
- Start Command - A command generated by pressing the Start button on the HIM, closing a digital input programmed for Start, Run, Run Forward or Run Reverse.

Refer to Figure C. 17.

Figure C. 17 Sleep Wake Mode


## Start At PowerUp

A powerup delay time of up to 30 seconds can be programmed through [Powerup Delay], parameter 167. After the time expires, the drive will start if all of the start permissive conditions are met. Before that time, restart is not possible.


All Start Permissives Met?

1. No fault conditions present.
2. No Type 2 alarm conditions present.
3. The terminal block programmed enable input is closed.
4. The Stop input (from all sources) is received.


Powerup Start
Powerup Terminated! Normal Mode

## Stop Mode

The PowerFlex 700 offers several methods for stopping a load. The method/mode is defined by [Stop/Brk Mode A/B], parameters 155 \& 156. These modes include:

- Coast
- Ramp
- Ramp to Hold
- DC Brake
- Fast Brake

Additionally, [Flux Braking], parameter 166 can be selected separately to provide additional braking during a "Stop" command or when reducing the speed command. For "Stop" commands, this will provide additional braking power during "Ramp" or "Ramp to Hold" selections
only. If "Fast Brake" or "DC Brake" is used, "Flux Braking" will only be active during speed changes (if enabled).

A "Ramp" selection will always provide the fastest stopping time if a method to dissipate the required energy from the DC bus is provided (i.e. resistor brake, regenerative brake, etc.). The alternative braking methods to external brake requirements can be enabled if the stopping time is not as restrictive. Each of these methods will dissipate energy in the motor (use care to avoid motor overheating). Table C.A describes several braking capability examples.

Table C.A Braking Method Examples

| Method | Use When Application Requires ... | Braking Power |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ramp | - The fastest stopping time or fastest ramp time for speed changes (external brake resistor or regenerative capability required for ramp times faster than the methods below). <br> - High duty cycles, frequent stops or speed changes. (The other methods may result in excessive motor heating). | Most |
| Fast Brake | - Additional braking capability without use of external brake resistor or regenerative units. | More than Flux <br> Braking or DC Brake |
| Flux Braking | - Fast speed changes and fast stopping time. <br> - Typical stop from speeds below $50 \%$ of base speed ("Flux Braking" will likely stop the load faster than "Fast Brake" in this case) <br> Important: This can be used in conjunction with "Ramp" or "Ramp to Hold" for additional braking power or with "Fast Brake" or "DC Brake" for speed changes. | More than DC Brake |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { DC } \\ & \text { Brake } \end{aligned}$ | - Additional braking capability without use of external brake resistor or regenerative units | Less than above methods |



This method releases the motor and allows the load to stop by friction.

1. On Stop, the drive output goes immediately to zero (off).
2. No further power is supplied to the motor. The drive has released control.
3. The motor will coast for a time that is dependent on the mechanics of the system (inertia, friction, etc).


This method uses drive output reduction to stop the load.

1. On Stop, drive output will decrease according to the programmed pattern from its present value to zero. The pattern may be linear or squared. The output will decrease to zero at the rate determined by the programmed [Maximum Freq] and the programmed active [Decel Time x].
2. The reduction in output can be limited by other drive factors such as such as bus or current regulation.
3. When the output reaches zero the output is shut off.
4. The motor, if rotating, will coast from its present speed for a time that is dependent on the mechanics of the system (inertia, friction, etc).


This method combines two of the methods above. It uses drive output reduction to stop the load and DC injection to hold the load at zero speed once it has stopped.

1. On Stop, drive output will decrease according to the programmed pattern from its present value to zero. The pattern may be linear or squared. The output will decrease to zero at the rate determined by the programmed [Maximum Freq] and the programmed active [Decel Time x]
2. The reduction in output can be limited by other drive factors such as bus or current regulation.
3. When the output reaches zero 3 phase drive output goes to zero (off) and the drive outputs DC voltage on the last used phase at the level programmed in [DC Brake Level] Par 158. This voltage causes a "holding" brake torque.
4. DC voltage to the motor continues until a Start command is reissued or the drive is disabled.
5. If a Start command is reissued, DC Braking ceases and he drive returns to normal AC operation. If an Enable command is removed, the drive enters a "not ready" state until the enable is restored.
Fast


This method uses drive output reduction to stop the load.

1. On Stop, the drive output will decrease according to the programmed pattern from its present value to zero at the rate determined by the programmed active [Decel Time x]. This is accomplished by lowering the output frequency below the motor speed where regeneration will not occur. This causes excess energy to be lost in the motor.
2. The reduction in output can be limited by other drive factors such as bus or current regulation.
3. When the output reaches very near zero, DC brake will automatically be used to complete the stop then the output is shut off.

## Voltage Tolerance

| Drive Rating | Nominal Line <br> Voltage | Nominal Motor <br> Voltage | Drive Full Power <br> Range | Drive Operating <br> Range |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 200 | $200^{\star}$ | $200-264$ | $180-264$ |
|  | 208 | 208 | $208-264$ |  |
|  | 240 | 230 | $230-264$ |  |
| $380-400$ | 380 | $380^{\star}$ | $380-528$ | $342-528$ |
|  | 400 | 400 | $400-528$ |  |
|  | 480 | 460 | $460-528$ |  |
| 500-600 <br> (Frames 0-4 Only) | 600 | $575^{\star}$ | $575-660$ | $432-660$ |
| 500-690 <br> (Frames 5-6 Only) | 600 | 690 | $575^{\star}$ | $575-660$ |


| Drive Full Power Range $=$ | Nominal Motor Voltage to Drive Rated Voltage $+10 \%$. <br> Rated power is available across the entire Drive Full Power Range. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive Operating Range $=$ | Lowest $t^{*}$ ) Nominal Motor Voltage -10\% to Drive Rated Voltage $+10 \%$. <br> Drive Output is linearly derated when Actual Line Voltage is less than <br> the Nominal Motor Voltage. |



## Actual Line Voltage (Drive Input)

## Example:

Calculate the maximum power of a $5 \mathrm{HP}, 460 \mathrm{~V}$ motor connected to a 480 V rated drive supplied with 342V Actual Line Voltage input.

- Actual Line Voltage $/$ Nominal Motor Voltage $=74.3 \%$
- $74.3 \% \times 5 \mathrm{HP}=3.7 \mathrm{HP}$
- $74.3 \% \times 60 \mathrm{~Hz}=44.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$

At 342 V Actual Line Voltage, the maximum power the $5 \mathrm{HP}, 460 \mathrm{~V}$ motor can produce is 3.7 HP at 44.6 Hz .


## A

AC Input
Circuit Breakers, A-8
Ground, 1-4
Line Fuses, A-8
AC Supply
Source, 1-2
Unbalanced, 1-3
Ungrounded, 1-3
Accel Mask, 3-48
Accel Owner, 3-49
Accel Time x, 3-26
Access Panel Removal, 1-7
Adj Volt AccTime, 3-64
Adj Volt Command, 3-63
Adj Volt DecTime, 3-64
Adj Volt Phase, 3-63
Adj Volt Preset, 3-63
Adj Volt Ref Hi, 3-63
Adj Volt Ref Lo, 3-63
Adj Volt S Curve, 3-64
Adj Volt Select, 3-63
Adj Volt Trim \%, 3-64
Adj Volt Trim Hi, 3-64
Adj Volt Trim Lo, 3-64
Adj Volt TrimSel, 3-64
Adjust Voltage Group, 3-63
Adjustable Voltage Operation, C-1
AdjVoltRef Cflct Alarm, 4-10
Agency Certification, A-1
Alarm \& Fault Types, 4-1
Alarm 1 @ Fault, 3-41
Alarm 2 @ Fault, 3-42
Alarm Clear, 3-44
Alarm Config 1, 3-44
Alarm Descriptions, 4-10
Alarm x Code, 3-44
Alarms
AdjVoltRef Cflct, 4-10
Analog In Loss, 4-10
Bipolar Conflict, 4-10
Brake Slipped, 4-10
Decel Inhibt, 4-10
Dig In Conflict, 4-10
Drive OL Level, 4-11
FluxAmpsRef Rang, 4-11
Ground Warn, 4-11
Home Not Set, 4-11

In Phase Loss, 4-11
IntDBRes OvrHeat, 4-11
IR Volts Range, 4-11
lxo VIt Rang, 4-11
Load Loss, 4-11
MaxFreq Conflict, 4-11
Motor Thermistor, 4-11
Motor Type Cflct, 4-11
NP Hz Conflict, 4-11
PI Config Conflict, 4-11
Power Loss, 4-12
Precharge Active, 4-12
Prof Step Cflct, 4-12
PTC Conflict, 4-12
Sleep Config, 4-12
Speed Ref Cflct, 4-12
Start At PowerUp, 4-12
TB Man Ref Cflct, 4-12
Torq Prove Cflct, 4-12
UnderVoltage, 4-12
VHz Neg Slope, 4-12
Waking, 4-12
Alarms Group, 3-44
Alarms, Clearing, 4-9
ALT Key
Functions, B-2
ALT Key Functions, B-2
Ambient Temperature, 1-2
Analog In Loss Alarm, 4-10
Analog In Loss Fault, 4-4
Analog In x Hi, 3-52
Analog In x Lo, 3-52
Analog Inputs Group, 3-51
Analog Inx Value, 3-8
Analog Out Scale, 3-53
Analog Out1 Hi, 3-53
Analog Out1 Lo, 3-53
Analog Out1 Sel, 3-53
Analog Out2 Lo, 3-53
Analog Out2 Sel, 3-53
Analog Outputs Group, 3-52
Anlg Cal Chksum Fault, 4-4
Anlg In Config, 3-51
Anlg In Loss, 3-52
Anig In Sqr Root, 3-51
Anig Out Absolut, 3-52
Anlg Out Config, 3-52
Anlg Out Setpt, 3-54
Applications File, 3-59

Armored Cable, 1-6
Assisted Start Up, 2-3
Auto Mode, 1-21
Auto Rstrt Delay, 3-30
Auto Rstrt Tries, 3-30
Auto Rstrt Tries Fault, 4-4
Auto/Manual
Control, 1-22
Modes, 1-21
Auto-Reset/Start, 4-1
Autotune, 3-12
AutoTune Aborted Fault, 4-4
Autotune Torque, 3-13
Auxiliary Input Fault, 4-4

## B

Before Applying Power, 2-1
Bipolar Conflict Alarm, 4-10
Bipolar Inputs, 1-15
Bottom Plate Removal, 1-7
Bottom View Dimensions, A-21
Brake
Dynamic, 3-29
Brake Slipped Alarm, 4-10
Break Frequency, 3-15
Break Voltage, 3-15
Brk Alarm Travel, 3-61
Brk Release Time, 3-60
Brk Set Time, 3-60
BrkSlip Count, 3-60
Bus Capacitors, Discharging, P-3
Bus Reg Kd, 3-29
Bus Reg Ki, 3-28
Bus Reg Kp, 3-29
Bus Reg Mode A, 3-29
Bus Reg Mode B, 3-29
Bypass Contactors, 1-13

## C

Cable Entry Plate
Removal, 1-7
SHLD Terminal, 1-4
Cable Length
Motor, 1-7
Cable Trays, 1-7
Cables, Power
Armored, 1-6
Insulation, 1-5

Separation, 1-5
Shielded, 1-5, 1-6
Type, 1-5
Unshielded, 1-5
Capacitors
Bus, Discharging, P-3
Cassette, I/O, 1-16
Catalog Number Explanation, P-4

## CE

Conformity, 1-24
Requirements, 1-25
Checklist, Start-Up, 2-1
Circuit Breakers, Input, 1-5
Clear Fault Clr Owner, 3-49
Clearing Alarms, 4-9
Clearing Faults, 4-4
Cntl Bd Overtemp Fault, 4-4
Comm Control Group, 3-46
Commanded Speed, 3-7
Commanded Torque, 3-8
Common Bus, 1-23
Common Mode Capacitors, 1-13
Common Mode Interference, 1-15
Common Symptoms and Corrective Action, 4-13
Communication File, 3-46
Communications
Logic Command Word, A-6
Logic Status Word, A-7
Programmable Controller Configurations, A-5
Compensation, 3-11
Conduit, 1-7
Contactors
Bypass, 1-13
Input, 1-12
Output, 1-12, A-8
Control Options, 3-3
Control Status, 3-14
Control SW Ver, 3-9
Control Wire, 1-16
Control, Auto/Manual, 1-22
Conventions, Manual, P-2
Copycat, B-4
Counts per Unit, 3-66
Cover, Opening, 1-1
Cross Reference, Parameter
by Name, 3-72
by Number, 3-75
Current Lmt Gain, 3-27

Current Lmt Sel, 3-26
Current Lmt Val, 3-27
Current Rate Limit, 3-27
Cutout Dimensions, A-26

## D

Data In Ax, 3-49
Data Out Ax, 3-50
Data, Saving, B-4
Datalinks Group, 3-49
DB Resistance Fault, 4-4
DB Resistor, 3-62
DB Resistor Type, 3-29
DB While Stopped, 3-28
DC Brake Level, 3-28
DC Brake Time, 3-28
DC Brk Levl Sel, 3-28
DC Bus Memory, 3-7
DC Bus Voltage, 3-7
DC Input, 1-23
Decel Inhibit Fault, 4-5
Decel Inhibt Alarm, 4-10
Decel Mask, 3-48
Decel Owner, 3-49
Decel Time x, 3-26
Defaults, Resetting to, 3-35, B-4
Diagnostic Data, Viewing, B-4
Diagnostics Group, 3-37
Dig In Conflict Alarm, 4-10
Dig In Status, 3-40
Dig Out Invert, 3-58
Dig Out Mask, 3-59
Dig Out Param, 3-58
Dig Out Setpt, 3-56
Dig Out Status, 3-40
Dig Outx Level, 3-57
Dig Outx OffTime, 3-58
Dig Outx OnTime, 3-57
Digital Inputs Group, 3-55
Digital Inx Sel, 3-55
Digital Outputs Group, 3-55
Digital Outx Sel, 3-57
Dimensions
Bottom View, A-21
Drive, A-17
Flange Mount, A-25
Frame 5 Cutout, A-26
Minimum Clearances, 1-2
Direction Config Group, 3-33

Direction Mask, 3-48
Direction Mode, 3-33
Direction Owner, 3-49
Discrete Speeds Group, 3-20
Distribution Systems
Unbalanced, 1-3
Ungrounded, 1-3
DPI Baud Rate, 3-46
DPI Fdbk Select, 3-47
DPI Port 1-5 Fault, 4-7
DPI Port Locations, B-1
DPI Port Sel, 3-47
DPI Port Value, 3-47
DPI Ref Select, 3-47
Drive Alarm 1, 3-38
Drive Alarm 2, 3-38
Drive Checksum, 3-36
Drive Data Group, 3-8
Drive Frame Size, P-3
Drive Grounding, 1-4
Drive Logic Rslt, 3-46
Drive Memory Group, 3-34
Drive OL Count, 3-40
Drive OL Level Alarm, 4-11
Drive OL Mode, 3-27
Drive Overload Fault, 4-5
Drive Powerup Fault, 4-5
Drive Ramp Rslt, 3-46
Drive Ratings, A-8
Drive Ref Rslt, 3-46
Drive Status 1, 3-37
Drive Status 2, 3-37
Drive Temp, 3-40
DriveExecutive, 3-1
DriveExplorer, 3-1
Droop RPM @ FLA, 3-27
Dyn UserSet Actv, 3-36
Dyn UsrSet Cnfg, 3-36
Dyn UsrSet Sel, 3-36
Dynamic Brake
Resistor Selection, 3-29
Setup, 3-29
Dynamic Control File, 3-26

## E

Earthing, see Grounding
Editing Parameters, 3-1
Elapsed kWh, 3-8

Elapsed MWh, 3-7
Elapsed Run Time, 3-7
EMC
Directive, 1-24
Instructions, 1-24
EMI/RFI Filter Grounding, RFI Filter, 1-4
Enc Position Fdbk, 3-15
Enclosure Rating, 1-2
Encoder Loss Fault, 4-5
Encoder Pos Tol, 3-66
Encoder PPR, 3-15
Encoder Quad Err Fault, 4-5
Encoder Speed, 3-15
Encoder Terminal Block, 1-16, 1-18
Encoder Wiring, 1-18
Encoder Z Chan, 3-16
ESD, Static Discharge, P-3
Excessive Load Fault, 4-5
External Brake Resistor, C-3

## F

Factory Defaults, Resetting to, 3-35, B-4
Fan/Pump Parameter Set, 3-34
Fault \& Alarm Types, 4-1
Fault 1 Time, 3-43
Fault Amps, 3-41
Fault Bus Volts, 3-41
Fault Clear, 3-42
Fault Clear Mode, 3-43
Fault Clr Mask, 3-48
Fault Config x, 3-42
Fault Descriptions, 4-4
Fault Queue, B-4
Fault Speed, 3-40
Fault x Code, 3-43
Faults
Analog In Loss, 4-4
Anlg Cal Chksum, 4-4
Auto Rstrt Tries, 4-4
AutoTune Aborted, 4-4
Auxiliary Input, 4-4
Cntl Bd Overtemp, 4-4
DB Resistance, 4-4
Decel Inhibit, 4-5
DPI Port 1-5, 4-7
Drive Overload, 4-5
Drive Powerup, 4-5
Encoder Loss, 4-5

Encoder Quad Err, 4-5
Excessive Load, 4-5
Faults Cleared, 4-5
Fit QueueCleared, 4-5
FluxAmpsRef Rang, 4-5
Ground Fault, 4-5
Hardware Fault, 4-5
Hardware PTC, 4-5
Heatsink OvrTemp, 4-5
HW OverCurrent, 4-6
I/O Comm Loss, 4-6
I/O Failure, 4-6
Incompat MCB-PB, 4-6
Input Phase Loss, 4-6
IR Volts Range, 4-6
IXo VoltageRange, 4-6
Load Loss, 4-6
Motor Overload, 4-6
Motor Thermistor, 4-6
NVS I/O Checksum, 4-6
NVS I/O Failure, 4-6
Output PhaseLoss, 4-6
OverSpeed Limit, 4-7
OverVoltage, 4-7
Parameter Chksum, 4-7
Params Defaulted, 4-7
Phase Short, 4-7
Phase to Grnd, 4-7
Port 1-5 DPI Loss, 4-7
Power Loss, 4-7
Power Unit, 4-8
Pulse In Loss, 4-8
Pwr Brd Chksum, 4-8
Pwr Brd Chksum2, 4-8
Replaced MCB-PB, 4-8
See Manual, 4-8
Shear Pin, 4-8
Software, 4-8
SW OverCurrent, 4-8
TorqPrv Spd Band, 4-8
Trnsistr OvrTemp, 4-8
UnderVoltage, 4-9
UserSet Chksum, 4-9
Faults Cleared Fault, 4-5
Faults Group, 3-42
Faults, Clearing, 4-4
Fdbk Filter Sel, 3-15
Feedback Select, 3-17
FGP, 3-3
File
Applications, 3-59
Communication, 3-46
Dynamic Control, 3-26

Inputs \& Outputs, 3-51
Monitor, 3-7
Motor Control, 3-9
Pos/Spd Profile, 3-65
Speed Command, 3-16
Utility, 3-33
File-Group-Parameter, 3-3
Filter, RFI, 1-4
Find Home Ramp, 3-66
Find Home Speed, 3-66
First Environment Installations, 1-25
Flange Mount Dimensions, A-25
Float Tolerance, 3-60
FIt QueueCleared Fault, 4-5
Flux Braking, 3-30
Flux Current, 3-7
Flux Current Ref, 3-12
Flux Up Mode, 3-11
Flux Up Time, 3-11
Flux Vector Control Option, 3-3
FluxAmpsRef Rang Alarm, 4-11
FluxAmpsRef Rang Fault, 4-5
Flying Start En, 3-30
Flying StartGain, 3-30
Frame Designations, A-8
Frame Size, Drive, P-3
Functions, ALT Key, B-2
Fuses
Input, 1-5
Ratings, A-8

## G

Gearbox Limit, 3-62
Gearbox Rating, 3-62
Gearbox Ratio, 3-62
Gearbox Sheave, 3-62
General Precautions, P-3
Gnd Warn Level, 3-32
Ground Fault, 4-5
Ground Warn Alarm, 4-11
Grounding
Bus, 1-4
Conductor, 1-4
Filter, 1-4
General, 1-4
Impedance, 1-4
Safety, PE, 1-4
Shields, 1-4
Group
Adjust Voltage, 3-63

Alarms, 3-44
Analog Inputs, 3-51
Analog Outputs, 3-52
Comm Control, 3-46
Datalinks, 3-49
Diagnostics, 3-37
Digital Inputs, 3-55
Digital Outputs, 3-55
Direction Config, 3-33
Discrete Speeds, 3-20
Drive Data, 3-8
Drive Memory, 3-34
Faults, 3-42
HIM Ref Config, 3-34
Load Limits, 3-26
Masks \& Owners, 3-47
Metering, 3-7
MOP Config, 3-34
Motor Data, 3-9
Power Loss, 3-32
Process PI, 3-22
Profile Step, 3-67
ProfSetup/Status, 3-65
Ramp Rates, 3-26
Restart Modes, 3-30
Scaled Blocks, 3-44
Slip Comp, 3-21
Spd Mode \& Limits, 3-16
Speed Feedback, 3-15
Speed References, 3-19
Speed Regulator, 3-25
Speed Trim, 3-21
Stop/Brake Modes, 3-28
Torq Attributes, 3-10
Torque Proving, 3-59
Volts per Hertz, 3-14

## H

Hardware Enable, 1-18
Hardware Fault, 4-5
Hardware PTC Fault, 4-5
Heatsink OvrTemp Fault, 4-5
HIM Menu Structure, B-4
HIM Menus
Diagnostics, B-4
Memory Storage, B-4
Preferences, B-4
HIM Ref Config Group, 3-34
HIM, Removing/Installing, B-8
Home Not Set Alarm, 4-11
HW OverCurrent Fault, 4-6

## I

I/0
Cassette, 1-16
Terminal Block, 1-16
Wiring, 1-15
I/O Comm Loss Fault, 4-6
I/O Failure Fault, 4-6
I/O Terminal Block, 1-17
In Phase Loss Alarm, 4-11
Incompat MCB-PB Fault, 4-6
Inertia Autotune, 3-13
Input Contactor
Start/Stop, 1-12
Input Devices
Circuit Breakers, 1-5
Contactors, 1-12
Fuses, 1-5
Input Fusing, 1-5
Input Phase Loss Fault, 4-6
Input Potentiometer, 1-19
Input Power Conditioning, 1-3
Inputs \& Outputs File, 3-51
Installation, 1-1
IntDBRes OvrHeat Alarm, 4-11
IR Voltage Drop, 3-12
IR Volts Range Alarm, 4-11
IR Volts Range Fault, 4-6
Ixo VIt Rang Alarm, 4-11
Ixo Voltage Drop, 3-12
IXo VoltageRange Fault, 4-6

## J

Jog Mask, 3-48
Jog Owner, 3-48
Jog Speed 1, 3-20
Jog Speed 2, 3-20

## K

Kf Speed Loop, 3-25
Ki Speed Loop, 3-25
Kp Speed Loop, 3-25

## L

Language, 3-35
Last Stop Source, 3-39
LCD HIM
Menus, B-4

LEDs, 4-2
Lifting/Torque Proving, C-4
Lifting/Torque Proving Start Up, 2-3
Limit Switches, C-11
Linear List, 3-3
Linking Parameters, B-6
Load Frm Usr Set, 3-35
Load Limits Group, 3-26
Load Loss Alarm, 4-11
Load Loss Fault, 4-6
Load Loss Level, 3-33
Load Loss Time, 3-33
Local Mask, 3-48
Local Owner, 3-49
Logic Command Word, A-6
Logic Mask, 3-47, 3-51
Logic Mask Act, 3-51
Logic Status Word, A-7
Low Voltage Directive, 1-24

## M

Man Ref Preload, 3-34
Manual Conventions, P-2
Manual Mode, 1-21
Manual/Auto Control, 1-22
Marker Pulse, 3-16
Masks \& Owners Group, 3-47
Max Rod Speed, 3-62
Max Rod Torque, 3-62
MaxFreq Conflict Alarm, 4-11
Maximum Freq, 3-10
Maximum Speed, 3-17
Maximum Voltage, 3-10
Menu Structure, HIM, B-4
Metering Group, 3-7
MicroPos Scale\%, 3-61
Min Adj Voltage, 3-63
Min Rod Speed, 3-62
Minimum Clearances, 1-2
Minimum Speed, 3-17, C-12
MOD LED, 4-2
Modes, Auto/Manual, 1-21
Monitor File, 3-7
MOP Adj VoltRate, 3-63
MOP Config Group, 3-34
MOP Mask, 3-48
MOP Owner, 3-49
MOP Rate, 3-34

MOP Reference, 3-7
Motor Cable Lengths, 1-7
Motor Cntl Sel, 3-10
Motor Control File, 3-9
Motor Control Technology, C-12
Motor Data Group, 3-9
Motor Fdbk Type, 3-15
Motor NP FLA, 3-9
Motor NP Hertz, 3-9
Motor NP Power, 3-9
Motor NP RPM, 3-9
Motor NP Volts, 3-9
Motor OL Count, 3-40
Motor OL Factor, 3-10
Motor OL Hertz, 3-10
Motor Overload, C-14
Motor Overload Fault, 4-6
Motor Poles, 3-10
Motor Sheave, 3-62
Motor Thermistor Alarm, 4-11
Motor Thermistor Fault, 4-6
Motor Type, 3-9
Motor Type Cflct Alarm, 4-11
Mounting
Clearances, 1-2
Orientation, 1-2
Mounting Dimensions, A-17
MOVs, 1-13
Mtr OL Trip Time, 3-40
Mtr Tor Cur Ref, 3-14

## N

Neg Torque Limit, 3-14
NET LED, 4-2
Non-Resettable, 4-1
Notch Filter K, 3-15
Notch FilterFreq, 3-15
NP Hz Conflict Alarm, 4-11
NVS I/O Checksum Fault, 4-6
NVS I/O Failure Fault, 4-6

## 0

OilWell Pump Sel, 3-62
Opening the Cover, 1-1
Operating Modes, 1-21
Operating Temperature, 1-2
Operator Interface, B-5
Output Contactor

Start/Stop, 1-12
Output Current, 3-7
Output Devices
Cable Terminators, A-8
Common Mode Cores, A-8
Contactors, 1-12, A-8
Output Freq, 3-7
Output PhaseLoss Fault, 4-6
Output Power, 3-7
Output Powr Fctr, 3-7
Output Voltage, 3-7
Overspeed, C-16
Overspeed Limit, 3-17
OverSpeed Limit Fault, 4-7
OverVoltage Fault, 4-7

## P

Param Access Lvl, 3-34
Parameter
Changing/Editing, B-5
Descriptions, 3-1
File-Group-Parameter Organization, 3-3
Linear List, 3-3
Viewing, B-5
Parameter Chksum Fault, 4-7
Parameter Cross Reference
by Name, 3-72
by Number, 3-75
Parameter Linking, B-6
Parameter View
Advanced
Vector Control, 3-5
Basic
Vector Control, 3-4
Parameters
Accel Mask, 3-48
Accel Owner, 3-49
Accel Time x, 3-26
Adj Volt AccTime, 3-64
Adj Volt Command, 3-63
Adj Volt DecTime, 3-64
Adj Volt Phase, 3-63
Adj Volt Preset, 3-63
Adj Volt Ref Hi, 3-63
Adj Volt Ref Lo, 3-63
Adj Volt S Curve, 3-64
Adj Volt Select, 3-63
Adj Volt Trim \%, 3-64
Adj Volt Trim Hi, 3-64
Adj Volt Trim Lo, 3-64

Adj Volt TrimSel, 3-64
Alarm 1 @ Fault, 3-41
Alarm 2 @ Fault, 3-42
Alarm Clear, 3-44
Alarm Config 1, 3-44
Alarm x Code, 3-44
Analog $\mathrm{In} \times \mathrm{Hi}, 3-52$
Analog $\ln \times \mathrm{LO}, 3-52$
Analog $\ln x$ Value, 3-8
Analog Out Scale, 3-53
Analog Out1 Hi, 3-53
Analog Out1 Lo, 3-53
Analog Out1 Sel, 3-53
Analog Out2 Hi, 3-53
Analog Out2 Lo, 3-53
Analog Out2 Sel, 3-53
Anlg In Config, 3-51
Anlg In Loss, 3-52
Anlg In Sqr Root, 3-51
Anlg Out Absolut, 3-52
Anlg Out Config, 3-52
Anlg Out Setpt, 3-54
Auto Rstrt Delay, 3-30
Auto Rstrt Tries, 3-30
Autotune, 3-12
Autotune Torque, 3-13
Break Frequency, 3-15
Break Voltage, 3-15
Brk Alarm Travel, 3-61
Brk Release Time, 3-60
Brk Set Time, 3-60
BrkSlip Count, 3-60
Bus Reg Kd, 3-29
Bus Reg Ki, 3-28
Bus Reg Kp, 3-29
Bus Reg Mode A, 3-29
Bus Reg Mode B, 3-29
Commanded Speed, 3-7
Commanded Torque, 3-8
Compensation, 3-11
Control Status, 3-14
Control SW Ver, 3-9
Counts per Unit, 3-66
Current Lmt Gain, 3-27
Current Lmt Sel, 3-26
Current Lmt Val, 3-27
Current Rate Limit, 3-27
Data In Ax, 3-49
Data Out Ax, 3-50
DB Resistor, 3-62
DB Resistor Type, 3-29
DB While Stopped, 3-28
DC Brake Level, 3-28
DC Brake Time, 3-28

DC Brk Levl Sel, 3-28
DC Bus Memory, 3-7
DC Bus Voltage, 3-7
Decel Mask, 3-48
Decel Owner, 3-49
Decel Time x, 3-26
Dig In Status, 3-40
Dig Out Invert, 3-58
Dig Out Mask, 3-59
Dig Out Param, 3-58
Dig Out Setpt, 3-56
Dig Out Status, 3-40
Dig Outx Level, 3-57
Dig Outx OffTime, 3-58
Dig Outx OnTime, 3-57
Digital Inx Sel, 3-55
Digital Outx Sel, 3-57
Direction Mask, 3-48
Direction Mode, 3-33
Direction Owner, 3-49
DPI Baud Rate, 3-46
DPI Fdbk Select, 3-47
DPI Port Sel, 3-47
DPI Port Value, 3-47
DPI Ref Select, 3-47
Drive Alarm 1, 3-38
Drive Alarm 2, 3-38
Drive Checksum, 3-36
Drive Logic Rslt, 3-46
Drive OL Count, 3-40
Drive OL Mode, 3-27
Drive Ramp Rslt, 3-46
Drive Ref Rslt, 3-46
Drive Status 1, 3-37
Drive Status 2, 3-37
Drive Temp, 3-40
Droop RPM @ FLA, 3-27
Dyn UserSet Actv, 3-36
Dyn UsrSet Cnfg, 3-36
Dyn UsrSet Sel, 3-36
Elapsed kWh, 3-8
Elapsed MWh, 3-7
Elapsed Run Time, 3-7
Enc Position Fdbk, 3-15
Encoder Pos Tol, 3-66
Encoder PPR, 3-15
Encoder Speed, 3-15
Encoder Z Chan, 3-16
Fault 1 Time, 3-43
Fault Amps, 3-41
Fault Bus Volts, 3-41
Fault Clear, 3-42
Fault Clear Mode, 3-43
Fault Clr Mask, 3-48

Fault Clr Owner, 3-49
Fault Config x, 3-42
Fault Speed, 3-40
Fault x Code, 3-43
Fdbk Filter Sel, 3-15
Feedback Select, 3-17
Find Home Ramp, 3-66
Find Home Speed, 3-66
Float Tolerance, 3-60
Flux Braking, 3-30
Flux Current, 3-7
Flux Current Ref, 3-12
Flux Up Mode, 3-11
Flux Up Time, 3-11
Flying Start En, 3-30
Flying StartGain, 3-30
Gearbox Limit, 3-62
Gearbox Rating, 3-62
Gearbox Ratio, 3-62
Gearbox Sheave, 3-62
Gnd Warn Level, 3-32
Inertia Autotune, 3-13
IR Voltage Drop, 3-12
Ixo Voltage Drop, 3-12
Jog Mask, 3-48
Jog Owner, 3-48
Jog Speed 1, 3-20
Jog Speed 2, 3-20
Kf Speed Loop, 3-25
Ki Speed Loop, 3-25
Kp Speed Loop, 3-25
Language, 3-35
Last Stop Source, 3-39
Load Frm Usr Set, 3-35
Load Loss Level, 3-33
Load Loss Time, 3-33
Local Mask, 3-48
Local Owner, 3-49
Logic Mask, 3-47, 3-51
Logic Mask Act, 3-51
Man Ref Preload, 3-34
Marker Pulse, 3-16
Max Rod Speed, 3-62
Max Rod Torque, 3-62
Maximum Freq, 3-10
Maximum Speed, 3-17
Maximum Voltage, 3-10
MicroPos Scale\%, 3-61
Min Adj Voltage, 3-63
Min Rod Speed, 3-62
Minimum Speed, 3-17
MOP Adj VoltRate, 3-63
MOP Mask, 3-48
MOP Owner, 3-49

MOP Rate, 3-34
MOP Reference, 3-7
Motor Cntl Sel, 3-10
Motor Fdbk Type, 3-15
Motor NP FLA, 3-9
Motor NP Hertz, 3-9
Motor NP Power, 3-9
Motor NP RPM, 3-9
Motor NP Volts, 3-9
Motor OL Count, 3-40
Motor OL Factor, 3-10
Motor OL Hertz, 3-10
Motor Poles, 3-10
Motor Sheave, 3-62
Motor Type, 3-9
Mtr OL Trip Time, 3-40
Mtr Tor Cur Ref, 3-14
Neg Torque Limit, 3-14
Notch Filter K, 3-15
Notch FilterFreq, 3-15
OilWell Pump Sel, 3-62
Output Current, 3-7
Output Freq, 3-7
Output Power, 3-7
Output Powr Fctr, 3-7
Output Voltage, 3-7
Overspeed Limit, 3-17
Param Access Lvl, 3-34
PCP Pump Sheave, 3-62
PI BW Filter, 3-24
PI Configuration, 3-22
PI Control, 3-22
PI Deriv Time, 3-24
PI Error Meter, 3-24
PI Fdback Meter, 3-24
PI Feedback Hi, 3-24
PI Feedback Lo, 3-24
PI Feedback Sel, 3-23
PI Integral Time, 3-23
PI Lower Limit, 3-23
PI Output Gain, 3-25
PI Output Meter, 3-24
PI Preload, 3-23
PI Prop Gain, 3-23
PI Ref Meter, 3-24
PI Reference Hi, 3-24
PI Reference Lo, 3-24
PI Reference Sel, 3-22
PI Setpoint, 3-23
PI Status, 3-24
PI Upper Limit, 3-23
Pos Reg Filter, 3-66
Pos Reg Gain, 3-66
Pos Torque Limit, 3-14

Pos/Spd Prof Cmd, 3-66
Pos/Spd Prof Sts, 3-65
Power Loss Level, 3-33
Power Loss Mode, 3-32
Power Loss Time, 3-32
Powerup Delay, 3-30
PowerUp Marker, 3-43
Preset Speed x, 3-20
PTC HW Value, 3-8
Pulse In Scale, 3-16
Pulse Input Ref, 3-20
PWM Frequency, 3-27
Ramped Speed, 3-8
Rated Amps, 3-8
Rated kW, 3-8
Rated Volts, 3-8
Reference Mask, 3-48
Reference Owner, 3-49
Regen Power Limit, 3-27
Reset Meters, 3-35
Reset To Defalts, 3-35
Rev Speed Limit, 3-18
Rod Load Torque, 3-61
Run Boost, 3-14
S Curve \%, 3-26
Save HIM Ref, 3-34
Save MOP Ref, 3-34
Save To User Set, 3-35
Scale In Hi, 3-44
Scale In Lo, 3-45
Scale In Value, 3-44
Scale Out Hi, 3-45
Scale Out Lo, 3-45
Scale Out Value, 3-45
Shear Pin Time, 3-33
Skip Freq Band, 3-18
Skip Frequency x, 3-17
Sleep Level, 3-32
Sleep Time, 3-32
Sleep-Wake Mode, 3-31
Sleep-Wake Ref, 3-32
Slip Comp Gain, 3-21
Slip RPM @ FLA, 3-21
Slip RPM Meter, 3-21
Spd Fdbk No Filt, 3-8
SpdBand Integrat, 3-60
Speed Desired BW, 3-25
Speed Dev Band, 3-60
Speed Feedback, 3-8
Speed Loop Meter, 3-26
Speed Ref A Hi, 3-19
Speed Ref A Lo, 3-19
Speed Ref A Sel, 3-19
Speed Ref B Hi, 3-19

Speed Ref B Lo, 3-19
Speed Ref B Sel, 3-19
Speed Ref Source, 3-39
Speed Reference, 3-8
Speed Units, 3-16
Speed/Torque Mod, 3-18
Start At PowerUp, 3-30
Start Inhibits, 3-39
Start Mask, 3-47
Start Owner, 3-48
Start/Acc Boost, 3-14
Status 1 @ Fault, 3-41
Status 2 @ Fault, 3-41
Step x AccelTime, 3-68
Step x Batch, 3-70
Step x DecelTime, 3-69
Step x Dwell, 3-70
Step x Next, 3-71
Step x Type, 3-67
Step x Value, 3-69
Step x Velocity, 3-68
Stop Mode x, 3-28
Stop Owner, 3-48
SV Boost Filter, 3-11
TB Man Ref Hi, 3-20
TB Man Ref Lo, 3-20
TB Man Ref Sel, 3-20
Testpoint x Data, 3-42
Testpoint x Sel, 3-42
Torq Prove Sts, 3-61
Torq Ref A Div, 3-13
TorqAlarm Action, 3-61
TorqAlarm Dwell, 3-61
TorqAlarm Level, 3-61
TorqAlrm Timeout, 3-61
TorqAlrm TO Act, 3-61
TorqLim SlewRate, 3-60
TorqProve Cnfg, 3-59
TorqProve Setup, 3-60
Torque Current, 3-7
Torque Ref B Mult, 3-13
Torque Ref x Hi, 3-13
Torque Ref x Lo, 3-13
Torque Ref x Sel, 3-13
Torque Setpoint1, 3-14
Torque Setpoint2, 3-14
Total Gear Ratio, 3-62
Total Inertia, 3-26
Trim \% Setpoint, 3-21
Trim Hi, 3-21
Trim In Select, 3-21
Trim Lo, 3-21
Trim Out Select, 3-21
Units Traveled, 3-65

Vel Override, 3-66
Voltage Class, 3-35
Wake Level, 3-32
Wake Time, 3-32
Write Mask Act
Write Mask Act, 3-50
Write Mask Cfg, 3-50
Zero SpdFloatTime, 3-60
Params Defaulted Fault, 4-7
PCP Pump Sheave, 3-62
PE Ground, 1-4
Phase Short Fault, 4-7
Phase to Grnd Fault, 4-7
PI BW Filter, 3-24
PI Config Conflict Alarm, 4-11
PI Configuration, 3-22
PI Control, 3-22
PI Deriv Time, 3-24
PI Error Meter, 3-24
PI Fdback Meter, 3-24
PI Feedback Hi, 3-24
PI Feedback Lo, 3-24
PI Feedback Sel, 3-23
PI Integral Time, 3-23
PI Lower Limit, 3-23
PI Output Gain, 3-25
PI Output Meter, 3-24
PI Preload, 3-23
PI Prop Gain, 3-23
PI Ref Meter, 3-24
PI Reference Hi, 3-24
PI Reference Lo, 3-24
PI Reference Sel, 3-22
PI Setpoint, 3-23
PI Status, 3-24
PI Upper Limit, 3-23
Port 1-5 DPI Loss Fault, 4-7
PORT LED, 4-2
Ports, DPI Type, B-1
Pos Reg Filter, 3-66
Pos Reg Gain, 3-66
Pos Torque Limit, 3-14
Pos/Spd Prof Cmd, 3-66
Pos/Spd Prof Sts, 3-65
Pos/Spd Profile File, 3-65
Potentiometer, Wiring, 1-19
Power Cables/Wiring, 1-5
Power Conditioning, Input, 1-3
Power Loss Alarm, 4-12

Power Loss Fault, 4-7
Power Loss Group, 3-32
Power Loss Level, 3-33
Power Loss Mode, 3-32
Power Loss Ride Through, C-27
Power Loss Time, 3-32
Power Terminal Block, 1-10
Power Unit Fault, 4-8
Power Wiring
Access Panel, 1-7
General, 1-7
PowerFlex 700 Reference Manual, P-1
Powering Up the Drive, 2-1
Powerup Delay, 3-30
PowerUp Marker, 3-43
Precautions, General, P-3
Precharge, 1-23
Precharge Active Alarm, 4-12
Preferences, Setting, B-4
Preset Speed x, 3-20
Process PI Group, 3-22
Process PID, C-28
Prof Step Cflct Alarm, 4-12
Profile Step Group, 3-67
ProfSetup/Status Group, 3-65
Programmable Controller
Configurations, A-5
Programming, 3-1
PTC Conflict Alarm, 4-12
PTC HW Value, 3-8
Publications, Reference, P-2
Pulse In Loss Fault, 4-8
Pulse In Scale, 3-16
Pulse Input, 1-18
Pulse Input Ref, 3-20
PWM Frequency, 3-27
Pwr Brd Chksum Fault, 4-8
Pwr Brd Chksum2, 4-8
PWR LED, 4-2

## R

Ramp Rates Group, 3-26
Ramped Speed, 3-8
Rated Amps, 3-8
Rated kW, 3-8
Rated Volts, 3-8
Ratings, Drive, A-8
Reference Control, 1-21

Reference Manual, P-1
Reference Mask, 3-48
Reference Material, P-2
Reference Owner, 3-49
Regen Power Limit, 3-27
Removing Cover, 1-1
Repeated Start/Stop, 1-12
Replaced MCB-PB Fault, 4-8
Reset Meters, 3-35
Reset to Defaults, 3-35, B-4
Restart Modes Group, 3-30
Rev Speed Limit, 3-18
Reverse Speed Limit, C-31
Rod Load Torque, 3-61
Run Boost, 3-14

## S

S Curve \%, 3-26
S.M.A.R.T. Start Up, 2-3

Safety Ground, 1-4
Save HIM Ref, 3-34
Save MOP Ref, 3-34
Save To User Set, 3-35
Saving Data, B-4
Scale In Hi, 3-44
Scale In Lo, 3-45
Scale In Value, 3-44
Scale Out Hi, 3-45
Scale Out Lo, 3-45
Scale Out Value, 3-45
Scaled Blocks Group, 3-44
SCANport
Vector Control, P-5
See Manual Fault, 4-8
Setting Preferences, B-4
Shear Pin Fault, 4-8
Shear Pin Time, 3-33
Shielded Cables
Power, 1-6
SHLD Terminal, 1-4
Short Circuit Protection, 1-5
Signal Wire, 1-15
Skip Freq Band, 3-18
Skip Frequency, C-32
Skip Frequency x, 3-17
Sleep Config Alarm, 4-12
Sleep Level, 3-32
Sleep Time, 3-32

Sleep Wake Mode, C-34
Sleep-Wake Mode, 3-31
Sleep-Wake Ref, 3-32
Slip Comp Gain, 3-21
Slip Comp Group, 3-21
Slip RPM @ FLA, 3-21
Slip RPM Meter, 3-21
Software Fault, 4-8
Spd Fdbk No Filt, 3-8
Spd Mode \& Limits Group, 3-16
SpdBand Integrat, 3-60
Specifications
Agency Certification, A-1
Control, A-2, A-3
Drive Ratings, A-8
Electrical, A-2
Encoder, A-3
Environment, A-2
Protection, A-1, A-2
Speed Command File, 3-16
Speed Command Sources, 1-21
Speed Desired BW, 3-25
Speed Dev Band, 3-60
Speed Feedback, 3-8
Speed Feedback Group, 3-15
Speed Loop Meter, 3-26
Speed Pot, 1-19
Speed Ref A Hi, 3-19
Speed Ref A Lo, 3-19
Speed Ref A Sel, 3-19
Speed Ref B Hi, 3-19
Speed Ref B Lo, 3-19
Speed Ref B Sel, 3-19
Speed Ref Cflct Alarm, 4-12
Speed Ref Source, 3-39
Speed Reference, 3-8
Speed Reference Control, 1-21
Speed Reference Selection, 1-21
Speed References Group, 3-19
Speed Regulator Group, 3-25
Speed Trim Group, 3-21
Speed Units, 3-16
Speed/Torque Mod, 3-18
Standard Control Option, 3-3
Start At PowerUp, 3-30, C-36
Start At PowerUp Alarm, 4-12
Start Inhibits, 3-39
Start Mask, 3-47
Start Owner, 3-48

Start/Acc Boost, 3-14
Start/Stop, Repeated, 1-12
Start-Up
Assisted, 2-3
Checklist, 2-1
Lifting/Torque Proving, 2-3
S.M.A.R.T., 2-3

Static Discharge, ESD, P-3
Status 1 @ Fault, 3-41
Status 2 @ Fault, 3-41
Status LEDs, 4-2
Step x AccelTime, 3-68
Step x Batch, 3-70
Step x DecelTime, 3-69
Step x Dwell, 3-70
Step x Next, 3-71
Step x Type, 3-67
Step x Value, 3-69
Step x Velocity, 3-68
Stop Mode x, 3-28
Stop Owner, 3-48
Stop/Brake Modes Group, 3-28
STS LED, 4-2
Supply Source, 1-2
SV Boost Filter, 3-11
SW OverCurrent Fault, 4-8
System Grounding, 1-4

## T

TB Man Ref Cflct Alarm, 4-12
TB Man Ref Hi, 3-20
TB Man Ref Lo, 3-20
TB Man Ref Sel, 3-20
Terminal Block
Encoder, 1-16, 1-18
I/O, 1-16, 1-17
Power, 1-10
Wire Size
Encoder, 1-16
I/O, 1-16
Power, 1-9
Testpoint Codes and Functions, 4-16
Testpoint x Data, 3-42
Testpoint x Sel, 3-42
Torq Attributes Group, 3-10
Torq Prove Cflct Alarm, 4-12
Torq Prove Sts, 3-61
Torq Ref A Div, 3-13
TorqAlarm Action, 3-61

TorqAlarm Dwell, 3-61
TorqAlarm Level, 3-61
TorqAlrm Timeout, 3-61
TorqAlrm TO Act, 3-61
TorqLim SlewRate, 3-60
TorqProve Cnfg, 3-59
TorqProve Setup, 3-60
TorqPrv Spd Band Fault, 4-8
Torque Current, 3-7
Torque Proving, C-4
Torque Proving Group, 3-59
Torque Proving Start Up, 2-3
Torque Ref B Mult, 3-13
Torque Ref x Hi, 3-13
Torque Ref x Lo, 3-13
Torque Ref x Sel, 3-13
Torque Reference Source, 1-21
Torque Setpoint1, 3-14
Torque Setpoint2, 3-14
Total Gear Ratio, 3-62
Total Inertia, 3-26
Trim \% Setpoint, 3-21
Trim Hi, 3-21
Trim In Select, 3-21
Trim Lo, 3-21
Trim Out Select, 3-21
Trnsistr OvrTemp Fault, 4-8
Troubleshooting, 4-1

## U

Unbalanced/Ungrounded Supply, 1-3
UnderVoltage
Alarm, 4-12
Fault, 4-9
Ungrounded Distribution Systems, 1-13
Units Traveled, 3-65
Unshielded Power Cables, 1-5
User Configurable Alarm, 4-1
User Sets, B-4
UserSet Chksum Fault, 4-9
Utility File, 3-33

## V

Vel Override, 3-66
VHz Neg Slope Alarm, 4-12
Viewing and Changing Parameters, B-5
Voltage Class, 3-35
Voltage Tolerance, C-40

Volts per Hertz Group, 3-14

## W

Wake Level, 3-32
Wake Time, 3-32
Waking Alarm, 4-12
Web Sites, see WWW, World Wide Web
Wire
Control, 1-16
Signal, 1-15
Wiring, 1-1
Access Panel Removal, 1-7
Cable Entry Plate Removal, 1-7
Encoder, 1-18
Hardware Enable, 1-18
I/O, 1-15
Potentiometer, 1-19
Power, 1-5
Write Mask Cfg, 3-50
WWW, World Wide Web, 1-1, P-1, P-2,

## Back-2

## Z

Zero SpdFloatTime, 3-60

## PowerFlex 700 Parameter Record

| Number | Parameter Name | Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | Motor Type |  |
| 41 | Motor NP Volts |  |
| 42 | Motor NP FLA |  |
| 43 | Motor NP Hertz |  |
| 44 | Motor NP RPM |  |
| 45 | Motor NP Power |  |
| 46 | Mtr NP Pwr Units |  |
| 47 | Motor OL Hertz |  |
| 48 | Motor OL Factor |  |
| 49 | Motor Poles |  |
| 53 | Motor Cntl Sel |  |
| 54 | Maximum Voltage |  |
| 55 | Maximum Freq |  |
| 56 | Compensation |  |
| 57 | Flux Up Mode |  |
| 58 | Flux Up Time |  |
| 59 | SV Boost Filter |  |
| 61 | Autotune |  |
| 62 | IR Voltage Drop |  |
| 63 | Flux Current Ref |  |
| 64 | Ixo Voltage Drop |  |
| 66 | Autotune Torque |  |
| 67 | Inertia Autotune |  |
| 69 | Start/Acc Boost |  |
| 70 | Run Boost |  |
| 71 | Break Voltage |  |
| 72 | Break Frequency |  |
| 79 | Speed Units |  |
| 80 | Feedback Select |  |
| 81 | Minimum Speed |  |
| 82 | Maximum Speed |  |
| 83 | Overspeed Limit |  |
| 84-86 | Skip Frequency X |  |
| 87 | Skip Freq Band |  |
| 88 | Speed/Torque Mod |  |
| 90, 93 | Speed Ref X Sel |  |
| 91,94 | Speed Ref X Hi |  |
| 92, 95 | Speed Ref X Lo |  |
| 96 | TB Man Ref Sel |  |
| 97 | TB Man Ref Hi |  |
| 98 | TB Man Ref Lo |  |
| 100 | Jog Speed 1 |  |
| 101-107 | Preset Speed X |  |
| 108 | Jog Speed 2 |  |
| 116 | Trim \% Setpoint |  |
| 117 | Trim In Select |  |
| 118 | Trim Out Select |  |
| 119 | Trim Hi |  |
| 120 | Trim Lo |  |
| 121 | Slip RPM @ FLA |  |
| 122 | Slip Comp Gain |  |
| 124 | PI Configuration |  |
| 125 | PI Control |  |
| 126 | PI Reference Sel |  |
| 127 | PI Setpoint |  |
| 128 | PI Feedback Sel |  |
| 129 | PI Integral Time |  |
| 130 | PI Prop Gain |  |
| 131 | PI Lower Limit |  |
| 132 | PI Upper Limit |  |


| Number | Parameter Name | Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 133 | PI Preload |  |
| 139 | PI BW Filter |  |
| 140, 141 | Accel Time X |  |
| 142, 143 | Decel Time X |  |
| 145 | DB While Stopped |  |
| 146 | S Curve \% |  |
| 147 | Current Lmt Sel |  |
| 148 | Current Lmt Val |  |
| 149 | Current Lmt Gain |  |
| 150 | Drive OL Mode |  |
| 151 | PWM Frequency |  |
| 152 | Droop RPM @ FLA |  |
| 153 | Regen Power Limit |  |
| 154 | Current Rate Limit |  |
| 155, 156 | Stop Mode X |  |
| 157 | DC Brk Lvl Sel |  |
| 158 | DC Brake Level |  |
| 159 | DC Brake Time |  |
| 160 | Bus Reg Ki |  |
| 161, 162 | Bus Reg Mode X |  |
| 163 | DB Resistor Type |  |
| 164 | Bus Reg Kp |  |
| 165 | Bus Reg Kd |  |
| 166 | Flux Braking |  |
| 167 | Powerup Delay |  |
| 168 | Start At PowerUp |  |
| 169 | Flying Start En |  |
| 170 | Flying StartGain |  |
| 174 | Auto Rstrt Tries |  |
| 175 | Auto Rstrt Delay |  |
| 177 | Gnd Warn Level |  |
| 178 | Sleep-Wake Mode |  |
| 179 | Sleep-Wake Ref |  |
| 180 | Wake Level |  |
| 181 | Wake Time |  |
| 182 | Sleep Level |  |
| 183 | Sleep Time |  |
| 184 | Power Loss Mode |  |
| 185 | Power Loss Time |  |
| 186 | Power Loss Level |  |
| 187 | Load Loss Level |  |
| 188 | Load Loss Time |  |
| 189 | Shear Pin Time |  |
| 190 | Direction Mode |  |
| 192 | Save HIM Ref |  |
| 193 | Man Ref Preload |  |
| 194 | Save MOP Ref |  |
| 195 | MOP Rate |  |
| 196 | Param Access Lvl |  |
| 197 | Reset To Defalts |  |
| 198 | Load Frm Usr Set |  |
| 199 | Save To User Set |  |
| 200 | Reset Meters |  |
| 201 | Language |  |
| 202 | Voltage Class |  |
| 234, 236 | Testpoint X Sel |  |
| 238 | Fault Config 1 |  |
| 240 | Fault Clear |  |
| 241 | Fault Clear Mode |  |
| 259 | Alarm Config 1 |  |


| Number | Parameter Name | Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 261 | Alarm Clear |  |
| 270 | DPI Baud Rate |  |
| 274 | DPI Port Sel |  |
| 276 | Logic Mask |  |
| 277 | Start Mask |  |
| 278 | Jog Mask |  |
| 279 | Direction Mask |  |
| 280 | Reference Mask |  |
| 281 | Accel Mask |  |
| 282 | Decel Mask |  |
| 283 | Fault Clr Mask |  |
| 284 | MOP Mask |  |
| 285 | Local Mask |  |
| 298 | DPI Ref Select |  |
| 299 | DPI Fdbk Select |  |
| 300-307 | Data In XX |  |
| 310-317 | Data Out XX |  |
| 320 | Anlg In Config |  |
| 321 | Anlg In Sqr Root |  |
| 322, 325 | Analog In X Hi |  |
| 323, 326 | Analog In X Lo |  |
| 324, 327 | Analog In X Loss |  |
| 340 | Anlg Out Config |  |
| 341 | Anlg Out Absolut |  |
| 342, 345 | Analog OutX Sel |  |
| 343, 346 | Analog OutX Hi |  |
| 344, 347 | Analog OutX Lo |  |
| 354, 355 | Anlg OutX Scale |  |
| 361-366 | Digital InX Sel |  |
| 377, 378 | Anlg OutX Setpt |  |
| 379 | Dig Out Setpt |  |
| 380, 384, 388 | Digital OutX Sel |  |
| 381, 385, 389 | Dig OutX Level |  |
| 382, 386, 390 | Dig OutX OnTime |  |
| 383, 387, 391 | Dig OutX OffTime |  |
| 412 | Motor Fdbk Type |  |
| 413 | Encoder PPR |  |
| 416 | Fdbk Filter Sel |  |
| 419 | Notch Filter Freq |  |
| 420 | Notch Filter K |  |
| 422 | Pulse In Scale |  |
| 423 | Encoder Z Chan |  |
| 427, 431 | Torque Ref X Sel |  |
| 428, 432 | Torque Ref X Hi |  |
| 429, 433 | Torque Ref X Lo |  |
| 430 | Torq Ref A Div |  |
| 434 | Torque Ref B Mult |  |
| 435 | Torque Setpoint |  |
| 436 | Pos Torque Limit |  |
| 437 | Neg Torque Limit |  |
| 438 | Torque Setpoint2 |  |
| 440 | Control Status |  |
| 445 | Ki Speed Loop |  |
| 446 | Kp Speed Loop |  |
| 447 | Kf Speed Loop |  |
| 449 | Speed Desired BW |  |
| 450 | Total Inertia |  |
| 454 | Rev Speed Limit |  |
| 459 | PI Deriv Time |  |
| 460 | PI Reference Hi |  |
| 461 | PI Reference Lo |  |
| 462 | PI Feedback Hi |  |
| 463 | PI Feedback Lo |  |
| 476-494 | ScaleX In Value |  |
| 477-495 | ScaleX In Hi |  |


| Number | Parameter Name | Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 478-496 | ScaleX In Lo |  |
| 479-497 | ScaleX Out Hi |  |
| 480-498 | ScaleX Out Lo |  |
| 596 | Write Mask Cfg |  |
| 597 | Write Mask Act |  |
| 598 | Logic Mask Act |  |
| 600 | TorqProve Cnfg |  |
| 601 | TorqProve Setup |  |
| 602 | Spd Dev Band |  |
| 603 | SpdBand Integrat |  |
| 604 | Brk Release Time |  |
| 605 | ZeroSpdFloatTime |  |
| 606 | Float Tolerance |  |
| 607 | Brk Set Time |  |
| 608 | TorqLim SlewRate |  |
| 609 | BrkSlip Count |  |
| 610 | Brk Alarm Travel |  |
| 611 | MicroPos Scale\% |  |
| 632 | TorqAlarm Level |  |
| 633 | TorqAlarm Action |  |
| 634 | TorqAlarm Dwell |  |
| 635 | TorqAlrm Timeout |  |
| 636 | TorqAlrm TO Act |  |
| 637 | PCP Pump Sheave |  |
| 638 | Max Rod Torque |  |
| 639 | Min Rod Speed |  |
| 640 | Max Rod Speed |  |
| 641 | OilWell Pump Sel |  |
| 642 | Gearbox Rating |  |
| 643 | Gearbox Sheave |  |
| 644 | Gearbox Ratio |  |
| 645 | Motor Sheave |  |
| 647 | DB Resistor |  |
| 648 | Gearbox Limit |  |
| 650 | Adj Volt Phase |  |
| 651 | Adj Volt Select |  |
| 652 | Adj Volt Ref Hi |  |
| 653 | Adj Volt Ref Lo |  |
| 654-660 | Adj Volt Preset1-7 |  |
| 661 | Min Adj Voltage |  |
| 663 | MOP Adj VoltRate |  |
| 669 | Adj Volt TrimSel |  |
| 670 | Adj Volt Trim Hi |  |
| 671 | Adj Volt Trim Lo |  |
| 672 | Adj Volt Trim \% |  |
| 675 | Adj Volt AccTime |  |
| 676 | Adj Volt DecTime |  |
| 677 | Adj Volt S Curve |  |
| 705 | Pos/Spd Prof Cmd |  |
| 707 | Encoder Pos Tol |  |
| 708 | Counts Per Unit |  |
| 711 | Vel Override |  |
| 713 | Find Home Speed |  |
| 714 | Find Home Ramp |  |
| 718 | Pos Reg Filter |  |
| 719 | Pos Reg Gain |  |
| 720... | Step x Type |  |
| 721... | Step x Velocity |  |
| 722... | Step x AccelTime |  |
| 723... | Step x DecelTime |  |
| 724... | Step x Value |  |
| 725... | Step x Dwell |  |
| 726... | Step x Batch |  |
| 727... | Step x Next |  |



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[^1]:    (1) Refer to the Attention statement on page 1-15 for important bipolar wiring information.

[^2]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Important: Programming inputs for 2 wire control deactivates all HIM Start buttons.

[^3]:    ** These parameters will only be displayed when parameter 053 [Motor Cntl Sel] is set to option "4."

[^4]:    * These parameters will only be displayed when parameter 053 [Motor Cntl Sel] is set to option "2 or 3."
    ** These parameters will only be displayed when parameter 053 [Motor Cntl Sel] is set to option "4."

[^5]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ See page 4-1 for a description of alarm types.

[^6]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Worst case condition including Vector Control board, HIM and Communication Module

